

S. J. McKee Archives



Brandon College/University calendars

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions151

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	Sub-series
Series Number:	6.6
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1900-2005
Physical Description:	1.40 m
Physical Condition:	Generally good
History /	

Biographical:

The University Calendar is the authoritative statement of the institutional structure, faculty and staff, and academic program of Brandon University. Since the creation of the College in 1900, calendars have been produced annually, with only a few exceptions, by the Registrar's Office.

Up until 1991-1992, the calendar was called the general calendar. In 1991-1992, it was called the undergraduate general calendar. Beginning in 1992, the calendar was produced every two years instead of annually, except for 1998-1999, until 2003. The 1992-1994 calendar contains both the undergraduate and graduate general calendars, and starting in 1994 a separate undergraduate and graduate calendar was produced.

Custodial History:

The Brandon College/University calendar was produced by the Registrar's Office. Individual copies of the calendar were held by the Registrar's Office until their transfer to the University Archives.

Scope and Content:

The sub-series consists of general calendars, general undergraduate and graduate calendars, as well as calendars for the School of Music, the Faculty of Education, and for spring and summer sessions. It has been divided into three sub sub series, including: (1) Calendars - bound archival copies; (2) Calendars - researcher's copies; and (3) Calendars - miscellaneous.

Notes:	The Registrar, acting in his/her capacity as Secretary of Senate, is responsible for the production of the University calendar.
Subject Access:	Academic programs
	departments
	administrative staff
	board members
	history
	faculty
Accruals:	Further accruals are expected.
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
	Series 6: Senate
Arrangement:	
Chronological	



Lawrence Jones collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions12333

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	Sub-series
Series Number:	MG 3 1.24
Accession Number:	9-2011
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1957-1959, 1976-1992
Physical Description:	30 cm
History /	

Biographical:

See RG 6 Brandon University fonds, 7.4.1 Dean of Music for biographical information.

Custodial History:

The records were collected during the course of Jones' career as a member of the School of Music and as Dean of the School of Music. They remained in his possession until their donation to the McKee Archives on June 29, 2011.

Scope and Content:

Collection consists of records created and collected during the course of Lawrence Jones' teaching career in the School of Music and during his tenure as Dean of the School of Music at Brandon University.

Records include: dean's log books; recital programs and related materials; personal documents; academic papers; planning documents; contracts; administration documents; workshop documents; teaching documents; proposals; reviews; evaluations; violin concerto by S.C. Eckhardt-Gramatte, piano score, edited by Lawrence Jones. Topics include: planning for the School of Music; Master's degree program; award winners; the music building expansion; adjudicating; the New Brandon University Trio; and the National Music Festival.

Name Access:	Lawrence Jones
	Brandon University Trio
	Shane Levesque
	National Music Festival
	Peggy Sharpe
	Deidre Irons
	Kenneth Drake
	School of Music
Subject Access:	Education
	music
	administration
	performing arts
	performing artists
Storage Location:	MG 3 Brandon University Teaching and Administration 1.24 Lawrence Jones



MPE C 8 The Wasagaming Foundation

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions10703

Part Of:	RG 4 Manitoba Pool Elevator fonds
Description Level:	Sub-series
Series Number:	MPE C.8
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1965-1985
Physical Description:	7cm

History /

Biographical:

The Wasagaming Foundation was founded in 1964 to plan an educational centre at Clear Lake, part of which would become Camp Wannakumbac in 1965. The Foundation was the joint effort of MPE, Federated Co-opertives Limited, Manitoba Farm Bureau, and United Grain Growers.

See also fonds level description of RG 4 for history/bio of MPE

Scope and Content:

Notes:

.This sub-series consists of two files of the Wasagaming Foundation.

Description by Jillian Sutherland (2010)

Name Access:	The Wasagaming Foundation
	Camp Wannakumbac
	Clear Lake
Subject Access:	agricultural education
Storage Location:	RG 4 Manitoba Pool Elevator fonds Series C: Subsidiary Companies and Co-operatives



Thomas Clement Douglas

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4074

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	File
Series Number:	6.5.1
File Number:	13
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	May 1970
Physical Description:	1 file
Scope and Content:	
File consists of a dra	aft parchment of Douglas' honourary degree.
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series 6: Senate Office
	6.5 Convocation Services, Baccalaureates Services, Banquets



Dr. Thomas H. McLeod

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4109

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	File
Series Number:	6.5.1
File Number:	47
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	October 1987
Physical Description:	1 file
Scope and Content:	
File consists of a dr	aft parchment and the nomination form for McLeod.
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
	Series 6: Senate Office 6.5 Convocation Services, Baccalaureates Services, Banquets
Related Material:	MG 1, 1.6 Thomas Hector McLeod



Raymond R. Bailey fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4229

Part Of:	RG 1 Brandon College fonds
Description Level:	Sub-series
Series Number:	MG 2 2.7
Accession Number:	10-2006, 11-2006.
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1940-1944, 2005
Physical Description:	1 file (0.5 cm) 1 book, 491 pp.(3.75 cm) 3 yearbooks
Physical Condition:	Very good

History /

Biographical:

Ray Bailey was born in Brandon Manitoba in 1922. A Bachelor of Science degree from Brandon College in 1944 completed his education there. Following a short stint as a Chemist he entered the University of Manitoba. There, in 1946, he earned a Diploma in Education. Subsequent study brought a Master of Education degree in 1966. In 1973, he was awareded a Canada Council grant for additional studies.

He began his teaching career at Killarney, MB in March 1946, teaching science. Later he held teaching and adminitrative positions in Melita, Morris and Seven Oaks School Divisions. He retired as Principal of Arthur E. Wright Elementary School in 1986. Bailey was active in the Manitoba Teachers Society and the Manitoba Library Trustees Association. In 1973, the city of Winnipeg gave him a community service award. In 2005, he was a recipient of the Brandon University Alumni Association's Distinguished Alumni Award.

He married Joan Pettipher in 1949. They had four children, Ronald, Ann, Mary and Robert. Joan Bailey died in 1988. Raymond Bailey lived in Winnipeg with his wife Barbara until his death on July 23, 2015.

Custodial History:

Book was acquired at a book launch sponsored by Pennywise Books, Brandon, Manitoba in January 2006. The Brandon College documents were probably collected by Bailey during his time as a student in the early 1940s. He donated them to the McKee Archives in November 1994. The yearbooks were delivered to the Archives by Gerald Brown for Bailey in April 2008.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of an autographed copy of Bailey's book "tadpole to Little Frong (in a big pond)." It also includes three Brandon Collegiate Institute yearbooks the New Era for 1938-40, one file of Brandon College records, including eligibility lists for the Students' Association, a Physics IV test, a letter to Bailey excusing him from non-combat duty due to his work as an assistant in the Chemistry Department, a dance program for the Valentine Formal (1943), a freshman reception list and a program/invitation to a musical evening at the home of Martin Johns, Professor in the Physics Department.

Notes:	History/Bio information taken from the author description in Bailey's book.
	Description by Christy Henry.
Name Access:	Raymond Bailey
Subject Access:	autobiography
	the Depression
	Manitoba history
	War years
	Brandon College
Location Copy:	Photocopies of some of the lists are located in the file with the originals.
Storage Location:	MG 2 Brandon College Students 2.7 Raymond R. Bailey



Thomas and Annie I. Pentland; Fred Pentland; Harry Pentland; Robert McVety; Harry McVety; Evelyn Pentland

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4548

Box

Part Of:

Alfred Angus Murray McPherson collection

Description Level:

File Number:	10.1-10.22
Accession Number:	21-2006
Other Numbers:	Box J
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1882-1945
Physical Description:	30 cm
History /	

Biographical:

Thomas James (T.J.) Pentland, son of John Pentland and Jane Finnegan, was born January 4, 1858. He died January 8, 1919 in Justice, MB. T.J. married Annie Isabel McVety on July 22, 1885 in High Bluff, MB. Together they had six children: John Alfred (Fred); Henry Herbert McVety (Harry); Annie Ethel; Eliza Evelyn; Thomas Elton Wesley (Wesley); and Mary Agnes Grace Isabel (Gracie).

Annie Isabel McVety was born at Seaforth, ON in 1859 and came to High Bluff, MB with her family in 1882. She died in October of 1938 in Justice, MB.

John Alfred (Fred) Pentland was born on July 5, 1886 in Douglas, MB. He was mortally wounded during the Passchedale campaign - 3rd battle of Ypres. He died on September 13, 1917 at Camiers Hospital, France.

Henry Herbert McVety (Harry) Pentland was born on November 10, 1887 in Douglas, MB. He died on June 26, 1948 in Brandon, MB. Harry married Mary Emma Irene (Irene) Fleming, daughter of John Jr. and Martha McLaughlin Fleming on November 22, 1913 in Brandon. Together they had three children: Harry Clare (Clare); Olive Eunice Irene (Eunice); and Shirley Margaret Marie.

Eliza Evelyn (Evelyn) Pentland was bon February 7, 1892 in Justice, MB. She died on May 28, 1986 in Brandon, MB. Evelyn married Norman Wallace Thompson on July 22, 1914 in Justice, MB. Together they had six children: Norman Cecil; Muriel Isabel; Norma Evelyn Jean; James Alfred; Marguerite Beryl; and Helen Elaine.

No biographical information available for Robert and Harry McVety.

Scope and Content:

Contains the following files:

[no file number] Mortgage papers 1890-1907

10.1 Fred Pentland insurance documents 1912-1916 (includes 1914 mortgage agreement)

10.2 Fred Pentland correspondence 1910-1916 (2 files)

10.3 Fred Pentland postcards 1916

10.4 Harry Pentland correspondence 1916-1918

10.5 Harry McVety correspondence from Wes Pentland 1912

10.6 Evelyn Pentland correspondence 1910

10.7 Robert McVity correspondence 1920 (includes 1921 will)

10.8 Annie I. Pentland correspondence 1930-1936

10.9 Thomas (T.J.) Pentland insurance documents 1917

10.10 Thomas (T.J.) Pentland income tax papers 1917

10.11 Thomas (T.J.) Pentland undated correspondence

10.12 Thomas (T.J.) Pentland corresondence 1882-1911

10.13 Annie I. Pentland insurance documents 1917-1937

10.14 Annie I. Pentland undated correspondence

10.15 Annie I. Pentland-McVety estate correspondence 1917-1945

10.16 Annie I. Pentland-McVety estate documents 1922-1931

10.17 Annie I. Pentland correspondence 1928-1938 (3 files)

10.18 Annie I. Pentland correspondence 1918-1927

10.19 Annie I. Pentland correspondence 1917 (2 files)

10.20 Annie I. Pentland correspondence 1908-1916 (2 files)

10.21 Annie I. Pentland income tax forms 1918-1921

 10.22 Annie I. Pentland mathematics exam to enter Normal School August 1883

 Notes:
 Part of the Alfred Angus Murray McPherson collection.

 Storage Location:
 Alfred Angus Murray McPherson collection Box 8



The Quill editions

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4719

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds		
Description Level:	sub sub series		
Series Number:	14.5.3.1		
Accession Number:	13-2006, 23-2006, 1-2007, 23-2007		
GMD:	textual records		
Date Range:	1910-2014		
Physical Description:	approximately 4 m		
Physical Condition:	Generally good. Some editions are fragile.		
History /			
Biographical:			
-	mation see sub sub series RG 6 14.5.3 the Quill.		
Custodial History:			
	y see sub sub series RG 6 14.5.3 the Quill.		
Scope and Content:			
The Quill editions he	eld by the McKee Archives are as follows:		
	o 1920-1921 (19.5 cm, Files 1-10) 17-1918 are in hardback only d 3 editions		
Box 2: 1921-1922 to 1926-1927 (13 cm, Files 11-17) *1923-1924 The hardback copy is mistakenly identified as vol. 12 rather than vol. 14 *1926-1927 only had 3 editions			
*1933-1934 is a bro	1936 are oversized (located on the bottom of the box and not in		
Box 4: 1947-1948 to	o 1961-1962 (Files 39-53)		
Box 5: 1962-1963 to	o 1971-1972 (Files 54-64)		
Box 6: 1972-1973 to	o 1981-1982 (Files 65-74)		
Box 7: 1982-1983 to 1991-1992 (Files 75-84)			
Box 8: 1992-1993 to 2000-2001 (Files 85-93)			
Box 9: 2001-2002 to 2006-2007 (Files 94-99)			
Box 10: 2007-2008	to 2013-20014 (Files 100-106)		
Box 11: 2014-2015	to present (Files 107-?)		
Notes:	Starting in the mid 1980s some years of The Quill also published summer newsletters.		
	BOX 1 1910-1911 (File 1): missing No. 4 1911-1912 (File 2): missing Nos. 1, 2 and 4 - have all four editions in a		

hardback copy 1915-1916 (File 7): missing No. 2

BOX 2

1920-1921 (File 11): missing No. 1 1925-1926 (File 16): missing No. 3

BOX 3

1927-1928 (File 20): missing Nos. 1 and 4 1928-1929 (File 21): only Nos. 1-8 1934-1935 (File 27): missing Nos. 3, 13, 15 1937-1938 (File 30): missing Nos. 9 and 12 1938-1939 (File 31): missing Nos. 1 and 6 1942-1943 (File 35): missing Nos. 3 and 6 1943-1944 (File 35a): only No. 2, 10, 11, 12 and 14 1944-1945 (File 36): missing No. 2 1946-1947 (File 38): missing Nos. 4 and 6

BOX 4

1949-1950 (File 41): missing Nos. 6, 10 and 12 1950-1952 (Files 42-44): numerous editions are missing 1953-1954 (File 45): missing No. 1 1959-1960 (File 51): missing No. 7

BOX 5

1967-1968 (File 59): missing No. 18 1968-1969 (File 60): missing No. 16 1971-1972 (File 64): missing No. 5

BOX 6

1976-1977 (File 69): missing No. 7 1981-1982 (File 74): missing No. 8

BOX 7

1985-1986 (File 78): missing No. 18 1986-1987 (File 79): missing Nos. 8, 9 and 16 1987-1988 (File 80): missing No. 20 1988-1989 (File 81): missing Nos. 3, 17, 22 and 24 1990-1991 (File 83): missing Nos. 1, 6, 11 and 14

BOX 8

1993-1994 (File 86): missing No. 8 1994-1995 (File 87): missing Nos. 3, 11-15, 17-? 1995-1996 (File 88): missing Nos. 1 and 6 1997-1998 (File 90): only No. 3 1998-1999 (File 91): missing Nos. 1, 3, 7, 9-? 1999-2000 (File 92): missing Nos. 17, 20-? 2000-2001 (File 93): missing No. 26

BOX 9

2001-2002 (File 94): missing Nos. 12 and 19 2002-2003 (File 95): missing No. 5

BOX 10 2012-2013 (File 105): missing No. 23

Subject Access:	college newspapers
	yearbooks
	history
Accruals:	Further accruals expected.
Access Restriction:	Editions of The Quill for September 1930 to March 1972 are only available on microfilm unless special permission is obtained from the Archivist.
Repro Restriction:	Copyright provisions apply.
Location Original:	S.J. McKee Archives
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series 14: BUSU 14.5 BUSU publications 14.5.3 The Quill

Arrangement:

Each file is approximately one school year (September to April), although there are some exceptions. File numbers 18 and 19 have been retained for use in the event that additional editions of the Quill from 1910-1927 are accessioned.



William Wallace fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4801

Part Of:	RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection
Description Level:	Collection
Accession Number:	47-1997
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1881-1904
Physical Description:	30 cm
History /	

Biographical:

William Wallace was born in Scotland around 1859. In 1881, when William was twenty-two, he emigrated to Canada with his father and brother. Once here they settled near what is today Forrest, Manitoba. The following spring they moved to the northwest margin of settlement in Manitoba, homesteading in the Shellmouth area. Wallace remained a resident of the region for the rest of his life. William Wallace was active in community affairs. He was appointed to the post of Secretary-Treasurer of the Shellmouth Municipality in 1887, and he held the position until 1904. In 1909, Wallace was injured in a railway accident, and he had to give up farming. He moved to Shellmouth and took up the position of postmaster, which he held for twenty-seven years. He died in 1945, and is buried at Shellmouth cemetery, Manitoba.

Custodial History:

The letters contained in the fonds remained in the possession of Margaret Wallace, who was the original recipient of the correspondence. She emigrated to Canada in 1904. At some point the letters passed to William Wallace who kept them in his possession in Shellmouth. In 1941, William contacted Professor E. J. Westcott of Brandon College regarding the fonds. He offered it to the College for safekeeping. Westcott accepted the letters. Westcott passed the letters on to various officers and staff at Brandon College and then Brandon University. Since 1982, the collection has resided in the S. J. McKee Archives at Brandon University.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of hundreds of letters that William Wallace and his brother, Andrew, wrote to their sister, Maggie, from 1881 until 1904. The first letter, dated 22 March 1881, was written by both William and Andrew aboard the S.S. Prussia as they sailed to North America from Scotland. The last letter was written on 4 January 1904 by William. It was written to inform Maggie and her husband that William had reserved a homestead in their name. This letter marks the end of the fonds. Later that spring Maggie and John emigrated to Canada to be with her family.

William was keenly interested in everything going on around him; his letters and Andrew's reveal what life was like for inexperienced settlers on the Canadian agricultural frontier in the last years of the ninteenth century. Fonds touches on a variety of social, political and economic themes.

Notes:	CAIN No. 202641. A partial accession of the Wallace collection was completed in 1992 by Eileen McFadden.
Subject Access:	Maggie Wallace
	Andrew Wallace
	Peter Wallace
	prairie settlement
	agriculture
	western Canada history
	Manitoba history
	rural development
Finding Aid:	An inventory for the correspondence is available. A copy of it is on the reference shelf in the reading room.
Storage Location:	1997 accessions
Storage Range:	1997 accessions
Related Material:	William R. Morrison fonds (MG 3 1.5)



Bertha School District #861 fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4815

Part Of:	RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection
Description Level:	Collection
Accession Number:	8-1998
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1896-1961
Physical Description:	24 cm

History /

Biographical:

The Bertha School District, located south of Brandon in the Rural Municipality of Oakland, was established in 1896. It was integrated into the School Distict of Nesbitt in 1961. Subsequently, it became part of the Souris Valley School Division.

Custodial History:

This fonds was accessioned by the McKee Archives in 1998. Prior custodial history is unknown.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of annual registers (1910-1961), minute books (1896-1962), account books (1896-1911, 1924-1956), an award of a Board of Arbitration (1961), a petition for consolidation with the School District of Nesbitt (1961), a financial report (1961), a map of the Souris Valley School Division showing rural school districts, and one debenture certificate (1896).

Notes:	CAIN No. 202658
Subject Access:	Rural Municipality of Oakland
	Nesbitt School District
	Souris Valley School Division
	Rural Manitoba
	schooling
	history of Education
Storage Location:	1998 accessions
Storage Range:	1998 accessions
Related Material:	Berbank Church fonds (28-1997), Berbank Ladies Aid fonds (27-1997) and Riverbank/Berbank Red Cross fonds (18-1997).



Harry "Hap" Fraser fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4818

Part Of:	RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection
Description Level:	Collection
Accession Number:	6-1998
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1922-1936
Physical Description:	6 cm

History /

Biographical:

Harry "Hap" Fraser was born in Brandon, Manitoba on January 15, 1919. On February 12, 1945, he married Muriel Coleman of Virden. Fraser served in the RCAF during World War II, returning to Brandon in 1946. Harry Fraser was employed by Coca-Cola, Nutty Cup Candy Company and the Codville Company. Following a brief stint as manager of the North Hill IGA, Harry Fraser built an IGA grocery store on Victoria Avenue West. He operated this store until his retirement in 1972. Harry Fraser was a member of the Brandon Lion's Club from 1952 until his death. He also served a term on Brandon City Council. He passed away at his home in Brandon on April 2, 1991.

Custodial History:

This fonds came into the possession of Fred McGuinness, a Brandon writer and acquaintance of Hap Fraser's, after Fraser's death. McGuinness donated it to the McKee Archives in 1998.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of a single scrapbook containing articles and pictures of various personalities and events from the world of sports during the 1920s and 1930s. Hockey, baseball, basketball, wrestling, boxing, body building, bike racing, boat racing, track and field, swimming, diving, football, rugby, rifle shooting, tennis, bowling, horse racing, golf, soccer, and fishing are all featured in the scrapbook. The articles and pictures feature both local and internationally known sports figures. Fonds also contains pictures of celebrities, royalty, prominent military figures, inventors, and beauty queens from the same era.

Notes:	CAIN No. 202646
Subject Access:	spectator sports
	mass media
	social history
	Social filstory
Storage Location:	1998 accessions



Fairfax United Church fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4819

Part Of:	RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection
Description Level:	Collection
Accession Number:	42-1997
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1921-1970
Physical Description:	6 cm

History /

Biographical:

The Fairfax/Elgin United Church was formed in 1921, combining the Methodist (founded in 1889), and Presbyterian (founded in 1887) congregations in these communities. In 1968, the Elgin and Souris congregations joined and, in 1969, the original Elgin United Church was sold to the Fairfax Community Club.

Custodial History:

The fonds was accessioned by the McKee Archives in 1997. Prior custodial history is unknown.

Scope and Content:

Fonds contains minute books (1922-1968), account books (1953-1970), account statements (1966-68), one annual report (1967), and documents of insurance and property transfer (1960-1970) concerning the Fairfax/Elgin United Church.

Notes:	CAIN No. 202638
Subject Access:	Harold W. Ritchie
	C.H. Kirbyson
	Ken L. Dobson
	United Church
	church union
	rural history
	rural development
	religious history
Storage Location:	1997 accessions
Storage Range:	1997 accessions



Janet Louisa May More collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4858

Part Of:	RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection
Description Level:	Collection
Accession Number:	2-2003
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1921-1947
Physical Description:	10 cm

History /

Biographical:

Janet Louisa May More was born on the family homestead south of Hartney, Manitoba in 1896. She attended Chain Lakes School and Hartney High School prior to completing Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Education degrees at the University of Manitoba. Following her graduation, More taught in various Manitoba schools for fifty years. In addition, she was a member of the Manitoba Education Association, the Manitoba Library Association, the Turtle Mountain Teachers' Association (of which she was the first President), and the Manitoba Teachers' Society, which nominated her for a Life Mmembership. Janet Louisa May More retired in 1967, and resided in Winnipeg, Manitoba until her death.

Additional biographical information for Janet Louisa May More can be found in her profile as a "Memorable Manitoban" on the Manitoba Historical Society website (http://www.mhs.mb.ca/docs/people/more_jlm.shtml).

Custodial History:

Materials passed into the hands of Gerald Brown who donated them to the McKee Archives.

Scope and Content:

Collection contains curriculum materials related to the study and teaching of Chemistry, Algebra, Geometry, Mathematics, English and French language studies in Manitoba dating mostly from the 1940s. Collection also contains Christmas concert and dramatic materials; notes from the Manitoba Fine Arts Committee (April 1939); and notes concerning the Manitoba Camera Club, the Manitoba Drama League, Manitoba Society of Artists, Manitoba Adult Education Association, Winnipeg Sketch Club and the Manitoba Handicraft Guild.

Notes:	CAIN No. 202568
Subject Access:	Janet Louisa May More
	Manitoba Fine Arts Committee
	Adult Education Association
	Winnipeg Sketch Club
	Manitoba Drama League
	Manitoba Society of Artists
	Manitoba camera Club
	public education
	curriculum
	fine arts
	adult education
Storage Location:	2003 accessions
Storage Range:	2003 accessions



Minnedosa Women's Institute fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4865

Part Of:	RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection
Description Level:	Collection
Accession Number:	2-2002
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1914-1981
Physical Description:	30 cm

History /

Biographical:

The Minnedosa Women's Institute was one of the first Women's Institutes in Manitoba. The group was created on November 11, 1910, and was called the Home Economics Society until 1919, when all Home Economics Societies in Manitoba became branches of the Manitoba Women's Institute. The first president of the Minnedosa Women's Institute was Mrs. Andrew Boyd. Some early projects of the group included building a rest room and the maintenance of a country women's ward in the Minnedosa Hospital. The group also worked for the war effort during both world wars, including sewing and knitting, as well as sending clothing and food overseas. During the 1920's, the Institute held a number of baby clinics, and during the 1930's, opened a lending library. The Institute also participated with other community projects and groups such as 4-H and the film council. The Minnedosa branch is no longer active, however the Basswood Women's Institute is active in the Minnedosa area.

Custodial History:

Fonds was accessioned by the McKee Archives in 2002. Previous custodial history is unknown.

Scope and Content:

Fonds includes many records from the Minnedosa Women's Institute, such as the group's constitution, and the meeting minutes from 1914-1981. The fonds also contains financial records from 1932-1955. There are two scrapbooks about the Minnedosa Women's Institute, with the first running from 1910-60 and the second running from 1960-80. The scrapbooks contain pictures, clippings, and stories. There is also a scrapbook dedicated to Minnedosa Village History, which covers the years 1878-1956. Finally, this fonds includes the Certificate of Organization for the Minnedosa Women's Institute, which is dated October 20, 1922, althought the group was established in 1910.

Notes:

CAIN No. 202604. Description by Robyn Mitchell.

Subject Access:	Mrs. Cooper
	Miss May Ewens
	Mrs. Cannon
	Mrs. Williamson
	Miss Mary Jones
	Mrs. Rooke
	Mrs. Talbert Sedgwick
	Mrs. Frank Hill
	Mrs. Culver
	Mrs. Robert Woodcock
	Mrs. Florence Brown
	Mrs. E. Wheatland
	Mrs. Marjorie Traquair
	Mrs. Lace
	Mrs. Lula Faye Campbell
	Mrs. A. Craig
	Mrs. Malcolm Kennedy
	Mrs. Nelson Clark
	Mrs. John Clark
	Mrs. John Jury
	Mrs. Cook
	Manitoba Women's Institute
	Minnedosa Women's Institute
	Town of Minnedosa
	rural women
	women's organizations
	scrapbooks
	history of Minnedosa
	MB
Storage Location:	2002 accessions
Storage Range:	2002 accessions
Related Material:	Related women's institute collections in the McKee Archives include:
	Manitoba Women's Institute; Minnedosa Women's Institute; Cordova Women's Institute; Clanwilliam Women's Institute; Rathwell Women's Institute; Strathclair Women's Institute; Crocus Women's Institute; Southwest A Region - Manitoba Women's Institute; Douglas Women's



The Quill

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions 3484

Institute

Part Of: RG 6 Description Level: Sub s

RG 6 Brandon University fonds Sub sub series

Series Number:	14.5.3
Accession Number:	13-2006, 23-2006, 1-2007
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1910-2006
Physical Condition:	Generally good. Some editions are fragile.
History /	

Diagraphiag

Biographical:

The Quill was established in 1910, and is the second oldest student newspaper in western Canada. It was also the first student run publication at Brandon College. The December (Vol. I, No. 1) edition states that "the demand for such a paper [had] been steadily increasing until at last some definite steps towards bringing one into existence became absolutely necessary." The first step was the election of a committe by the Literary Society to look into the possibilites of the project and report at a special meeting. Following the acceptance of the committee's favorable report, another committee was appointed to outline a policy and nominate officers and staff.

The inagural staff of the Quill, "having examined the reasons for the discontinuance of the Brandon College Monthly some years ago, [found] that these have been to a large extent removed by the development of the College in the intervening years." They felt that the "student body [had] grown to such an extent that the problem of getting sufficient material for a paper, as well as the financial difficulty, [had] been appreciably reduced." For them, this development "not only justified but demanded the advent of a College paper." The creation of the Quill was also influenced by the awareness of the students involved that their college was in a state of constant change. They felt that they "[could not] allow this important period of [their] College history to pass away and be forgotten." The newpaper enabled them to record the growth and changes on campus for the benefit of the students and friends of the College.

Originally the publication of three editions of the Quill, i.e. Christmas, Easter and a special graduates' number, were planned; the policy on the limited number of issues was to allow the Quill and its staff time to establish themselves, with the aim of expanding into a monthly paper as soon as it was thought advisable to do so. In 1911, the Quill was printed quarterly, with the first three issues of the school year consisting of student publications and professors writings, as well as containg various columns on campus activities. The final issue of that year, and subsequent years, was called the Commencement Issue, and it contained a brief biographical sketch of each member of the graduating class.

In 1927, the Quill was split into two separate entities. In the April edition (Vol. XVI, No. 11), the editorial staff wrote that the Quill's "... function and the efficiency with which it has performed that function in the immediate past are ... doubtful. The present management realize this and feel that the "Quill" as conducted at present can assume neither the utility of a newspaper nor the intrinsic value of a year-book." Subsequently it was decided to publish a fortnightly, or biweekly newspaper, which retained the title of "The Quill," as well as a new publication, named The Sickle, which was to act as a yearbook. This decision was also influenced by the belief that by creating a sepaprate newspaper and yearbook "Brandon College [would] then be on a similar basis in this respect as her sister institutions throughout the Dominion." Although the Quill has occassionally ceased production (for a week or two at most) throughout its history, usually due to a lack of student participation in its production and/or financial troubles, it has continued to be published as as newspaper since 1927.

In 1933, the Quill was presented in an entirely new form. Weekly, for three issues a month, a bulletin was published, with a fourth and more substantial issue at the end of the month. The introduction of the new broadsheet form was an attempt to "reduce stale news" and allow the publication to operate with a "greatly reduced budget." The broadsheet format of the Quill was abandoned in 1934-1935.

Further changes were introduced with the January 15, 1963 (Vol. 53, No. 6) edition of the Quill. In the editorial section of that issue, the staff commented that "the Quill has remained as it is, in size, pattern and almost in content for the last fifty years!" In response, they introduced a weekly Quill (the Quill was first published as a weekly in 1937) and proclaimed that "we find the miserly, pamphlet-sized, shrunken-like Quill no more. In its stead, a fully-grown, broadshouldered, new Quill has risen." Changes included the creation of the Feature and Intervarsity sections, with their own editors, a definite format in the 'lay-out' of articles, and the 'set-up' of pages, as well as a basic and overall reorganization of the Quill staff.

In September 1969 (Vol. 60, No. 1), Acting Editor Tom Brook and the Quill staff clarified the position and purpose of the Quill as follows: "The primary purpose of the Quill is to bring to the attention of the students of Brandon University the issues and events that have direct implications on the lives of these people. We do and will continue to editorialize in our reporting. It may be not as strong as that seen in the past. But the Quill staff does feel that subjective evaluation of events after the case has been put factually is valid, and this shall be a policy that will be adhered to during the coming year." They also took a moment to point out that the Quill, although a student press, was not a commercial newspaper. Furthermore, they wanted "to see the Quill move closer to the concept of the bourgeois pressbut not so close that it loses its identification with students and the issues that concern them."

By 1971, the Quill had adopted the statement of principle of the Student Press in Canada as outline in the Resolutions of the Canadian University Press. Printed on the front page of the September 24 edition, the Quill stated the following policy: It is "... our belief 'that the major role of the student press is to act as an agent of social change, striving to emphasize the rights and responsibilities of the student citizen', and 'that the student press must in fulfilling this role perform both an educative and an active function." The policy went on to declare that the Quill, as an alternative press (an alternative to the commercial press), rather than a newspaper, was "limited to presenting news which the commercial press does not handle and to providing news analysis." The democratic nature of the Quill was also clearly stated in the policy.

The structure of the Quill was altered again in 1984, when an editorial board was instated, replacing the previous editor-in-chief system (although in most cases there was more than one editor in any given year). This board was to function as an organizing unit, with the collective electing officers for a one year term. The collective was made up of members, who had to contribute something to the Quill in one out of every three issues, in order to vote. Contributions included actual content for the paper, production, typing, photography work, office clean-up, or anything else that helped the Quill function. The central concern of the Quill, at the time of these changes, was to represent the "wide variety of social issues which interest Brandon University students." (September 27, 1984). The 'wide variety of social issues' was expanded upon in the September 3, 1987 edition of the Quill's editorial section: "A major purpse of THE QUILL is to provide the community with news and information pertaining to local, regional, national and international issues of concern to students."

By 1993, the Editorial Board was comprised of the News Editor, the Co-ordinating Editor and the CUP Editor and was responsible for the direction and content of the newspaper each week. By 1996, the CUP Editor had been replaced by the Business Manager on the Editorial Board. Clarifying its relationship with BUSU in the November 18, 1996 edition, Co-ordinating Editor Stacey Brown quoted the Quill Constitution: "The Quill collective shall determine and regulate editorial content and policy and shall set such perimeters on acceptable advertising as it shall collectively see fit. Debate and reasonable documentation must be given beofre boycotting anything in the newspaper." She went on to state that "final decisions on most issues are made by the Editorial Board. . . " The position of Editor-in-Chief was reintroduced sometime around 2001.

Throughout its history, the Quill has been a quarterly, a bi-weekly and a weekly publication. It has been printed in various formats, by a number of different companies and has been financed primarily through funding from BUSU, and at present, advertising and a student levy.

In 1997, the Quill became one of the first student newspapers in Canada to produce the paper in a completely digital format.

The Quill has been located at a number of locations on campus. Its first home was at the base of the Bell Tower in the original Clark Hall. In the 1970s it was produced in a mobile trailer near the gymnasium, before moving to the former Students' Union office in the lower level of the McMaster Building in 1980. Finally in 1991, the Quill was moved to its current location on the second floor of the Knowles-Douglas Student Centre.

At present (January 2007), the Quill continues to be a member of the Canadian University Press (CUP), and as such is provided with feature articles, news, graphics and fieldworker assistance. The Quill adheres to the CUP Statement of Principles. As a democratic collective, the Quill is open to all students and staff at Brandon University. An autonomous corporate entity since 2005, the Quill is a student run publication; the articles, editing, layout and distribution are done by the students.

Custodial History:

Editions of the Quill have been acquired by the McKee Archives from BUSU and former Alumni.

Scope and Content:

Sub sub series has been divided into three sub sub sub series, including: (1) The Quill editions; (2) The Quill duplicates and microfilm; and (3) The Quill special editions.

Notes:	Adminitrative information in the History/Bio field was taken from the "Brandon Collge finding aid" prepared by Karyn Reidel for the McKee Archives in 1998 and various editions of the Quill. Post-1927, a handfull of Quill editions contain Literary Supplements.
Subject Access:	college newspapers
	yearbooks
	history
Accruals:	Further accruals expected.
Repro Restriction:	Copyright provisions apply.
Location Original:	S.J. McKee Archives
Location Copy:	See sub sub sub series 14.5.3.2 The Quill duplicates and microfilm for information on copies.
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series 14: BUSU 14.5 BUSU publications
Related Material:	Editions of the Brandon College/University Sickle are located at RG 6, sub sub series 14.5.1 (The Sickle).
	The Quill and Sickle account book for [1939-1941] is located in the Alfred Angus Murray McPherson collection (21-2006) Box 7, File 7.



Leonard Muirhead collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions12725

Part Of:	RG 1 Brandon College fonds
Description Level:	Collection
Accession Number:	12-2012

GMD:textual recordsDate Range:1937-1938Physical Description:1 fileHistory /Biographical:

Leonard Andrew Muirhead (1918–2008) was the only child of Andrew and Isabella Muirhead. He grew up on the farm homestead in the Summerville District near Carberry, Manitoba. He graduated from Carberry Collegiate when he was sixteen. He helped out on the farm for two yeas after graduation then attended United College, Winnipeg, and then Brandon College. Muirhead then worked in the Financial Department at Canada Packers in Saint Boniface until 1942. In 1942 he returned home and helped his father with the farm operation. Leonard married Verle Sinclair, a local schoolteacher, on October 12, 1951. They had three daughters: Iris, Gwen, and Arla. In 1965, health reasons made him give up active farming and he began an income tax preparation business as well as selling investments for Trust Companies.

Leonard Muirhead attended Brandon College for the 1937-1938 school year. This was the last year that Brandon College was associated with McMaster University as it then became affiliated with the University of Manitoba.

Custodial History:

The papers remained with Leonard Muirhead's papers until his daughter, Iris Muirhead, donated the papers to the S.J. McKee Archives in 2011.

Scope and Content:

Collection consists primarily of 1938 examination papers from Brandon College, when it was affiliated with McMaster University. It also contains an exam schedule and a course outline. It contains examination papers from spring 1938 for the courses of 2nd and 3rd Years Physics 2y, 3w, Bible 2k, Psychology 2a, Mathematics 2x, Mathematics 1e, a syllabus for second term English 1g2a, and an examination timetable for spring 1938 for Brandon College.

Notes:	History/Bio information taken from conversation with Leonard Muirhead's daughter, Iris Muirhead in October 2012 and from obituary http://passages.winnipegfreepress.com/passage-details/id-136216/(accessed October 24, 2012). Description by Jennifer Sylvester (October 2012).
Name Access:	Leonard Muirhead
	Brandon College
	McMaster University
Subject Access:	post-secondary education
	Arts
	Mathematics
	theology
	examinations
Storage Location:	2012 accessions
Related Material:	Brandon College fonds
	The Sickle 1937-1938
	The Leonard Muirhead collection is available at the Carberry Plains Archives. Leonard Muirhead also donated records related to Montrose School and Carberry 4-H Combines to the Carberry Plains Archives.



The MacNeill teaching controversy

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions12736

Part Of:	RG 1 Brandon College fonds
Description Level:	File
Series Number:	6.1
File Number:	2
Other Numbers:	RG 81-30, Series 1, Subseries 4B, 1921-1925, Box 2, File 2
GMD:	textual records
Date Range:	1921-1922
Physical Description:	1 file
History /	
Biographical:	

Dr. MacNeill was the central figure in the scandal involving Brandon College in the early 1920's. The Fundamentalist Baptists accused Brandon College, and Dr. MacNeill especially, of teaching Modernist views. He was absolved of any charges at the 1924 Baptist Convention in Chicago.

For history/bio information for H.L. MacNeill, see RG 1 Brandon College fonds, BC 6: Office of the college dean.

Scope and Content:

File consists of correponsdence to Howard Whidden, President of Brandon College, and various regarding Dr. MacNeill and his teachings (October 1921 - January 1922). It also contains a copy of "An Abstract of the Report of the Brandon College Commission" prepared by Rev. H.H. Bingham regarding Dr. MacNeill and his teachings.

Name Access:	H.L. MacNeill
Subject Access:	fundamentalist/modernist debate
	religious education
Storage Location:	RG 1 Brandon College fonds
	Series 6: Office of the College Dean
	6.1 MacNeill
	Box 1

Documents

