BRANDON UNIVERSITY S. J. McKee Archives



Brandon Grain & Feed

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions11502

Part Of:	CKX fonds
Creator:	СКХ
Description Level:	ltem
Item Number:	11-2010.B76a
Accession Number:	11-2010
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	after 1954
Physical Description:	5" x 4" (b/w)
Material Details:	Negative
Custodial History:	
See fonds level of the CKX records for custodial history.	

Scope and Content:

Image of a man emptying grain into a bin from a grain truck at Brandon Grain & Feed.

Name Access:	CKX Television
	Brandon Grain & Feed
Subject Access:	Grain
	Agriculture
Storage Location:	CKX fonds - 2010 accessions





Brandon Grain & Feed

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions11505

Part Of:	CKX fonds
Creator:	СКХ
Description Level:	ltem
Item Number:	11-2010.B76b
Accession Number:	11-2010
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	after 1954
Physical Description:	5" x 4" (b/w)
Material Details:	Negative
Custodial History:	

See fonds level of the CKX records for custodial history.

Scope and Content:

Image of a man emptying feed into a labelled bag from a silo at Brandon Grain & Feed.

Name Access:	CKX Television
	Brandon Grain & Feed
Subject Access:	Grain
	Agriculture
Storage Location:	CKX fonds - 2010 accessions

Images





Grant McEwan

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions9079

Part Of:	RG 11 Lawrence Stuckey fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	3.1
Item Number:	1-2002.3.1AC3
Accession Number:	1-2002
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	[19-]
Physical Description:	3 1/2" x 5"

Material Details:

Negative

History /

Biographical:

Mr. McEwan was an agriculturalist, politician and author. He may have been a graduate of Brandon College.

Custodial History:

For custodial history see the collection level description of the Lawrence Stuckey collection.

Scope and Content:

Grant McEwan	
Name Access:	Grant McEwan
Subject Access:	politics
	political figures
	Brandon politicians & civil servants
	Agriculture
	Authors
Repro Restriction:	The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.
Storage Location:	Lawrence Stuckey collection

Images





Agricultural Extension Centre

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions9365

Part Of:	RG 11 Lawrence Stuckey fonds
Creator:	L.A. Stuckey
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	3.1
Item Number:	1-2002.3.1DA15
Accession Number:	1-2002

GMD:

graphic

Negative

Date Range:	March 11, 1978
Physical Description:	2 1/2" x 2 1/2"

Material Details:

History / Biographical:

Designed by Victor Horwood, Provincial Architect

Built 1912 as Brandon Normal School

First course began 1913, last class graduated 1941

B.J. Hales (of Winnipeg) first principal, 1st term - 184 students

1941-1945 used by military as part of army A-4 training center - the normal teacher training courses were then held in Daymin Court (12th St & Rosser), Bell Block, and the old Central School

Transfered to Manitoba Department of Agriculture 1946, Became Agricultural Extension Centre 1959

Custodial History:

For custodial history see the collection level description of the Lawrence Stuckey collection.

Scope and Content:

Agricultural Extension Centre, Brandon, Man.

Name Access:	Brandon Normal School
	Agricultural Extension Centre
Subject Access:	schools
	normal schools
	Brandon Schools
	Agriculture
Repro Restriction:	The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.
Storage Location:	Lawrence Stuckey collection

Images



International Harvester Company

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions9483

Part Of:

RG 11 Lawrence Stuckey fonds



Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	3.1
Item Number:	1-2002.3.1E10
Accession Number:	1-2002
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	1926
Physical Description:	3 1/2" x 5"
Material Details:	Negative
Custodial History:	

For custodial history see the collection level description of the Lawrence Stuckey collection.

Scope and Content:

International Harvester Co.

Notes:	Photo shows debris caused by the violent explosion of an Independent Oil company warehouse.
	[Note shattered windows due to explosion (P.E. 19/06/09).]
Name Access:	International Harvester Co.
Subject Access:	businesses
	Agriculture
	agricultural machinery
	Brandon business buildings & facilities before 1940
Repro Restriction:	The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.
Storage Location:	Lawrence Stuckey collection





Wheat Market

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions9654

Part Of:	RG 11 Lawrence Stuckey fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	3.1
Item Number:	1-2002.3.1H1
Accession Number:	1-2002
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	1887
Physical Description:	3 1/2" x 5"
Material Details:	Negative
Custodial History:	

For custodial history see the collection level description of the Lawrence Stuckey collection. Scope and Content:

The wheat market	
Notes:	View of Pacific Avenue looking east from 8th Street
	Closest elevator: Kelly Bros. Second elevator: Parrish & Lindsay
	Courtesy of The Brandon Sun.
Name Access:	Wheat Market
Subject Access:	Wheat
	Agriculture
	hotels
	Grain elevators
	Brandon Industries
Repro Restriction:	The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.
Storage Location:	Lawrence Stuckey collection





Wilcocks & Currie Livestock Auction

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions9655

Part Of:	RG 11 Lawrence Stuckey fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	3.1
Item Number:	1-2002.3.1H2
Accession Number:	1-2002
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	1891
Physical Description:	3 1/2" x 5"
Material Details:	Negative
History /	
Biographical:	

New City Hall almost completed - will open Feb. 29, 1892.

Custodial History:

For custodial history see the collection level description of the Lawrence Stuckey collection.

Scope and Content:

Wilcocks & Currie livestock auction

Notes:	Located in City Square, just west of City Hall.
	From the collection of Jeff Sutherland.
Name Access:	Wilcocks & Currie Livestock Auction
Subject Access:	Agriculture
	auctions
	Livestock
	cattle
	horses
	Brandon Industries
Repro Restriction:	The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.
Storage Location:	Lawrence Stuckey collection

Images



A.E. McKenzie & Co. Field Seed Prices - Advertisement http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions9720

RETAIL	
FIELD SEE	DS.
Brandon, Man., March	18, 1897
To-day's prices on Field Seeds, I subject to change without notice and bags extra at retail values.	Brandon, . Sacks
Bromus Inermis 💠 14 lb. per br	sh. \$2.75
Hungarian 48 "	1.50
Millet	1.60
Fimothy , 48 "	1.70
Dwarf Essex Rape, per lb.	0.13
Black Vetches 60 "	2.75
Spring Rye 56 "	0.70
Flax	0.75
Field Beans	0.10
Early Boston Navy 60 "	1.85
Corn, (North Dakota Flint)	1.35
Yellow,	1.30
Seed Peas. Crown Field	1.65
	1.65
Golden Vine	1.70
Horsfords Early Market Garden	2.75
Seed Wheat, Red Fyfe Prices on ap White Fyfe	plication
Seed Oats,	
American Banner (white)	
Tartarian (black)	
Seed Barley, Two Rowed	
Two Rowed	**
Six Rowed (Odessa) .	
We carry full lines of all the varieties of Field Seeds which adapted for this country.	leading are best
These are all the choicest qual no variety is placed on this list we have a complete stock of.	ities, and but what
We shall be pleased to have and see our stock, or write for pa	you cal
Your orders shall always have attention.	our best
Yours truly,	

Part Of:	RG 11 Lawrence Stuckey fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	3.1
Item Number:	1-2002.3.1HB13
Accession Number:	1-2002
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	March 18, 1897
Physical Description:	3 1/2" x 6"
Material Details:	Negative
Custodial History:	

For custodial history see the collection level description of the Lawrence Stuckey collection.

Scope and Content:

A.E. McKenzie & Co.'s field seed prices for March 18, 1897

Name Access:	A.E. McKenzie & Co.
Subject Access:	advertising
	Agriculture
	seeds
	Brandon Early Business Advertisements
Repro Restriction:	The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.
Storage Location:	Lawrence Stuckey collection

RETAIL		
FIELD SE	ED	DS.
Brandon, Man., M	arch 1	8, 1897
To-day's prices on Field See subject to change without no and bags extra at retail values.	otice.	andon, Sacks
Bromus Inermis 14 lb. pe	er busl	h. \$2.75
Hungarian 48	"	1.50
Millet 48	**	1.60
Cimothy , 48	"	1.70
Owarf Essex Rape, per lb.		0.13
Black Vetches 60	**	2.75
pring Rye 56		0.70
^S lax 56	"	0.75
ield Beans Early Boston Navy 60		1.85
Corn, (North Dakota Flint)		1.35
Yellow,		1.35
eed Peas. Crown Field		1.65
Mummy		1.65
Golden Vine	**	1.55
Black Eyed Marrowfat	" don	$1.70 \\ 2.75$
Horsfords Early Market Ga	rden	2.10
Seed Wheat, Red Fyfe Prices of White Fyfe	n appl	ication
Seed Oats,		
American Banner (white)		**
Tartarian (black)		
Seed Barley, Two Rowed		
Six Rowed		
Six Rowed (Odessa)		"
We carry full lines of all varieties of Field Seeds wh dapted for this country.	the lich an	leading re best
These are all the choicest of the variety is placed on this we have a complete stock of.	qualiti list br	es, and it what
We shall be pleased to h and see our stock, or write fo	ave y r part	ou cal iculars
Your orders shall always h attention.	ave o	ur best
Yours tru	ıly,	
	State of the second	

A. E. MCKENZIE & CO.



Experimental Farm Crops

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions9858

Part Of:	RG 11 Lawrence Stuckey fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	3.1
Item Number:	1-2002.3.1N1
Accession Number:	1-2002
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	1890
Physical Description:	3 1/2" x 5"
Material Details:	Negative
Custodial History:	

For custodial history see the collection level description of the Lawrence Stuckey collection.

Scope and Content:

Brandon Experimental Farm crops

Notes:	Note the binders, stooks and Superintendent's house (built 1889).
	[Note that "Stook" is a Canadianism for a structure of grain sheaves. N.G.]
Name Access:	Experimental Farm
Subject Access:	Agriculture
	farming
	crops
	Grain
	stooks
	Experimental farm
	Brandon Miscellaneous History
Repro Restriction:	The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.
Storage Location:	Lawrence Stuckey collection





Experimental Farm Cattle

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions9859

Part Of:	RG 11 Lawrence Stuckey fonds
Creator:	H.H. Allen (?)
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	3.1
Item Number:	1-2002.3.1N2
Accession Number:	1-2002
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	[192-]
Physical Description:	3 1/2" x 5"
Material Details:	Negative

Custodial History:

For custodial history see the collection level description of the Lawrence Stuckey collection.

Scope and Content:

Brandon Experimental Farm cattle

Notes:	Note Lake Percy [an Assiniboine River oxbow (P.E.)] in the background.
	Courtesy of the Brandon Sun.
Name Access:	Experimental Farm
Subject Access:	Agriculture
	farming
	Livestock
	ranching
	oxbow lake
	Experimental farm
	Brandon Miscellaneous History
Repro Restriction:	The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.
Storage Location:	Lawrence Stuckey collection





Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada's Brandon Research Centre

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions9864

Opened in August 1991

Custodial History:

For custodial history see the collection level description of the Lawrence Stuckey collection.

Scope and Content:

Brandon Research Station new building

Name Access:	Experimental Farm
Subject Access:	Agriculture
	farming
	crops
	Livestock
	Experimental farm
	Brandon Miscellaneous History
Repro Restriction:	The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.
Storage Location:	Lawrence Stuckey collection





Hay baling

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions10107

Part Of:	RG 12 Brandon and Area Photograph Collection	
Description Level:	ltem	
Series Number:	1	
Item Number:	BAPC 1.1	
GMD:	graphic	
Date Range:	c. 1976	
Physical Description:	3.25" x 5.25" (b/w)	
Scope and Content:		
Photograph shows a farmer using a New Holland bale wagon (1048).		
Name Access:	New Holland	
Subject Access:	Agriculture	
	farming	
	agricultural machinery	
	rural life	
Storage Location:	BAPC photograph drawer	





Hay baling

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions10108

Part Of:	RG 12 Brandon and Area Photograph Collection	
Description Level:	ltem	
Series Number:	1	
Item Number:	BAPC 1.2	
GMD:	graphic	
Date Range:	c. 1976	
Physical Description:	4" x 6" (b/w)	
Scope and Content:		
Photograph shows a farmer baling hay using a New Holland bale wagon.		

5	
Name Access:	New Holland
Subject Access:	Agriculture
	farming
	agricultural machinery
	rural life
Storage Location:	BAPC photograph drawer

BAPC photograph drawer





R.H. Leigh's threshing machine

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions10109

Part Of:	RG 12 Brandon and Area Photograph Collection	
Description Level:	ltem	
Series Number:	1	
Item Number:	BAPC 1.3	
GMD:	graphic	
Date Range:	1903	
Physical Description:	6.5" x 8.25" (b/w)	
Scope and Content:		
Photograph shows R.H. Leigh's threshing machine and crew during harvest.		

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Name Access:	R.H. Leigh
Subject Access:	Agriculture
	farming
	agricultural machinery
	rural life
	threshing crews
	agricultural labourers
Storage Location:	BAPC photograph drawer





Bradley Brothers threshing crew of Wheatland, Manitoba

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions10110

Part Of:	RG 12 Brandon and Area Photograph Collection
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	1
Item Number:	BAPC 1.4
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	[19-?]
Physical Description:	5" x 7" (b/w)
Material Details:	On matting
Scope and Content:	

Photograph shows the Bradley Bros. threshing crew of Wheatland, MB posing in a field. Faint writing in pencil on the back of the photo reads: Bill Le Paga(?), Tom B, Dave R., Andy R.

Subject Access:	Agriculture
	farming
	agricultural machinery
	rural life
	threshing crews
	agricultural labourers
Storage Location:	BAPC oversize storage drawer

Images





A.E. McKenzie Co., Limited, Seedmen

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions10146

Part Of:	RG 12 Brandon and Area Photograph Collection
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	2
Item Number:	BAPC 2.34
Accession Number:	17-2009
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	c. April 8, 1912
Physical Description:	3.5" x 5.5" (b/w)

Material Details:

Custodial History:

Postcard was sent to Chuck Wilson's aunt, Mrs. W.M. Wilson in Creelman, SK by the McKenzie Seed Company in 1912. Chuck Wilson found the postcard in some of his aunt's papers in 2009 and mailed it to the McKee Archives.

Scope and Content:

Item consists of a colour postcard of the McKenzie Seed Company building located on the west side of the 100 block of 9th Street. The card was sent to Mrs. W.M. Wilson of Creelman, SK to acknowledge her order.

Writing on the front of the card reads: A.E. McKenzie Co., Limited, Seedsmen, Brandon, Man

Name Access:	A.E. McKenzie Co., Limited
	A.E. McKenzie Seed Company
	9th Street
Subject Access:	commercial buildings
	businesses
	Agriculture
	downtown
Storage Location:	BAPC photograph drawer
Related Material:	RG 3 A.E. McKenzie Seed Co., Ltd. fonds

Postcard

Images





A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4309

Part Of:	
Description Level:	
GMD:	

RG 3 A.E. McKenzie Company fonds vel: Fonds multiple media Date Range:

1887-1996; predominantly 1910-1974 Physical Description: 7.47 m of textual records

500 photographs

History /

Biographical:

The A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. originated with the McKenzie family Flour, Grain and Seed business, started by F. B. McKenzie in the early 1880's. When F. B. McKenzie passed away in 1896, his son, Albert Edward McKenzie, assumed control of the company, and renamed it The Brandon Seed House. With its main office and plant in Brandon, Manitoba, the company specialized in the production and sale of field seeds and service exclusively to seed buyers in the prairie provinces and British Columbia. In later years, a complete line of products including garden seeds, lawn grass, and other allied lines was developed for sale across Canada.

In 1906, the company underwent a change of name when A. E. delete determined that the growth of the country demanded a larger seed institute than could be managed by one man. As a result, the company was incorporated under provincial statutes and the federal Joint Stock Companies Act as A. E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd., and new personnel were hired.

Under the Joint Stock Companies Act, A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. was required to elect a Board of Directors of not less than three, and not more than nine individuals. Only shareholders of the company were eligible for election, and election was to take place yearly with each shareholder entitled to as many votes as shares owned in the company. The Act also dictated that the directors were, from time to time, to elect from among themselves, a president of the company. They were also able to appoint and remove all other officers of the company and to create company by-laws. The directors were not obliged to pay any dividend on shares if the company should became insolvent. Under the Act, the stock of the company was deemed a personal estate and was only transferable as such. In addition, the company could acquire, hold, and transfer real estate, and was required to submit annual statements.

A. E. McKenzie was elected President of the newly constituted company. For the memaninder of his natural life he remained in this position and supervised the operation of the company. S. A. Bradford, who was given responsibility for various company departments, filled the position of General Manager. H. L. Patmore became the Vice-President, overseeing the nursery business, while W. A. McCracken was put in charge of the warehouse stock, and shipping department. McCracken also supervised the mail order department.

The Company was intially comprised of three divisions: The Brandon Seed House, Brandon Nurseries, and Brandon Greenhouses. Each division was registered under Dominion Patents. Later, the company was divided into Retail Mail Order, Wholesale and Commission Packet Trade divisions. It also undertook some export business.

By registering the divisions of the company under under federal legislation affecting trademarks and industrial designs, McKenzie and the Board, were able to register both the company's trademarks and to protect the company's industrial techniques. Thet company could thus patent the methods and processes of its operations so that no other individual or business could duplicate them.

Located at 30 9th Street, the head office and plant of A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. housed all the facilities and staff of the company, with the exception of the regional sales offices and warehouses. The business of the A. E. McKenzie Co. Ltd. was conducted from a frame warehouse until the current McKenzie building was constructed on the same site after a fire destroyed the original premises. Designed by architect Thomas Sinclair, and built by the Brandon Construction Company, the new building opened in 1911. In time, The A. E. McKenzie Co. Ltd. came to be known as Western Canada's Greatest Seed House.

During the 1930's, before a new building was erected in 1945, the A. E. McKenzie Co.

occupied space at five different locations in Brandon, including the Massey Harris Building, the International Harvester Building and the Security Building. The last of these premises was destroyed by fire in 1972. As a result of its proximity to the Security Building, the main McKenzie Building also suffered heavy fire and water damage. A. E. McKenzie Co. Ltd. also utilized a warehouse on the north side of Pacific Avenue alongside the Canadian Pacific Railway tracks between 5th and 6th streets. This building and its contents were destroyed by fire (1946). In May of 1949, the company purchased and erected a Quonset structure on the west side of 15th Street between Rosser and Pacific Avenues.

In 1908, the first branch of the A. E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. was established at Calgary. In the following sixteen years, additional branches were established in Edmonton and Saskatoon (1923), Moose Jaw, Toronto (1934) and Winnipeg (1935). Both the Edmonton and Saskatoon branches were seasonal, operating for a four-month period, March to June inclusive. Business in the Maritime Provinces of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick further extended the company's operations by the mid 1940's. In 1946, the company purchased property in Gilbert Plains, Manitoba, 120 miles north of Brandon. This purchase enabled the company to handle larger quantities of Sweet Clover, a popular crop that was grown in the surrounding area. Additional offices were opened in Vancouver and Quebec City in rented premises by the early 1960's.

In the years 1944-1945, the McKenzie Foundation was created. Through the Foundation, arrangements were put in place to transfer shares of the company to the Manitoba Government for the benefit of higher education, specifically Brandon College. In return for this gift, which included 90% of all capital resources of the company together with all of the income earned each year, except for the amount retained annually to ensure sufficient operating capital, the A.E. McKenzie Co. Ltd. received exemption from paying Corporate Tax.

Prior to the establishment of the McKenzie Foundation, in 1945, the National Trust for the benefit of the College held the shares of McKenzie Seeds. On April 7, 1945 the Manitoba Legislature passed legislation whereby A. E. McKenzie retained effective management control of his company, but 1031 shares out of 1145 issued shares were gifted to the Provincial Government. In return, the government agreed that all financial benefits from the shares would go to Brandon College through the A. E. McKenzie Foundation. When Mr. McKenzie passed away in 1964, the primary responsibility of appointing the Board of Directors for McKenzie Seeds passed to the Provincial government.

The remaining 114 shares of the Company were turned over to the Crown on July 16, 1975 in accordance with an agreement between Brandon University, A. E. McKenzie Co. Ltd. and the Manitoba government. The same agreement also turned the McKenzie Foundation over to Brandon University. Therefore, since 1975 the crown has held all shares of the McKenzie Co. through the Province of Manitoba.

A.E. McKenzie died on September 25, 1964 at the age of 94 and was succeeded as President of the company by J. Lasby Lowes. When Mr. Lowes retired in 1968, A. R. Swanson was appointed by the government to fill the position and was responsible for all operations of the company under a Board of Directors comprised mainly of appointees of the government. It has proven impossible to establish a complete list of those individuals who held the positions of President/General Manager of McKenzie Seeds after 1964. A partial account is as follows: Anthony J. Maruca became President of A. E. McKenzie Co. Ltd. in 1972. In 1975, the Board of Directors appointed William Moore General Manager, creating a new position to relieve the President of the company from management of plant operations. At the same time, Pat Kelleher was named new interim President. Following the resignation of Kelleher, William Moore assumed the role of President as well. Moore left the company in the early 1980s. He was later convicted of criminal misconduct as President of the company. Keith Guelpa became President/General Manager in the mid 1980's; Raymond West was his successor.

Beainning in 1969. the A. E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. began phasing out the Field Seed

division of their company, including business related to forage crops and cereals. Seed cleaning equipment located in Brandon and and the company's Calgary and Toronto cleaning plants was sold. The Company concentration its resources on the production and sale of vegetable and flower seeds, and lawn and turf grasses. It acted as a wholesaler and conducted business through chain stores, grocery, hardware and general stores.

Late in 1971, A. E. McKenzie Co. Ltd. purchased its largest competition in packaged seeds -Steele Briggs Seed Co. from Maple Leaf Mills Inc. for two million dollars. At the time of the acquisition the company changed its name to A. E. McKenzie Co. - Steele Briggs Seeds, in order to benefit from the favorable reputation held by Steele Briggs Seeds across Canada. In the early 1970s, the acquisition of Brett-Young Seeds Ltd., a Winnipeg company that dealt exclusively in the production and sale of field seed, brought the A. E. McKenzie Co. back into the field seed market.

In 1994 the Manitoba Government sold the A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. to Regal Greetings and Gifts, Canada's largest non-retail mail-order catalogue company, which is owned by MDC Corporation of Toronto.

In 2001, McKenzie Seeds is Canada's leading supplier of packaged seeds and related gardening products. It is divided into a Retail Consumer Products division which features well known seed brands including McKenzie Seeds, Pike Seeds and Thompson & Morgan Seeds from England. As well, this division also carries a complete range of lawn seeds and perishables. It also continues to ship the seed racks invented by A.E. McKenzie to numerous retail stores. The second division, Direct Mail, consists of the McFayden and McConnell catalogues which reach over 500,000 Canadian homes each year.

Custodial History:

Following the sale of the A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. to Regal Greetings and Gifts, the records of McKenzie Seeds and its subsidiaries were retained in the McKenzie Plant on 9th Street. In April of 1997, the records were transferred to the McKee Archives at Brandon University. Because the company was a crown corporation, the records of McKenzie Seeds belonged to the Province of Manitoba and might have been placed in the Provincial Archives. However, Provincial Archives Gordon Dodds permitted the retention of the records in Brandon at the S. J. McKee Archives. The minutes of the Board of Directors, previously transferred to the Provincial Archives, remain in Winnipeg. Until 1960 these minutes, by-laws of the Company, and the letters patent of incorporation (April 7, 1906) were in the possession of the Company's lawyers, Johnson, Garson, Forrester, Davidson, & Steen.

Scope and Content:

The fonds consists of textual records, photographs and artifacts from A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. The textual records include minutes, documents, financial records, administrative records, by-laws, legal records, catalogues, sales literature, seed packets, newspaper clippings, appraisals, publications, scrapbooks and miscellaneous sections.

In addition, some of the records within the fonds relate to the operations of McKenzie subsidiaries -- Brett-Young Seeds, Steele-Briggs Seeds, Pike & Co. and McFayden Seeds -- and various properties owned by McKenzie Seeds.

Fonds contains approximately 500 photographs. These depict the operations and employees of McKenzie Seeds and the seed industry in general. Artifacts contained in the fonds include blueprints, newspaper clippings, copper printing plates, seed bags and plaques.

Fonds also includes an artificially created series of records dealing with Brandon College Inc., the A.E. McKenzie Foundation, the Brandon Allied Arts Council and the Brandon Board of Trade. These records stand outside the provenance of the McKenzie Seed Co.

Of particular interest within the textual records are the transcripts of various features of the company's history as dictated, researched and recalled by its second President/General Manager, J. Lasby Lowes. The fonds also contains a collection of company catalogue which is almost complete. Outside of the seed industry, the records dealing with both Brandon College Inc. and the McKenzie Foundation are significant records relating to the history of Brandon College/University and the City of Brandon.

Notes:	
INULES.	

Description written by Christy Henry (2001).

Name Access:

A.E. McKenzie J. Lasby Lowes Irene Cullen Joseph Airey Alan R. Mundie Sandy Black Brett-Young Seeds/Sabetha McFayden Seeds Steele-Briggs Seed Co Pike & Co Davidson & Gowen Davidson Studio Frank Gowen Dean Photo Service Jerrett's Photo-Art Studio/Jerrett's Photo Service Crawford Drug Store Leech Printing Ltd Eastman Photographic Materials Ltd

Subject Access:	Seed Industry
	Seed Catalogues
	Brandon Business
	Seed Photographs
	Brandon Photographs
	Seed Packets
	Agriculture
	Women Workers
	Labour Relations
	A.E. McKenzie
	J. Lasby Lowes
	A.R. Swanson
	William Moore
	Anthony J. Maruca
	Pat Kelleher
	Keith Guelpa
	Raymond West
	Brett-Young Seeds
	Sabetha
	Steele Briggs Seed Co
	Pike & Co
	McFayden Seeds
	Seed Marketing Co
	Brandon Board of Trade
	Brandon Allied Arts Council
	McKenzie Foundation
	Regal Greetings and Gifts
Repro Restriction:	Because the A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. was a crown corporation, the
κεριο κεσιτοιίου.	records in the fonds are subject to the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act (FIPPA).
Storage Location:	RG 3 A.E. McKenzie Company fonds
Related Material:	Additional records regarding A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. are housed at the Provincial Archives of Manitoba. In order to gain access to these records it is necessary to contact the Archives of Manitoba.
Arrangement:	
RG 3 A.E. McKen	zie Seed Co. Ltd. Fonds
McS 1 Board of D	irectors
1.1 Documents 1.2 Minutes/Meeti	nas
	Consultant Reports
1.4 Miscellaneous	
1.5 Financial Reco	ords
McS 2 Office of the President/General Manager	
2.1 A.E. McKenzie	-
2.2 J. Lasby Lowes	
2.3 Comptroller	
2.4 Properties	

2.5 Marketing

- 2.6 Reference Library
- 2.7 Miscellaneous Publications/Correspondence

McS 3 Acquisitions

3.1 Brett-Young Seeds/Sabetha

3.2 Steele-Briggs Seed Co.

3.3 Pike & Co.

3.4 McFayden Seeds

McS 4 Seed Marketing Co.

McS 5 Photographs

5.1 McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. Executives

5.2 Construction at McKenzie Seed Co. Brandon (two files)

5.3 Exterior Photographs of the A. E. McKenzie Co. Building

5.4 McKenzie Seed Co. Plant Operations and Workers (2 files)

5.5 McKenzie Seed Co. Equipment and Plant - Head Office 1983

5.6 McKenzie Seed Co. Field Operations and Workers

5.7 McKenzie Seed Co. Strike 1944

5.8 Fires at McKenzie Seed Co. 1910, 1945, 1972

5.9 McKenzie Seed Co. Centennial Exhibition 1996

5.10 Miscellaneous McKenzie Seed Co. Photographs

5.11 People Connected to McKenzie Seed Co.

5.12 Princess Anne's Visit to McKenzie Seed Co. 1982

5.13 Onion Set Production Book

5.14 Irene Cullen Photographs - McKenzie Seeds Employee Photos

5.15 Josiph Airey Photographs - McKenzie Product Photos

5.16 Alan R. Mundie Seed Production Photographs

5.17 Steele Robertson/Steele Briggs Seeds Photographs

5.18 Seed Packet Display Units Photographs

5.19 Product Photographs

5.20 Parade Photographs

5.21 Oversized Photographs

5.21.1 Drawer #1: Executive Photographs

5.21.2 Drawer #2: Office and Equipment/Plant Photographs

5.21.3 Drawer #3: Miscellaneous Oversized Photographs

5.21.4 Drawer #4: Artifacts

McS 6 Miscellaneous

6.1 Centennial Exhibition

6.2 Miscellaneous Publications

6.3 Scrapbooks

MG 1 A.E. McKenzie Fonds

1.1 Brandon College Inc.

1.2 McKenzie Foundation

1.3 Brandon Allied Arts Council

1.4 Brandon Board of Trade

1.5 Miscellaneous

RG 2 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba Association fonds



http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4351

Part Of:	RG 2 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba Association fonds
Description Level:	Fonds
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	1884-1992
Physical Description:	9.46 m textual records; 1919 photographs & graphics
History /	

Biographical:

Brandon, Manitoba was incorporated as a city in 1881. In 1882, led by Charles Whitehead and a small Board of Directors that included J.W. Vantassel, Charles Pilling, George Halse, J.E. Smith, William Johnson, R.T. Evans, and Thomas Lockhart, it was decided to hold an agricultural exhibition. These men were all involved in the farm business in one way or another, and they wanted an opportunity to help residents realize the agricultural potential of the region. In October of that year, the fledgling community held its first agricultural exhibition . The fair was held in downtown Brandon at what was known as "Market Square." Market Square was two acres of land located on Princess Avenue between Eighth and Ninth Streets. Due to poor weather, and the fact that not many people were ready to show animals and grain, there was a relatively small turnout. The following year was much improved. There were 730 entries into the exhibition. By 1884, the Board of Directors of the Brandon Agricultural Society, which was in charge of the exhibition, realized that they were in poor financial shape, to the point of being personally out of pocket. It was realized that October was not the best time for farmers to be leaving their farms to go to an exhibition. In 1888, it was decided to move the exhibition to the summer time, when it was much easier for people to attend.

The first Brandon Summer Fair was held in July 1889, and it was a resounding success. The Board of Directors had added many items of interest to appeal to the entire public, not just agricultural people. In 1892, the Western Agricultural and Arts Association (WAAA) was formally established to take over duties from the Brandon Agricultural Society. However, it was not until 1897 that the WAAA held its first meeting. There is no explanation as to why there is a five year gap between the formation and the first meeting of this organization. 1897 was the turning point of the Brandon Exhibition. The fair was now firmly established in Brandon, and the Board of Directors was instrumental in ensuring that it remained so. This was done by petitioning to both the municipal and provincial governments for grant money. As well, the Board booked midway and grandstand acts that would bring the city dwellers to the agricultural exhibition.

There were also early attempts at holding an agricultural exhibition in the winter. The first such attempt was in 1884. There was also a Spring Stallion show held in 1891. By 1904, however, a petition by J.D. McGregor had gone out to formally establish a winter exhibition. This effort also failed, but by 1906, it was decided by businessmen, politicians, and farm representatives in Brandon, including McGregor, to organize a winter fair. Rather than seeing this new fair as competition, the Board of Directors of the summer fair felt that it would complement their exhibition. The new fair would remain primarily agricultural. The first winter fair was held in 1906. While the two fairs were not amalgamated, they did share the same secretary-manager. The secretary-manager was responsible for the day to day management of the fair, as well as keeping track of meetings and decisions reached by the various fair boards and committees. In 1907, the Brandon Winter Fair and Livestock Association (BWFLA) was formed to act primarily as a land-holding joint stock company. The following year the Provincial Winter Fair and Fat Stock Association (PWFFSA), an entirely separate organization from the BWFLA, was formed to manage the activities of the winter fair. The PWFFSA name was soon changed to the Manitoba Winter Fair and Fat Stock Association (MWFFSA).

By 1906, Brandon could boast two full size exhibitions, one in the summer and one in the late winter, both of which were considered to be premiere events. In 1908, the Brandon summer fair was renamed the Inter-Provincial Exhibition, and in 1912 it held it's first Traveller's Day, an

event which would soon become an important addition to the fair and is still in existence today. It is thought that the name "Traveller's Day" came from the fact that it was held on a Saturday, a day when many people could travel to Brandon for the exhibition.

In 1913, Brandon was bestowed with the honour of hosting the Dominion Exhibition. This was a national exhibition sponsored by the federal government. It was held in a different city every year. There were several cities vying for the 1913 Dominion Exhibition, but it was Brandon that impressed the sponsors the most. With the government funds received for this honour, the Board of Directors supervised the building of a new grandstand, display buildings, and racetrack, as well as the general expansion and improvements to the fairgrounds.

In the spring of 1912, it was decided by the Board of Directors of the winter fair that the facilities they were currently housed in were inadequate for their needs. The mayor and city clerk of Brandon went to the provincial legislature in order to request that there be an amendment added to the Brandon city charter. This amendment would allow the city to guarantee bonds issued by the winter fair board to help pay for the construction of a new facility. This request was granted, and a \$70 000 addition was built next to the original winter fair building. The new building was opened in 1913.

Throughout the First World War, both the winter fair and Provincial Exhibition buildings were used for the war effort. There was one distinct difference however. The summer fair Board was able to negotiate a deal with the army that enabled it to reclaim the fair buildings during fair week. The winter fair, however, had to give up the idea of holding fairs in 1915 and 1916. It was not until 1917, that the winter fair was able to resume.

During this time, due to the financial problems that had beset the winter fair, the two exhibitions considered amalgamation. The Board of Directors of the winter fair felt that because they were the smaller of the two fairs, their interests would be swallowed up by the summer fair. The winter fair withdrew from the negotiations to amalgamate. With this rather sudden turn of events, the Board of Directors of the summer fair petitioned the government to be allowed to incorporate. This was granted, and in 1920, the WAAA was incorporated as the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba. From 1920, the summer fair was officially known as the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba. This was the first time that the summer fair was incorporated, and received the "status and financial assistance" that came with incorporation.

More problems beset the winter fair in the 1920s. In 1920, a fire burned down the winter fair pavilion, located at the south end of the winter fair buildings, and caused the Board to cancel the 1921 winter fair. It was not until 1922, that a new building was completed. By 1929, both fairs were well regarded throughout Canada. In 1929, a decade long Depression hit the west. While many fairs closed during this time, Brandon struggled to keep its open. The Directors of both fairs felt that the agricultural shows "encouraged excellence at a time when faith and enthusiasm were at a low ebb." The summer fair proved to be quite successful during the Depression, likely as a result of the few moments one was able to forget one's troubles while there. The winter fair was not quite as successful, although both fairs received government grants and work relief projects. There was little new entertainment in these exhibitions.

There were changes about to manifest themselves at the summer fair, however. While the winter fair had representatives from various associations on its Board of Directors, the summer fair Board of Directors was a small close-knit group of men. Citizens saw entry into this elite group as elusive and difficult. To ward off the possibility of the Board becoming a "self-sustaining clique," that only chose Directors from within, it was decided by several citizens to try and elect some new blood into the fair Board. In 1933, there was a general election for the Board. Instead of the usual men shuffling positions, there were forty-four nominations for the twenty positions. When the voting was all over, seven new men sat on the Board. Despite some inner rumblings, especially on the summer fair Board over the next few years, both exhibitions survived the Depression.

During the Second World War the fairs once again were forced to operate under adversity. Once again, the buildings were requisitioned for the army, although they were released during fair week. The summer fair was forced to make several concessions, and the winter fair was relocated to the summer fair grounds for the duration.

The winter fair did not survive the Second World War intact. Due to financial reasons, in December of 1945, the Board of Directors turned the winter fair buildings over to the City of Brandon. By 1946, the BWFLA, which was the joint-stock land holding company, had ceased operations because the city now controlled the winter fair land and buildings.

The next fifteen years would be a time of rebuilding for both of Brandon's exhibitions. Children especially were more active participants in the agricultural exhibitions. The summer fair continued to diversify and look for new ways of entertaining the public at large. The winter fair remained primarily agricultural. By the end of the 1950s the winter fair, which was used to struggling, was now both successful and stable; and the summer fair, a perennial success, was starting to fade.

By 1969, both the winter and summer fair Boards had realized that amalgamation was the best possible decision, both practically and financially, for the future of the two fairs. On 29 October, 1969, the two exhibitions amalgamated to become the Manitoba Exhibition Association. The reconstituted Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba was now responsible for both the winter and summer fairs. A new building was erected on the summer fair grounds to house both of the exhibitions. On 2 April 1973, the Keystone Centre was officially opened at the winter fair, although it had been in use since October of the preceding year.

In 1970, Manitoba's Centennial, it was decided that an organization in Manitoba would receive the title of "Royal," as a way to celebrate the centennial. Although many organizations applied for the honour, it was the Brandon winter fair that received the accolades. The winter fair was bestowed with the title "Royal", and became known as the Royal Manitoba Winter Fair.

In 1975, a third exhibition was added, this time a purely agricultural fall show known as the Agricultural Exhibition, or AgEx. This fair was partly organized on behalf of the cattle growers, who found that the summer and winter fairs did not give them adequate time and space to properly show their cattle. The return to a fall show, which had not existed since 1888, would be the return to a purely agricultural exhibition. This show was to be primarily a show and sale event. On 3 November 1975, the first AgEx was opened to resounding success.

The Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba, the Royal Manitoba Winter Fair and AgEx are all still in existence in Brandon. They are regarded as three of the most important events to take place annually in the city.

Custodial History:

These files were housed with the Manitoba Exhibition Association until c1986 when they were transferred to the S.J. McKee Archives at Brandon University.

Scope and Content:

The fonds consists of textual records and photographs comprised of the records from the three annual exhibitions that are held in Brandon, Manitoba: the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba, the Royal Manitoba Winter Fair, and the Agricultural Exhibition (Ag-Ex). The textual records include prize lists, programs, minutes, financial, administrative files, original results, scrapbooks, tickets, news releases, contracts, by laws, documents as well as a miscellaneous section. There are approximately 1846 photographs that include scenes from these three exhibitions. These records provide a unique perspective on the development of agriculture and rural life in southwestern Manitoba. Fairs such as these have been and remain prime media of farm improvement, technological and scientific advancement in rural Canada, and the promoters of country living. These fairs also reflected the long tradition inherited from Britain and Europe of country fairs as centers of entertainment, social interchange and diversion. These records are a principal source of information about the most broadly based vocational, entertainment and social events held on an annual basis in southwestern Manitoba over the last century. The records are vital to academic research on agriculture or fairs, individual biography, or community history.

Notes:	The RG 2 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba Association finding aid was created by Karyn (Riedel) Taylor with the exception of Series 9 and the accompanying database, which were created by Donica Belisle. This finding aid was created in August 1999.
Name Access:	Charles Whitehead
	J.W. Vantassel
	Charles Pilling
	George Halse
Subject Access:	Brandon Agricultural Society
	Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba
	Royal Manitoba Winter Fair
	Agricultural Exhibition
	Brandon Manitoba
	AgEx
Repro Restriction:	Researchers are responsible for observing Canadian copyright restrictions.
Finding Aid:	Available
Storage Location:	RG 2 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba Association fonds
Storage Range:	RG 2 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba Association fonds
Related Material:	Additional records regarding the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba, the Royal Manitoba Winter Fair, and AgEx are housed at the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba Association offices. To gain access to these records, it is necessary to contact the general manager of the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba Association.

Arrangement:

The fonds is divided into sous-fonds by exhibition. There is a Provincial Exhibition sous-fonds, a Royal Manitoba Winter Fair sous-fonds, an Ag-Ex sous-fonds, and a Miscellaneous sous-fonds that holds information that could not be easily broken down into one exhibition. The arrangement is as follows:

RG 2 Provincial Exhibition Association of Manitoba fonds

RG2SF1 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba

- 1.1 Documents
- 1.2 Minutes
- 1.3 Financial Records
- 1.4 Administrative Files
- 1.5 Prize Lists and Programs
- 1.6 News Releases
- 1.7 Original Results
- 1.8 Tickets
- 1.9 Photographs
- 1.10 Scrapbooks
- 1.11 Miscellaneous

RG2SF2 Royal Manitoba Winter Fair

- 2.1 Documents
- 2.2 Minutes
- 2.3 Financial Records
- 2.4 Administrative Files
- 2.5 Prize Lists and Programs
- 2.6 News Releases
- 2.7 Original Results
- 2.8 Tickets
- 2.9 Photographs
- 2.10 Scrapbooks
- 2.11 Miscellaneous
- RG2SF3 AgEx
- 3.4 Administrative Files
- 3.5 Prize Lists and Programs
- 3.6 News Releases
- 3.7 Original Results
- 3.9 Photographs
- **RG2SF4** Miscellaneous
- 4.1 Documents
- 4.2 Minutes
- 4.3 Financial Records
- 4.4 Administrative Files
- 4.9 Photographs
- 4.10 Scrapbooks
- 4.11 Miscellaneous

Reg Forbes collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4843



Part Of:	RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection
Description Level:	Collection
Accession Number:	17-2002
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	1970-1977; predominant 1975-1976
Physical Description:	5 m textual records; approx. 30 photographs
History /	

Biographical:

Reg Forbes was born September 16, 1924. He and his wife Clara have two children, Bob and Faye. Forbes served in the Royal Canadian Air Force as a Navigator during World War II. From 1945-1949, he attended the University of Manitoba where he received his B.Sc.A. While working as Village Councillor and as Secretary-Treasurer for the Pilot Mound Hospital, Forbes initiated the "Save the Soil Campaign," a soil conservation programme that became province-wide, between 1952-1962.

From 1956-1975, Forbes was the Principal of the Agricultrual Extension Centre in Brandon, where he reorganized the Adult Education Centre into the Agricultural Extension Centre. During this period, Forbes was a founding member of the West-Man Regional Development Corporation and a founder of the Manitoba Committee on Rural Leadership. He was also instrumental in the amalgamation of the Royal Manitoba Winter Fair and the Provincial Exhibition and in the resulting construction of the Keystone Centre.

From 1975-1977 Forbes was a Commissioner for the Grain Handling and Transportation Commission (Hall Commission/GHTC). Following his work with the Commission, Forbes was employed as the General Manager of the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba (1977-1979), the Director of the Grain Handling & Transportation Section of the Manitoba Department of Agriculture (1979-1983), the Industrial Commissioner for the Brandon Industrial Commission (1983-1986), and as the Westarc Group Inc. Project Director for delivery under contract of Canadian Rural Transition Programme in Manitoba.

Forbes also held a number of voluntary and elected positions, such as Long-term Director and President of the Royal Manitoba Winter Fair and of the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba. In 1970-1971, he was the President of the Agricultural Institute of Canada, and from 1978-1981, Forbes was the first chairman of the Agricultural Advisory Committee of the Canadian Broadcasting Corportation. He was also a member of the Canada West Foundation Board, the Brandon University Board of Governers (1974-1976), and the Federal-Provincial Transportation and Industrial Development Advisory Committee (TIDAC). Forbes is also a Fellow of the Agricultural Institute of Canada. In 1977, he received the Jubilee Medal and in 1987, he was given the Distinguished Agrologist Award by the Manitoba Institute of Agrologists.

Custodial History:

Reg Forbes donated his working collection of briefs, correspondence and other documents relating to his work as a commissioner of the Grain Handling and Transportation Committee (GHTC) to the McKee Archives c. 1985.

Scope and Content:

The majority of the collection consists of records created and received by the Royal Commission on Grain Handling and Transportation (GHTC). Included are documents detailing numerious hearings from all four Western provinces. In addition to the GHTC hearings, there are also a number of documents given to the GHTC as reference material. These include information on the Snavely Commision, documents for the province of Alberta, various reports, the Prairie Regional Studies in Economic Geography (No. 1-27) and General Information. The collection also includes two maps given to the GHTC.

Notes: CAIN No. 202599. Description by Christy Henry.

Subject Access:	Justice Hall
	Canadian Pacific Railway
	Canadian National Railway
	Grains Group
	Royal Commissions
	Agriculture
	Grain Trade
	Railroad Transportation
Storage Location:	2002 accessions
Storage Range:	2002 accessions



H.E. Wright Farm Equipment

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions12878

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Part Of:	CKX fonds
Creator:	СКХ
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	W
Item Number:	11-2010.W3b
Accession Number:	11-2010
GMD:	graphic
Date Range:	after 1954
Physical Description:	5" x 4" (b/w)
Material Details:	Negative
Custodial History:	
See fonds level of th	e CKX records for custodial history.
Scope and Content:	
Image of a tractor.	
Name Access:	СКХ
	H.E. Wright Farm Equipment
	Federal Grain Limited
Subject Access:	building exteriors
	Grain elevators
	Agriculture
	Tractors
	winter

Storage Location:

CKX fonds - 2010 accessions

