

S. J. McKee Archives



Brandon University

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3653

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	File
Series Number:	4.2
File Number:	75
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	1967
Physical Description:	1 file

Scope and Content:

File consists of miscellaneous documents related to Brandon University, including Schedule "A" referred to in Order-in-Council No. 50/67, definitions of various words associated with University activities, Annex 1 of the program for Princess' visit to Brandon College Campus, a list of reports approved by the Provisional Senate of Brandon University, a drawing of Brandon College Campus, a copy of Bill 71, a newsclipping and information on the University status celebration.

Storage Location:

RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series 4: Office of the Vice-President 4.2 Office of the Vice-President (Administration & Finance) Box 2



Brandon University site development

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3737

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	File
Series Number:	4.2
File Number:	155
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	1969-1970
Physical Description:	1 file
Scope and Content:	
File consists of correspondence, receipts, the fifth draft of the town planning scheme - City of	
Brandon and memos.	

Storage Location:

n: RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series 4: Office of the Vice-President 4.2 Office of the Vice-President (Administration & Finance) Box 5



City of Brandon

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3747

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	File
Series Number:	4.2
File Number:	167
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	1966-1970
Physical Description:	1 file

Scope and Content:

File consists of correpondence, blueprints, by-laws, standing committee lists, contracts, notices of amendment and intention, and financial information.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series 4: Office of the Vice-President 4.2 Office of the Vice-President (Administration & Finance) Box 5



Brandon University capital development

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3845

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds	
Description Level:	File	
Series Number:	4.2	
File Number:	261	
GMD:	multiple media	
Date Range:	1970-1971	
Physical Description:	1 file	
Scope and Content:		
File consists of correspondence and reports on the Campus Development program (including		

a drawing of the campus).

Storage Location:

RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series 4: Office of the Vice-President 4.2 Office of the Vice-President (Administration & Finance) Box 6



City of Brandon re local improvements

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3878

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	File
Series Number:	4.2
File Number:	291
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	1970-1971
Physical Description:	1 file

Scope and Content:

File consists of "A Guide to Brandon and Grand Valley," a copy of a history of Brandon entitled "The Opportunity City" and a map of Brandon.

Storage Location:

RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series 4: Office of the Vice-President 4.2 Office of the Vice-President (Administration & Finance) Box 7



Brandon University Art Exhibition Committee

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4065

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	Sub-series
Series Number:	9.3
Accession Number:	69-1997
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	1960-1972
Physical Description:	44 cm textual records; approx. 20 photographs
History /	

Biographical:

The Brandon College and Brandon University Art Exhibition Committee was active from 1960 to 1972. The Committee was established to promote the visual arts in Brandon through education and to sponsor exhibitions featuring the work of local artists.

Custodial History:

The records were assembled by Robert Inch of the Brandon University Extension Office and Professor D.V. Reilly, who taught art through the Faculty of Education at Brandon University. They were donated to the McKee Archives in 1997.

Scope and Content:

The sub-series contains records of past exhibitions, minutes and correspondence of the Brandon University Art Exhibition Committee. Sub-series also contains personal files on some artists consisting of correspondence and information pertaining to exhibitions of their work. There are also extensive files on past exhibits including advertising, correspondence, newspaper clippings, publications and files concerning local affiliated art clubs, such as the Student Camera Club at Brandon University.

Name Access:	Gissar Elliason
	Bernard Polly
	Ken Esler
	Mikuska Eyre
Subject Access:	pottery
	Japanese prints
	ceramics
	textiles
Repro Restriction:	Researchers are responsible for observing Canadian copyright restrictions.
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series 9: Office of Extension



Jack Stothard collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4231

Part Of:	RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection
Description Level:	Collection
Accession Number:	1-2003, 12-2006, 8-2007, 8-2008, 18-2008, 11-2009, 4-2012, 4-2013, 8-2016

GMD:

multiple media

Date Range:ca. 1900s, 2001-2003, 2007, 2008, 2016Physical Description:30 cm textual records9 b/w photograph

Physical Condition: Good

History /

Biographical:

Jack Stothard was born on February 16, 1932 in Brandon, MB. He attended public schools in the city (Central School, Park School, and Earl Oxford) and graduated from Brandon Collegiate Institute (BCI). Stothard married Velma Pollock in 1957 and together they had two daughters: Debra and Kimberly. Stothard was employed in the plumbing and heating business until 1960, when he joined Manitoba Hydro. In the course of his employment with Manitoba Hydro, he became Station Superintendent of the Brandon Generating Station. Stothard retired in 1995. Stothard was a member of the Canadian Numismatic Association, the Canadian Association of Token Collectors and the Toronto Postcard Club. Jack Stothard died on November 3, 2021 in Brandon, MB.

Custodial History:

Accession 1-2003 was in the possession of Stothard until donated to the McKee Archives in 2003. Accession 12-2006 was acquired by Lawrence Stuckey at some point after the photograph was taken. Stuckey later sold a copy of the photograph. This copy was later acquired by Jack Stothard in the course of his collecting of Brandon postcards. Stothard donated the image to the McKee Archives in 2004. Accession 8-2007 was prepared by Jack Stothard in the course of 2007. He provided a copy to the Archives upon its completion. Accession 8-2008 was in the possession of Fred McGuinness until he gave jit to Jack Stothard in February 2008. Stothard donated the records to the McKee Archives on February 12, 2008. Accession 18-2008 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard on August 18, 2008. Accession 4-2012 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard on August 24, 2011. Accession 4-2013 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard in March 2013. Accession 8-2016 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard in March 2013.

Scope and Content:

Accession 1-2003 contains brief research reports prepared by Stothard on various topics concerning historical Brandon. These include: a listing of hotels, inns and motels that have operated in Brandon since the 1880s; reports dealing with the Café Aagard, Central United Church, the 1913 Dominion Exhibition, Brandon, the Empire Hotel, Brandon's Central Steam Heating System, the Post Office and the Clement Block. It also contains one booklet: Facts About Brandon: An Industrial Survey of the City of Brandon. Winnipeg: Department of Industry and Commerce [n.d.]

Accession 12-2006 consists of one photograph of the Great Northern Engine 208, built by Rogers Locomotive Company 1887. Cylinders 18 x 24, Drivers 63". G.N. line Church's Ferry, N.D. to Brandon, Manitoba. Opened 1906, Closed 1936.

Accession 8-2007 consists of a brief typed report entitled "The Day the Lights Went Out in Brandon - Strike of 1919" by Jack Stothard. Document provides an account of the sources and delivery of hydro electric power to Brandon beginning in the early 1900s and the brief power outage at the beginning of the Brandon General Strike May 25, 1919.

Accession 8-2008 consists of "The Brandon Sun Challenge Cup" ledger, which contains two b/w photographs, newspaper clippings and information on the history and first race (1908) of the cup; 3 additional b/w photographs of different races; and the Brandon Old Timers Association record book (c. 1900).

Accession 18-2008 consists of a copy of Stothard's Brandon Postcards index. The index is

divided into various sub-headings and consists of colored reproductions of postcards in Stothard's collection. The index contains pages that were discarded by Stothard as he updated his inventory, therefore the index is only up to date as of August 18, 2008.

Accession 11-2009 consists of a typed research report entitled "Brandon Police Department Stations and Locations" by Jack Stothard. The report outlines the location of the Brandon Police Department from 1882 - 2008, and also includes a section on "What the Future Holds."

Accession 4-2012 consists of pages for Stothard's Brandon Postcards index (18-2008) and a photocopy of a Brandon Municipal Railway ticket.

Accession 4-2013 consits of eight binders of handwritten notes/facts about Brandon compiled by Jack Stothard. The notes are a collection of names, places, things, events and items related mostly to the first 100 years of Brandon (1882-1982), although the notes continue into the 2000's. Some notes centre on the late 1930's to early 1950's during the period of Stothard's youth. The information in the binders was taken from a variety of publications, while some notes are Stothard's own comments. A list of sources, as well as a cross reference index for all eight binders, can be found in Book No. 1.

The accession includes: Book No. 1 - Notes of Brandon (A to B); Book No. 2 - Notes of Brandon (C to F); Book No. 3 - Notes of Brandon (G to O); Book No. 4 - Notes of Brandon (P to Z); Book No. 5 - Notes of Brandon: Churches, Hostpitals, Hotels; Book No. 6 - Notes of Brandon: Police Department, Fire Department; Book No. 7 - Notes of Brandon: Brandon City Council, City of Brandon etc.; Book No. 8 - Notes of Brandon: Brandon College/University, Brandon Schools, ACC, Brandon School Board. Accession also includes pages from Stothard's Brandon Postcards index (18-2008).

Accession 6-2016 consists of local history books, pamphlets, bakery tokens, local magazines, one binder containing handwritten notes/facts about Brandon compiled from the Brandon Sun's "Looking Back" column, and an accordian file box containing newspaper clippings about Brandon.

The accession includes the following local history books: Betty Watson's "One Day in Brandon Manitoba 9/9/99" (Brandon, Manitoba: Bart Art Books, 1999); P.N. Breton's "Popular Illustrated Guide to Canadian Coins, Medals, &. &.," (Winnipeg: Canadian Numismatic Publishing Institute, 1963 [reprint]); "Facts About Brandon: An Industrial Survey of the City of Brandon," (Province of Manitoba: Department of Industry and Commerce, [1946]); The Polish Gymnastic Association Sokol's "75th Anniversary: From the Past to the Future!" ([Brandon, Manitoba: Polish Gymnastic Association Sokol, 1988]); and Brandon Kinsmen Club's "'Together...Once Again': A History of the Kinsmen Club of Brandon, Manitoba, 1925-1975 (Brandon, Manitoba: The Historical Committee of the Kinsmen Club of Brandon, 1975).

Pamplets and magazines include: Brandon Generating Station (1957) and (1969), The Brandon Quota Club presents...A Century in Revue (1982), Canadian Rail No. 168/July-August 1965 [featuring Brandon Municipal Railway], Prairie City Issue No. 3/1994, and Prairion May/June 1997.

The binder is titled Book No. 9 - "Year by year: miscellaneous items from 1969 to 2000"; an asterik (*) indicates notes have been made on each subject or item in the other Books. Each section is housed in

The files in the accordian file box have been rehoused and include the following topics: banks, Brandon 125 beer, Behlen Industries, breweries, Brandon Shoppers' Mall, calendars, Canadian Motors Ltd., Canexus/Nexen, Canada Games - Summer and Winter, Canadian Tire, CKX Radio & TV/CKLQ, Corral Centre, flour mills, hospitals, Keystone, Maple Leaf, Fred McGuinness, miscellaneous, A.E. McKenzie, people, railways, Simplot, Westman Recycling (new facility), weather-storms-floods, and extra copies of postcards.

Notes:	Description by Christy Henry. Accession 4-2013: Book No. 1 contains a photocopied photograph of Aagaard's Cafe, photographs of the Dominion Bank and Barney's Drive Inn and a photo reproduction of the Bass Building. Book No. 2 contains a photograph of the Provincial Goal. Book No. 3 contains photographs of T. Eaton Company (4 construction photos) and a photo reproduction of tents on the Exhibition grounds (c. 1940). Book No. 4 contains photographs of the Oak Theatre and Western Motors. There are also photopied photographs of The Fun Shop.
Name Access:	Jack Stothard
	Cafe Aagard
	Great Northern Railway
	Aagaard's Cafe
	Lunch Counter
	A-4 Military Camp
	Alcoholism Foundation of Manitoba
	Amberwood Village
	Anglo Canadian Oils Ltd.
	Applebee's Neighbourhood Grill & Bar
	The Brandon Armoury
	Army & Navy Store
	Art Gallery of Southwestern Manitoba
	Assiniboine River
	Atom-Jet Industries Ltd.
	Aub's B.A. Service Station
	Frederickson's B.A. Service Station
	A&W Restaurant
	A&W Drive-In
	Ayerst Organics Ltd.
	Bank of British North America
	Bank of Hamilton
	Bank of Montreal
	Bank of Nova Scotia
	Canadian Bank of Commerce
	Canadian Imperical Bank of Commerce (CIBC)
	Dominion Bank
	Imperial Bank of Canada
	Merchants' Bank of Canada
	The Northern Bank
	Royal Bank of Canada
	Toronto Dominion Bank (TD Bank)
	Union Bank of Canada
	Barney's Drive Inn
	Barney's Shoe Shine
	Bass Building
	Bass families
	Beacon Lunch

Behlen Industries/Behlen-Wickes Co. Ltd. **Belair Chinese Restaurant Belvedere Apartments** Beresford Lumber Co. **Bertrands Block** Bertrand & Company **Beverage Services Limited** Coca-Cola Bottling Company Dr. Wilfred Bigelow Bing Juckes Drive Inn **Binkley Motors** Donald "Tiny" Bird Blackwood's Ltd. Blackwood Beverages Ltd. Borbridge Block **Boreham Park Apartments** Bower's Esso Service The Brandon Bowl Recreation Bowling Alleys and Billiard Room Thunderbird Bowl Marsh Varcoe Woodbine Alleys Ltd. Box Brothers Ltd. **Braecrest Estates Brandon Airport** Brandon Aero Club Brandon Flying Club Brandon Allied Arts Centre Brandon Automobiles (1959) Limited Brandon Binder Twine Company Brandon Brewing Co. Brandon Business College Brandon Chamber of Commerce Brandon Clinic First Street Plaza The Brandon Club Brandon Consumer Co-operative Ltd. (Co-op) Brandon Construction Company Ltd. Brandon Correctional Institute Brandon Jail Brandon Creamery & Supply Co. Ltd. Brandon Creamery & Supply Co. Brandon Curling Club Brandon Eagles Gymnatics Centre Brandon Electric Light Company

Manitoba Power Company **Brandon Felt Works** Brandon Fire Engine Co. The Brandon Fruit & Procude Co. Ltd. Brandon Gallery Shopping Centre Town Centre Brandon Golf & Country Club Brandon Hardware Co. Ltd. Ashdown's hardware Stylrite Hardware Brandon Heating and Plumbing Brandon Houseing Co-operative Ltd. Aspen Woods Brandon Humane Society **Brandon Machine Works** Brandon Municipal Street Railway Brandon Museum Inc. **Daly House Museum** Brandon Musical Supply Company Brandon Packers Ltd. Brandon Scrap Iron & Metal Recycling Ltd. Brandon Ski Club Mt. Glenorky Ski Club Brandon Stock Car Club Brandon Sun The Sun Printing Co. Brandon Tennis Club **Brandon Tourist Camp** Brandon Transit Ltd. Brandon Transit System Handi Transit **Brandon Woolen Mills** Metev Woolen Mills Bliss Building **Brazzell Motors** Brentwood Village Moble Home Court **Breslauer & Warren Jewelers** First Street Bridge 1st Street Bridge Eighteenth Street Bridge 18th Street Bridge Daly Overpass Thompson Bridge **Eighteenth Street Overpass** 18th Street Overpass

8th Street Bridge 9th Street Bridge **Eighth Street Bridge** Pedestrian Bridge British Commonwealth Air Training plan British Commonwealth Air Training Plan Museum Bockie-Donovan Roy Brown La Plant Block Fraser Block Syndicate Block Laplont Block Johnson & Company Hardware Zink Block Yukon Block **Burchill & Howey** Burns Foods Ltd. Burns Meats Ltd. **Bus Depot** Greyhound Bus Lines Grey Goose Bus Lines MacArthur & Son Ltd. CDC Home & Leisure Centre Campbell & Campbell Building Campbell & Ferguson Building Canada Safeway Ltd. Canada Summer Games Canada Winter Games Canadian Brown Steel Tank Canadian Steel Tank Ltd. Canadian Mental Health Association Canadian Motors Ltd. Canadian National Railway (CNR) Canadian Order of Foresters Canadian Pacific Railway (CPR) Canadian Phoenix Insurance Co. Canadian Stover Gasoline Engine Co. **Canadian Tire Store** Cancade Co. Ltd. Cancade Bros. Cancade Bros. Ltd. Cancade Company Cando Contracting Ltd. Cargill Grain Company Central Community Centre

Central Park Lodge Valleyview Care Centre Central Sheet Metal Works Child & Family Services of Western Manitoba The Children's Aid Society Chrest's Dry Cleaners Chrest family Christie's Bookstore Christie's School Supply **Christie Grant Store** Sir Winston Churchill Park Circle Eight Drive Inn City Cafe City Golf Course CKLQ СКХ Clark Leatherdale Funeral Home **Clement Block** Cockshutt Plow Co. Codville & Co. Commodore Bakery Ltd. Trent's Bakery Coldwell Block **Coronation Park** Jubilee Park **Corral Centre** The Country Kitchen Restaurant Aunt Sarah's Family Restaurant **Country Style Donuts** Court House Crane Limited Crane Steel Structures Ltd. Crang's Grocery & Confectionery Dairyworld Foods Creelman's Shoe Store Cumming & Dobbie Curran Park Curtis Block Yaeger Block Daymin Court **Bell Block** De Bruyn & Verhoef Woodworks Ltd. De Fehr Furniture Denis Prefab Ltd. **Diamond Waterworks**

Dinsdale Cartage & Storage (1968) Ltd. **Dinsdale Park** Doig & Robertson Rankin & Co. Doig, Rankin & Robertson Doig's Store Ltd. Double Bar S Burger & Dairy Ranch The Drewry's Ltd. Alexander Brown Brown's Drug Store Dufresne Furniture & Appliances **Dutch Mill Bakery** East End Community Centre Eastern Access Route (Highway 110) Eaton's of Canada T. Eaton Company Edrans Brandon Pressed Brick Co. Eleanor Kidd Park Eleanor Kidd Gardens W.A. Elliott T.E. Elviss Company Empire Brewing Co. Ltd. Bell Bottling Co. **Esquire Dance Hall** Connaught Hall Evans, Matheson & Associates Experimental Farm **Brandon Research Station** Fairview Personal Care Home Feed Rite Mills Ltd. Federal Pioneer Ltd. (FPE) Federated Co-operatives Ltd. Fedoruk Groceteria Flash Barber Shop and Beauty Salon Alexander Fleming Fleming's Drug Store Fleming Block Fleming's Well Fort Brandon Museum A.C. Fraser & Co. Fraser & Ross Fred's Dry Cleaners Frost & Wood Brockie Funeral Home Campbell & Campbell

Vincent & Macpherson Galaxy Computer Systems George's Food Bar George Jimas Gidding's Store Gillis & Warren Ltd. Golden Gate Cafe Gooden's Men's Wear Grand Stand Grand Valley Place The Great West Coal Copmany Ltd. Great Western Outerwear & Sportswear Ltd. Green Acres Community Centre Green Acres Lodge Green Acres subdivision Habitat for Humanity B.J. Hales Natural History Museum Hamilton and Jones Ltd. Hanbury Manufacturing Co. Hanbury House T.M. Harrington Harry's Ukrainian Kitchen & Steak House Hedges Trucking Heise Block Heritage Co-op 1997 Ltd. Highland Park Mobile Home Estate Ltd. Hillcrest Place Personal Care Home Hillside Town Houses Manitoba Infrastructure & Transportation **Highways Deparment** Hobbs Manor Home Development Co. Ltd. Home Estates Ltd. Home Hardware Hopkins Bakery Horner's Busy Corners Hornor's Busy Corners Paterson House Matheson House Villa Louise Row House Hudson House Casa Maley Hughes & Long Hughes & Co.

Husky Oil & Refining Ltd. Husky Travelcentre Husky House Locomart North Hill IGA West End IGA Sobey's Immigration Hall Imperial Square Indian and Metis Friendship Centre International Harvester Co. of Canada Ltd. Inventronics Ltd. Jacobson and Greiner Ltd. J&G The Jo-Ann Accessory Shop John Deere Plow Company Johnson's Cafe Johnson's Hardware Store Kam Lung Restaurant & Cocktail Lounge Martin Kavanagh Keg Steakhouse & Bar Kelly Block Kelly & Co. P.A. Kennedy Co. Ltd. Keystone Centre Kinsmen Club Kinsmen Kiddies Korner Kinsmen Centennial Swimming Pool Kinsmen Outdoor Skating Rink Kinsmen Memorial Stadium Kinsmen Little League Stadium Kin Village Kinsmen Zoo **Kip's Service Station** Brigadier General James Kirkcaldy Kirkcaldy Heights (North Hill) sub-division **Kiwanis** Club Kiwanis Swimming Pool/Paddling Pool Kmart Knowlton's Boot Shop S.S. Kresge Co. Ltd. Kullberg's Furniture Store Lake Brandon Land Titles Office Lark Hill sub-division

Larry's Studio Lawson Lodge Prairie Oasis Frank Lawson & Sons Leech Printing Lee's Implements Ltd. Brandon Public Library Centennial Library - Arts Centre Western Manitoba Regional Library Lindenberg Brothers Limited Linden Lanes Lions Club Lion's Manor Westman Lion's Manor Inc. Linden Lanes Shopping Centre Red & White Store Lyceyn Tea Room MacArthur Transportation Co. Soo-Security Motorways Ltd. M.F. MacDonald Macey Foods Ltd. G.C. (Curly) MacKay MacLeods Store Magnacca Enterprises Manitoba Centennial 1970 Manco Manitoba Cooperative Dairies Ltd. Manitoba Dairy and Poultry Cooperative Ltd. The Manitoba Hardware & Lumber Co. Ltd. Manitoba Emergency Services College Manitoba Engines Ltd. Manitoba Felt & Yarn Works - Brandon Manitoba Government Building Manitoba Housing & Renewal Corporation Manitoba Housing Authority Manitoba Motor Transit Ltd. Manitoba Pool Elevators Agricore Manitoba Public Insurance Coproration Autopac MPI The Manitoba Windmill & Pump Co. Ltd. Brandon Gas & Power Co. Ltd. Maple Leaf Flour Mills Maple Leaf Pork

Maple Leaf Meats Maple Leaf Foods The Maples Mark's Work Wearhouse D. Marshall Massey-Harris Co. Ltd. Massey-Feguson Building Massin Furs Frank Massin & Son Hide & Furs Masonic Temple Dr. J. Murray Matheson McCallum Jewellers McCallum Nursing Home McCall Frontenac Texaco McDiarmid & Clark McDonald & Foreman John A. McDonald & Son McDowell & Doke Tinsmiths' McGregor's Livery Sale & Boarding Stable J.D. McGregor Malcolm McAdam McGregor Fred McGuinness A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd. A.E. McKenzie House Meadowlark Campground Memories Chapel and Pre-planning Centre Metropolitan Cafe Metropolitan Store Meyers Norris Penny Miladi's - The House of Ladies' Quality Apparel Mitrou Cafe & Candy Company Modern Dairies Monterey Estates Sunridge Homes Ltd. Morgon Motors Moxie's Blue Hills restaurant Perkin's Restaurant William Muir General Grocer Murray Chev Olds-Cadillac Ltd. Mutter Brothers Nation & Shewan National Store Neale, Stothard & Chapman

The Newmount Medical Clinic Nexen Chemicals Inc. Canexus Ltd. New System Store North End Community Centre Northside Mazda **Oddfellows** Corner Ogilvie Co. Old Men's Home Charlton Lodge Olympia Cafe Orange Hall Grand Orange Lodge Orchard Hardware Co. Oshkosh Filter and Softener Co. Pacific 66 Service Station Palladium Dance Hall Park Community Centre Parker's Restaurant Charlie Coyote's Park View Apartments George A. Paterson Patmore's Paul's Hauling Ltd. A.E. McKenzie Jack Hawson Christopher David Mitrou A. Reginald McDiarmid **Tony Macialek** Alex Mowat David Weiss Joseph Whitehead Steward Shultz Harry Cater Charles Pilling Robert Coombs William Henderson Arthur Johnson George W. Noble T.J. Beaubier Harry Brown Frank Massin H.L. Patmore Jack MacArthur Flora Cowan

P.A. Kennedy George Fitton William Ferguson Jack Coleman A.E. Smith J.C.P. Mitchell Joseph Boyarski W.T. "Bud" Higgins Colonel Charles Whillier **Benjamin Hales** Fred Young Wilfred Bigelow Gabriel Charles (Barney) Mollot E.J. Tyler Pierre Cancade George Sykes G.R. Rowe George Bass Ritchie (Bob) Macpherson Leslie Alexander McKay Herbert Samuel Sharpe Tom Ryles Harold George Dinsdale Paul Leon Regis Cancade Eleanor Kidd Cecil Webb Edmond Fotheringham Roy B. Hunter Jack Donnelly lan M. Brown Charles Goucher Lenton James Rust Harold B. Smith Milton Tinline Keith Hurst Ernest Jerrett Pearl Treleaven Hugh Rice Cec Leech William Gooden William Samuel Gooden Sam Wong George Mason Henderson Bain William Webster Fotheringham Alex McPhail

Richard Patmore Sandy Patterson J.R.C. Evans John Shurb Joseph Frederick Ronald Relf William Speakman David Norris Myheer Crystal Mrs. Joseph Whitehead Gus Hendzel Stuart Craig Krug Crawford Walter Hutchings Lorne Duncan McDonald Max Szturm Henry Perdue Samuel Harris Charles Lightbody Boom Cristal Russell Fedoruk James Creighton Jack Kullberg D.R. MacKay W. Norman Hargreaves-Mawdsley Reg Poole Stephen William Bass A.B. Downing Ernestine Whiteside Albert St. Clair Rumball Alfred Veale **Clive Porteous** G.T. McNeil J. Stuart Thompson William Bertrand Stephen Magnacca **Charles Unicume** Franklin Williamson P.J. Harwood Donn Mitchell David Brownridge George Mutter J.E. Matthews Mary Waddell

Alfred James Eamer

Herbert Stuart Curly MacKay Betty Gibson Louisa Eagle Ewart Murray Marion Doig Arthur Gordon Buckingham Ernest Christie Whitehead **Daniel Cristall** Gordon Sefton Robert Brockway H.O. McDiarmid Glen Fowler Arthur Augustus Harris James Munro Thomas Stark Howard B. Smith Reginald Edward Unicume Elwood Gorrie James "Skip" McFarlane Mitchell Turk Broda Henry Neudorf John Boyd Craig Walter Dinsdale A.B. Knowlton John R. Brodie Walter Shillinglaw Zena Hurst H. Vincent Kidd People's Market Place Perkins Family Restaurant Pizza Hut Pizza Place Planet KIA Ponderosa Steak House **Pool Packers** The Porteous Manufacturing Company Princess Auto Ltd. **Princess Park Apartments** Princess Towers Apartments **Provincial Building** Federal Building Pue's Interior Furnishings Ltd. Quality Groceteria Queen's Court

Queen Elizabeth Park **Ravenscourt Apartments** R.C.A.F. No. 2 Manning Depot R.C.A.F. No. 12 Service Flying Training School Brandon Rec Centre Red Cross Drug Store Rehab Industries of Western Manitoba Reliance Machine and Motor Company **Rendering Plant** Ressor's Jewellery Store Richmond Gardens Apartments Ltd. **Richmond Shoe Store** Ricki's Ladies' Ready to Wear Store The Ricksha Restaurant **Rideau Park** Rideau Park Personal Care Home Ritz Cafe **Riverbank Discovery Centre Riverheights Terrace Riverview Curling Club** Robins Donuts Rosenman's Furniture Royal Canadian Legion Brandon Branch No. 3 Royal Canadian Legion Wheat City Branch No. 247 RCMP Safety Service Station Don Gamble Sander's Drug Store Wellman's Drug Store Scotia Towers Scott Fruit Company Security Building Seniors for Seniors Tony's Shamrock Lunch Vic Sharpe Shaver's Furs Ltd. Simpson Sears/Sears Canada Shoppers Mall Brandon Brandon and Distric Shriner's Club Shur-Gro Farm Services Ltd. Simplot Canada Ltd. Koch Fertilizer Canada **Thomas Sinclair** Sixteenth Street Beach John E. Smith Block

Smith & Burton Smith Carter Searle Associates Smith's Lumber Ltd. Smith's Tobacco Shop Smitty's Restaurant Snye Bridge/Snye River Sokol Hall Sokol Manor Somerville & Co. Soo's Chop Suey House South End Community Centre Spin Well Woolen Mills Co. Ltd. Sportsplex Harold Spratling The Spruce Woods Housing Cooperative Ltd. Stanley Park West End Park Stan's IGA/Stan's Fine Foods Staples Business Depot O. Stark & Son Steel Store Strand Theatre Strathcona Apartments Isaiah Strome Stuarts News & Cigar Store Lawrence Stuckey Suburban Restaurant Sun Cafe The Sun Printing Company Superstore Super Thrifty Drugs Sykes Slide Ted Hill's Meat Market MTS Texaco-Lone Star Service Station Allen Theatre **Bijou Theatre Capital Theatre** Landmark Cinema Empire Theatre Green Acres Drive-In Theatre Lucky Star Drive-In Theatre Oak Theatre **Orpheum Theatre** Palace Theatre

Princess Theatre Sherman Theatre Starland Theatre Town Cinema Willis Theatre The Avenue Groceteria The Fun Shop Thomas Mall Thompson Grocery Train Drive-In & Dairy Bar Trans-Canada Highway Travellers Day Parade Trotter & Trotter Tuberculosis Act United Commercial Travellers of America UCT United Grill United Cafe United Pacific Company Ltd. United Services Recreation Centre Upton Apartments Valleyview Subdivision Velvet Dip Venice House Restaurant Victoria Curling Club Victoria Rink Victory Cafe The Vogue Waddell's Children's Store Wade & Sons Ltd. Wally Byam Caravan Club International Watt's Men's Wear Welder Supplies Ltd. Wendy's Restaurant West End Community Centre Westbran Stadium Neil Andrews Field Western cooperative Fertilizers Ltd. Western Concrete Products Ltd. Western Grocers Ltd. Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium Western Medical Clinic Western Motors Ltd. Westman Communications Group Westman Media Cooperative

Westman Kiwanis Courts Westoba Credit Union Wheat City Arena Winter Fair Building Wheat City Business College Wheat City Curling Club Wheat City Motors Whyte's Pantry Grocery White Rose Service Station Willingdon Apartments Willson Stationery Company Wilton Motors Ltd. Winnipeg House F.W. Woolworth Store Wright & Wightman Yaeger's Furs YMCA YWCA Zenith Paving Ltd. Zeller's Zink's Grocery First Baptist Church **Bethel Temple** Pentecostal Tabernacle Bethel Christian Assembly McDiarmid Drive Alliance Church Calvary Temple St. Paul's Presbyterian Church St. Paul's United Church Central United Church First Church of Christ Scientist Church of the Nazarene First Christian Reformed Church First Church United First Methodist Church Methodist Church First Presbyterian Church Full Gospel Church Four Square Gospel Church Grace Lutheran Church Grace Mennonite Church Grand Valley Community Church Jewish Synagogue Kingdom Hall of Jehovah Witnesses Knox United Church

Knox Presbyterian Church First Lutheran Church Lutheran Redeemer Church Madison Crescent Baptist Church Mennonite Mission Church Mevlana Canadian Heritage Islam Society Richmond Park Mennonite Brethren Church Saint Andrews Presbyterian Church St. Augustine's Church St. George's Anglican Church St. Hedwig's Catholic Church St. Joseph's Polish National Catholic Church St. Mary's Ukrainian Catholic Church St. Matthew's Cathedral The Salvation Army **Brandon Citadel Corps Eventide Home Bullock-Booth Home Dinsdale Personal Care Home** St. Mary's Anglican Church Southminster Presbyterian Church **Trinity United Church** Ukrainian Orthodox Church of Holy Ghost Victoria Avenue Methodist Church Brandon General Hospital Assiniboine Hospital **Brandon Regional Health Centre** Brandon Regional Health Authority A4 Military Training Camp Fort Brandon Barracks Brandon Mental Health Centre (BMHC) Child & Adolescent Treatment Centre Albion Hotel American House Arlington Hotel Barney's Motel **Beaubier House Beaubier Hotel** Mr. Bee's Inn Best Western Brandon Inn Brandon Hotel **Brandon House Brunswick House** Canad Inns

Canadian Inn

Knights Inn Casa Blanca Motel Cecil Hotel Chalet Inn Motel **Central Hotel Chester House** City Hotel Coachman Inn Motel City Centre Hotel Colonial Inn Comfort Inn Motel Journey's End Motel Crystal Hotel Crystal's Grand View Hotel Days Inn Douglas House **Empire Hotel** Edie House Grand Central Hotel Grand Union Hotel Harris House Highland Park Motor Lodge Hillcrest Motel Imperial Hotel Kelly House King Edward Hotel Keystone Motor Inn Lakeview Inn & Suites Lamp Lighter Motor Lodge Lambton House Langham Hotel Little Chalet Inn Motel Merchant's Hotel Midway Motel Motel Rambler Motel 6 New Pacific Hotel Nite Rest Cabins North Hill Motel Ottawa Hotel Ontario House One & Ten Motel Pacific Hotel Palace Hotel Prince Edward Hotel

Queens Hotel Ramada Inn Red Oak Inn Redwood Inn Redwood Motor Inn Redwood Travelodge Reno Hotel Rodeway Inn Motel **Roseland Hotel** Royal Arms Hotel Royal George Hotel Royal Hotel Royal Oak Inn The Scotsman Motel Shore House Star & Garter Hotel Sunset Motel Starlight Motel Super 6 Motel Super 8 Motel Trails West Motor Inn Transit House Travelodge Twin Pines Motel Victorial Hotel Victoria Inn Western Motel Wheat City Hotel Windsor Hotel G.W. Alexander E.G. Wiswell John Richards Thomas Hudson John Melhuish Alexander Mowat George Bain Jack Carey Edward Polnick Gary Winters **Rick Gregoire** Brent Dane Archibald McMillan Peter Duncan Jack Foster Watson Boyd

E.G. Berry Joseph Robert Hardy Charlie Goucher Harry Bernard Everett John Little Harry Collister Roger Hines David McNamee Ken Elliott Keith Buizer **Brian Scott** Dick Scott **Richard Bruce** Harley Bryson Keith Atkinson lan Grant City Hall **Brandon City Council** City of Brandon **Brandon Cemetery** Brandon School Board Brandon School Division Alexandra School Assiniboine Community College Assiniboine School Betty Gibson School Brandon Collegiate Institute (BCI) Central School Crocus Plains Regional Secondary School David Livingstone School Earl Haig School Earl Oxford School East Ward School Fleming School George Fitton School Green Acres School Harrison High School Harrison Middle School Christian Heritage School Indian Industrial School Indian Residential School King George School Kirkcaldy Heights School Linden Lanes School Lions School

McLaren School

Meadows Elementary School

Neelin High School

New Era School

Brandon Normal School

Brandon Agricultural & Homemaking School

Agricultural Extension Centre

North Ward School

Park School

J.R. Reid School

Riverheights School

Riverview Elementary School

Sacred Heart School

St. Augustine's School

St. Joseph's Academy

St. Michael's Convent

St. Michael's Academy

Technical School

Valleyview Centennial School

Subject Access:

Vincent Massey High School Dominion Exhibition Brandon (1913) Waverly School armouries West Ward School bakeries Brandon College bowling alleys Brandon University breweries Brandon Generating Station bricks Brandon Quota Club brickyards Polish Gymnastic Association Sokol bridges Sokol Buildings

bus transportation

Canada's centennial

circuses

creameries

dairies

druggists

drug stores

Grain elevators

fairs

exhibitions

Flour mills

funeral homes

funeral chapels

gasoline

garbage dumps

landfills

recycling

Transportation houses ice houses ice wagons IGA stores grocery stores infantile paralysis polio laundries manufactured gas street names natural gas newspapers public utilities Brandon General Strike hydro police department parking parking meters population post offices prohibition alcohol regulations rationing roller rinks skate board parks floods telephone services theatres highways Housing waterworks sewers weather snowstorms churches hospitals military hospitals hotels fire chiefs fire department police chiefs judicial system city boundaries salaries

	mayors
	city engineers
	city managers
	Brandon's 75th Anniversary
	Brandon's centennial
Storage Location:	tokens 2003 accessions 4-2013 with 2013 accessions
Storage Range:	2003 accessions, 2013 accessions; loose photographs from the 8-2008 accession are located in the RG 5 photograph storage drawer.



Brandon College fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4236

Part Of:	RG 1 Brandon College fonds
Description Level:	Fonds
Accession Number:	R81-30
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	1899-1967
Physical Description:	25.5 m textual records and photographs
History /	
Biographical:	

JOHN CRAWFORD AND PRAIRIE COLLEGE:

Although Brandon College was officially created in 1899, its roots go back much further to the late 1870's and early 1880's. It was during this time that Reverend John Crawford built Prairie College which was located in Rapid City, Manitoba.

Rev. John Crawford was born in Castledawson, Ireland. While he was at boarding school in Belfast he was converted to the Baptist faith. His later education took place at Edinburgh University, Stephany College, and Regent Park Baptist College, all of which are located in Great Britain. He became a pastor in London, England, which is where he met his wife, a prominent and cultured lady.

Crawford felt that his calling was in the backwoods of Canada, so he soon moved his wife and family to a farm near Toronto where he continued to preach. He was asked to join the faculty of the Canadian Literary Institute, a Baptist institution located in Toronto. He accepted the position and taught there for several years. The CLI, as it was commonly known, was a Baptist theological college. It was renamed Woodstock College in 1883.

In 1879, Crawford saw the need for Baptist preachers in the newly opening territories of Western Canada. He felt that a self-sustaining college was the answer. Young men could work the land and gain religious education to prepare them for the ministry at the same time. He chose Rapid City, Manitoba as the site for his new college, because it was then recognized as an integral hub of the Northwest. It was also on the proposed transcontinental railway route. The students would build the college and cultivate the land. The Ontario Baptist Convention, while shying away from giving him official approval for the proposed college, did allow Crawford the liberty to canvass the Baptist churches in order to raise up to \$2000 for the venture.

Crawford secured the help of Reverend G.B. Davis, a student at Woodstock and a graduate of Morgan Park College, Chicago, to teach and help train the students. In the summer of 1879, Davis and nine students reached Rapid City. During that summer they cultivated the land and built a two-story college building out of local stone. The following spring, Rev. John Crawford sold his house in Toronto for an estimated \$4000 and moved with his family to Rapid City to take up residence at the new college.

The newly formed Prairie College opened in the fall of 1880 with 15 missionary students. Rev. Crawford was the Principal, Rev. Davis was the Vice-Principal, while Misses Emily and Fanny Crawford were teachers. Although the school was a success missionarywise, it did not do well financially. In 1883, Prairie College closed, partly due to financial troubles and partly due to the Ontario Baptists deciding that one Baptist Theological College in Canada was enough, and it was located in Toronto. The students at Prairie College were urged to finish their education in Toronto . This college would soon be known as McMaster University.

S.J. MCKEE AND RAPID CITY ACADEMY:

After the closing of Prairie College, Rev. Crawford left for the United States. However, Rev. Davis still saw a need for education in Rapid City and began to build another school. The Rapid City Academy opened in 1884. Because Davis accepted a pulpit in Moose Jaw soon after, he prevailed upon his brother-in-law, S.J. McKee , to come and take charge of the academy. McKee accepted the position, and the school flourished under his guidance.

In 1890, McKee decided that the school would do better and reach more people if it was located in Brandon, Manitoba, where the railway had eventually gone through. He moved the Academy, and it was housed in various buildings in the city, until he found a permanent resting spot on the third floor of the Stewart Block on Rosser Avenue and Ninth Street.

BRANDON COLLEGE:

During the 1890's the Baptists began to reconsider their decision of having just one theological college. With the settlement of the West, the Baptists were looking to increase their congregation. It was thought that higher education for potential ministry students would greatly help the Baptist cause. Rev. A. J. Vining, who was the Baptist Superintendent of Missions for Manitoba and the Northwest at the time, strongly advocated a Baptist College in Manitoba.

In 1898, Vining interviewed Mr. William Davies, a prominent Baptist, in Toronto. Davies agreed to pledge \$3500 a year for five years towards the establishment of a college in the West. His sister, Mrs. Emily Davies agreed to add \$1500 to this amount. These pledges encouraged the 1898 meeting of the Manitoba Convention in Winnipeg to begin organization of a Baptist College to be located in Manitoba. A five member committee was chosen to consider the benefits of a Baptist college in Manitoba. Their report was to be read the following summer at the Portage La Prairie Convention.

At the 1899 meeting of the Convention, the five member committee recommended:

1. "That we proceed to inaugurate a movement for the establishment of a denominational school at once.

2. "That we extend a call to Dr. A.P. McDiarmid to act as Principal.

3. "That we appoint a committee of twenty-one directors.

4. "That at present the question of the site be left with the President and Board of Directors but that no site be considered permanent till endorsed by this Convention at a regular or special meeting.

On July 21st, 1899 it was resolved:

- 1. That we proceed to establish and develop an educational school at Brandon.
- 2. That the school be known as "Brandon College".
- 3. That the quorum of the Board of Directors be fixed at eleven .

Because S.J. McKee already had a thriving academy in Brandon, and he was a staunch Baptist, it was decided to merge Professor McKee's Academy with the newly formed Brandon College. The classes would take place in the Stewart Block, the site of the Academy. S.J. McKee was hired as professor in Classics, Mental Science and French, while also acting as the unofficial vice-principal. He also had a position on the Board of Directors. Arthur W. Vining, Howard P. Whidden, J.B. Beveridge, and Miss Annie Beveridge rounded out the first faculty of Brandon College.

The 1900 Brandon College Calendar states:

The College aims at not only the mental culture of its students, but at the development of right character. It recognizes the supreme importance of surrounding the student during the period of college life with positive Christian influences, and to keep before him distinctively Christian ideals. The transcendent worth of character is kept in view in molding the life of the College, while the best possible intellectual training is sought. Though Christian, the College is in no sense sectarian. Students of all denominations will enjoy equal privileges. In every department the professors and teachers must be members of some evangelical church; in the Theological Department alone it will be required that they shall be members of the Baptist denomination. The College in all its departments is open to students of both sexes. The faculty will have watchful regard to the best interests of the students in every respect. Those whose conduct and influence are found to be injurious to the welfare of the College will be dismissed if milder disciplinary methods fail to effect reform .

While the school would be run by the Baptists, it was always non-sectarian and co-educational. Students of all denominations were invited to attend Brandon College. The development of a person with the right character was as important as the mental culture of the students. Classes commenced on October 2, 1899. There were 110 students, 81 men and 29 women. Thirteen of these students had plans to enter the ministry. It soon became apparent that the building Brandon College occupied was far too small for its increasing numbers. Plans were drawn up in early 1900 to build a spacious college on the west edge of Brandon. Hugh McCowan was hired as architect and T.M. Harrington of Winnipeg was asked to build the school.

A charter creating Brandon College was written. This Act briefly defined the purposes, jurisdiction, and administrative framework of the College. The "Act to Incorporate Brandon College" was approved by the Province of Manitoba and assented to on June 1, 1900. It granted the Baptist Convention authority over all College affairs. This authority included the appointment of the College Directors and professors, the creation of rules and bylaws, as well as control over the school's curriculum. While the Board of Directors had control over financial matters, all Board decisions had to be approved by the Convention .

The cornerstone for the new building was laid on July 13, 1900 by Mrs. William Davies. The College commenced classes in the new building, located at 270-18th street, on October 2, 1901. It cost approximately \$44 000 to build. There was residence for 70-80 men as well as a dining room, kitchen, science laboratory, reception room, office, library and nine classrooms. The College consisted of an Academic Department, and Arts Department, a Theological Department, and a Business and Stenographic Department.

The Commercial courses were discontinued in 1916 due to financial difficulties during the war. In 1922, the Business Department of Brandon College was discontinued because the College could no longer afford to keep it operating.

The Academic Department consisted of Grades 9 through 12. Although it was a large and popular aspect of Brandon College, it began to decrease in size with the advent of secondary schools. Up until the early part of the twentieth century, most public schools stopped at around grade eight. After that, there were Normal schools that students could go to to become a teacher. Many students wishing to attend secondary school came to Brandon College, where a full secondary course was offered. By the 1920's and 1930's however, collegiates were becoming more commonplace. Students often didn't have to travel as far to receive a higher education. By the early 1930's most of the Academic Department had been discontinued because of lack of need and finances. By 1932, only the Grade Twelve course was still in operation.

Although one of the main intents behind building Brandon College had been to prepare students for the Baptist ministry, the Theological Department was always one of the smaller departments. By 1915, the Board of Directors had assumed authority over all College operations. However, the Baptist Union still maintained control over theological education, through the Committee on Ministerial Education created in 1908. In 1916, the department was curtailed considerably because of the war. An Educational Secretary, hired in 1919, managed the teaching of theology at Brandon College. The Educational Secretary also controlled the College Maintenance Fund, which was specifically set aside to ensure the financial health of theological education. The Baptist Union's residual power over theological education led to the creation of the Brandon College Commission in 1923. This joint commission of the Baptist Union and College Senate examined several instructors, including Harris MacNeill, for alleged improper Biblical interpretations. These claims stemmed from Fundamentalist Baptists, who believed that the theological students at Brandon College were being taught by Modernists. The Commission found little evidence to support these allegations, and the instructors were later exonerated of all charges. Even with this decision, the College had to discontinue the Theological Department in 1927 due to lack of funds.

The College's financial situation was very poor when Dr. Evans assumed control in 1928. The support from the Baptists was shaky, especially since the Fundamentalist-Modernist argument during the early 1920s. The Baptist Union Educational Committee recommended the Arts department be maintained as a significant training course for Christian leadership. The Committee wanted the re-establishment of the Department of Theology. In 1933, in an attempt to regain Baptist support, Rev. Ross C. Eaton was hired as Lecturer in Bible to help bring religious study back to the College. In 1934, John B. McLaurin was hired as Acting Professor in Theology. Dr. F.W. Pattison gave a Practical Theology course, while Dr. Evans made plans to increase the religious department even more. In 1935 Dr. C.B. Lumsden was appointed Professor of Theology, and in 1936, Rev. E.M. Whidden was appointed Head of the Department of Theology.

In 1905, plans commenced for the building of a Women's Residence to adjoin Brandon College. On May 24th, 1906 Mrs. A.P. McDiarmid laid the cornerstone for what was to become known as Clark Hall. The building was named for C.W. Clark, a Winnipeg doctor who gave \$30 000 of the \$40 000 dollars needed to build the residence. Dr. Clark gave the money to Brandon College because he believed that women should have every chance to receive higher education. On October 18th of the same year, Clark Hall was officially opened, with room for 50 women.

With the expansion of the women's department came programs that were geared towards young women of the era. A Music and Art Department was added to the College as was an Expression and Physical Culture Department. The heads of these departments were Abbie Helmer Vining, H. Hancock, and Gertrude Trotter. Miss Ernestine R. Whiteside was hired as Lady Principal and teacher of German and English.

Mith the rise in immigration during this time same the chance of evaluation at Drandon

With the rise in infiningration during this time came the chance of expansion at Brandon College. There were large numbers of Scandinavian settlements in Manitoba, and it was thought that introducing a Scandinavian Department at the College would entice prospective Swedish missionary students. The students would return to their settlements after being educated by the Baptists, and it was hoped that they would spread the Baptist word among the Scandinavian settlers. Mr. Emil Lundquist was hired in 1907 to head the newly formed Scandinavian Department.

Physical fitness was stressed at Brandon College. Students were encouraged and expected to exercise. It was thought that a healthy body helped to create a healthy mind. There was more behind this ideal than simply healthy minds though, at least for the women students. During this period in history, it was often believed that women were not physically capable of learning to a great extent. It was thought that studying created too much of a stress on the female body, often leading to illness or permanent invalids. Before a girl was accepted to Brandon College, she had to furnish a letter from her doctor stating that she was physically able to go to school and study. As well, women were subjected to the "Clark Hall Line", a daily two mile walk which was mandatory to all women. No matter what the weather was like they would pair up and, in a long line, walk down the streets of Brandon College. There were plenty of other sports offered at Brandon College for both men and women in an effort to keep the students physically active. This belief in physical fitness led to the development in 1908 of what was to become an annual College Field Day.

In 1908, the Baptist Convention of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories became the Baptist Union of Western Canada. This change reflected a restructuring of the Baptist organization. The Union had a meeting every three years that consisted of delegates sent from Baptist churches throughout western Canada. The Baptist Union Board carried on the affairs of the Union and met semi-annually. Each year the Board created a budget based on the needs of the Union, then allocated funds to Provincial and Conference Boards. These other Boards had the responsibility of financing their local institutions and projects. The Baptist Union was not in direct control over these expenditures. If the budget was not raised, the Union had to incur the provincial deficits. This situation of mounting debts continued for several years.

Principal McDiarmid's title was changed to President McDiarmid in 1910. There is no document explaining this change, but it follows a trend in other colleges and universities during that period when the head of the school was known as the president.

Up until 1910, the College had been loosely affiliated with the University of Manitoba. The Baptists refused to accept the University of Manitoba model of a higher institution, and they continuously sought to get a separate University charter that would give Brandon College degree-granting privileges. It was because of the Baptists firm belief in the separation of church and state that they could not accept the University of Manitoba model, as it would place the College under state control. The college could not secure a charter of its own, so it was decided in 1910 that Brandon College would affiliate with McMaster University.

Brandon College was in debt following the construction of their first two buildings, and it became increasingly clear to the College Board that they could no longer rely solely on funding from the Baptist Union. In order to carry out their financial campaign and increase their administrative efficiency the Board felt it should control the College. In 1911 the Baptist Union was confronted with a proposal from Brandon College stating:

...in our confirmed judgment the work of the College should be under the immediate and unfettered direction of its own Board of Directors and Senate--that its Board of Directors, subject to the expressed general policy of the Baptist Union, control its business administration, and that its Senate should have direction of its education policies and work, viz., the determination of its courses of study, its curricula, its instruction, its examinations, etc. It appears after this date that Brandon College was much more in control of its curricula and courses of study. However, the school still relied almost completely on the Union for financial support.

World War One began in 1914 and affected Brandon College greatly. Students were very patriotic to England, reflecting the ideals and propaganda of the time in their thoughts and actions. Classes shrunk as men enlisted, and military drilling in front of the College buildings became a commonplace scene. This was due to the fact that in 1915, a Canadian Officers Training Corps unit was established at Brandon College. A Brandon College platoon was organized as part of the Western Universities Battalion, the 196th.

Over thirty Brandon College men were killed during World War One. After the cessation of hostilities in Europe, the students at Brandon College began fundraising to build a memorial gymnasium to honor their classmates who died during the war.

Brandon College began to consider expansion in 1920, when an extension fund campaign was started in an effort to raise money to build a science building. Meanwhile, Dr. Whidden was involved in a continuous effort to maintain the College financially. That year, Mr. William Davies died, and in his will he left \$100 000 dollars to Brandon College, on the condition that people in the west could match the amount dollar for dollar.

Contributions to the College increased substantially with the 1923 arrival of Dr. Sweet, the new College President. He quickly gained the confidence of the Board of Directors, the faculty, the students, the community, and the Baptists. The motto of Brandon College up to this point in time seemed to have been "Speaking the Truth in Love". But with the arrival of Dr. Sweet the motto appears to have been changed to "Education Crowned by Reverence".

After the Stock Market crash in 1929, the financial situation of the College grew even worse. The Great Depression severely limited charitable contributions for both Brandon College and the Baptist Union during the 1930's.

In 1931, the Baptist Union indicated by resolution that Brandon College would be closed at the end of the 1930-1931 school year unless the College could find a way to pay its own maintenance bills. The final announcement from the Baptist Union Board stated:

'RESOLVED that the Board of Brandon College be requested to endeavor to continue the College in operation until the close of the current College year, and that in view of the inability of the Baptist Union to make provision for adequate financial support, that the College cease to operate at the end of the current College year.'

It was at this time the businessmen of Brandon, through the Brandon Board of Trade, began to get involved in the College situation. An organization called the Brandon College Citizens Campaign submitted a by-law that would raise \$20 000 for the College for at least five years. The by-law had to be accepted by 60% of the ratepayers before it would be instituted. Despite a huge campaign effort, the by-law was rejected, mainly by the large working-class society in the city who did not see the need for higher education and who resented not being hired to do contract work there. After the by-law failed Brandon citizens raised \$20 000 on their own to keep the school open for at least another year.

By 1937, the College was still financially unstable, and although the Western Baptists supported the institution, they could no longer afford to help with the costs. In 1938 the Baptist Union passed a resolution withdrawing completely from any financial responsibility for Brandon College.

BRANDON COLLEGE AS A NON-DENOMINATIONAL SCHOOL:

The citizens of Brandon began to look for ways to keep the College open. A delegation of 60

representatives from towns in southwestern Manitoba asked Premier John Bracken and the Minister of Education for assistance to help keep Brandon College open as a Western Manitoba Arts College under the direction of an independent Board and on a non-denominational basis. The Brandon Board of Trade created a Brandon College Committee. Its members looked into ways the College could be saved. A.E. McKenzie was one of the central figures in this fight to save Brandon College .

In July, McKenzie put up an offer of a \$100 000 endowment for Brandon College. Shortly after that he upped the endowment to \$300 000. The provincial government agreed to give the College \$15 000 annually on the condition that the city of Brandon raise that amount as well and the \$300 000 endowment was accepted. In September, McKenzie increased the endowment to \$500 000 dollars, \$100 000 of which would be revenue-bearing at 3%, which would raise \$3000 a year for twenty years. Brandon was disappointed that the provincial government only offered \$15 000, as they had originally asked for quite a bit more. However, they set about on a campaign to raise their share of the funds so that Brandon College could open for the fall term .

In September of 1938, Brandon College reopened under the affiliation of the University of Manitoba. A provisional Board of Directors, consisting of Dr. J.R.C. Evans, Mayor F.H. Young, A.E. McKenzie, N.W. Kerr, K.C., E.M. Warren, H.O. McDiarmid, M.D., A.G. Buckingham, K.C., F.R. Longworth, and R.B. Alexander, was responsible for the administering of the affairs of the college. These men were all prominent Brandon citizens who had been involved in the fight to save Brandon College. They tried to complete the campaign to cover financial obligations and assure permanency of the college. The provincial government said that they would raise their support from \$15 000 to \$22 500 per year if Brandon could pass a by-law guaranteeing support of the college.

On April 17, 1939, Bill 104 received assent as an Act of the Provincial Legislature incorporating Brandon College Incorporated. On June 6, a Brandon Bylaw was passed that approved the levying of one mill on the dollar from taxpayers for the next twenty years to help support Brandon College. This Bylaw assured that Brandon taxpayers would raise \$5000 during the first year that it was levied, and this amount would increase during subsequent years as Brandon grew and prospered. On June 13, the Board of Directors approved recording of the Bill as the Charter of Corporation. The A.E. McKenzie endowment was authorized by Bylaw #5 of the corporation on December 19.

With the outbreak of World War II in 1939 came the resurrection of the C.O.T.C. at Brandon College in 1940. Enrollment went down as young men and women joined the Armed Forces to go overseas. In order to keep the college out of debt, Dr. Evans created the War Emergency Fund in 1941. This fund raised \$15 000 from 1941 to 1946. Scholarships were restarted at the college to help boost enrollment. Many of the scholarships were contingent on the recipient being a resident student in order to help raise residence numbers.

In 1945, the A.E. McKenzie Trust of 1939 was canceled, and 90% of A.E. McKenzie's stockholdings were transferred to the control of the Province of Manitoba. The A.E. McKenzie Foundation was established using the annual declared dividends from the 90% of the stock. This foundation was administered by the Minister of Education of Manitoba, the President of Brandon College, and a third person to be decided on by both parties. The annual grant of \$10 000 from the foundation would be increased by \$4000 if a Social Science Chair was established at the college.

In 1946 that Brandon College hired its first Director of Public Relations. This man was Walter G. Dinsdale, a 1937 Brandon College graduate. A Guidance Committee was created in 1948. It was also during this year that Brandon College became an associate member of the National Conference of Canadian Universities. A Social Science Department was added in 1948, and the Biology Department was reorganized. In 1949 a Department of Political Science was created. The Board of Directors passed a resolution in 1949 to create a committee to hire a director for a financial campaign. The campaign went poorly. Brandon College, although not in the same position as it had been a decade earlier, was still not secure financially. The citizens of Brandon, having been through the Depression and the war years, did not have much left to give to the College.

In 1951, the Federal Government provided the first of an annual fund of \$8 000 000 to be divided between Canada's universities and colleges based on enrollment figures. During this first year, Brandon College received \$18 000 from the government.

Education was first offered at Brandon College in 1952 with the co-operation of the Department of Education and the University of Manitoba. In 1953, Brandon College became an associate member of the Association of Universities of the British Commonwealth.

The mortgage that had been assumed from the Baptists in 1939 was paid off in 1954. It was also during this year that Brandon College received its first new building since the 1922 Science Building. An "H-Hut" was moved onto the property and placed behind the Science Building. It was redecorated and used for student functions, a library, and a recreation area.

The Board of Directors increased from twenty one to thirty six in 1955. The provincial grant of \$22 500 was raised to \$50 000.

In 1957 the Brandon College Faculty Association was formed. This marked the beginning of the end of the 'family' structure of the college. A salary schedule was created in 1957 for the Arts and Science Departments. In November of 1958, the Expansion Committee of the Board of Directors was authorized to proceed with all aspects of expansion. By 1959, a new Arts and Library building was being planned.

On Thursday, July 23, 1959, Dr. Evans died suddenly while on holiday in Robson, British Columbia. Before he died he had managed to secure funding and plans for the new Arts and Library building and Lecture Theatre. The Manitoba Government granted \$500 000 and the Canada Council \$102 000 towards the building of a new Arts and Library Building and Lecture Theatre.

The new Arts and Library Building and the J.R.C. Evans Lecture Theatre were officially opened on January 6, 1961 by Mrs. John G. Diefenbaker (Olive Freeman, Class of 1923). It was also during 1961, that Brandon College welcomed its first overseas student. As well, J.E. Brodie, the former president of Great West Coal made a \$200 000 gift to Brandon College, and gave \$50 000 to the Expansion Fund.

The next several years were full of expansion for Brandon College. The Men's Residence, Dining Hall and Heating Plant were opened in 1962. In 1963, a Women's Residence and the Music Building were opened. A Gymnasium was opened in 1965.

The Board of Directors changed dramatically in the early 1960's, becoming more influenced by the distribution of funds from government sources. Legislation in 1966 revised the Brandon College Act to reduce the number of members on the Board of Directors from thirty-six down to twelve. Seven of these twelve would be appointed by the Lieutenant Governor-in-Council, and three would be appointed by the Brandon College Corporation. One member would be elected by the Alumni Association, and the College President would be a member ex-officio.

BRANDON COLLEGE BECOMES BRANDON UNIVERSITY:

1967 was an important year for Brandon College. Not only was a new Education Building opened, but the College ceased to exist. This was because a university charter had been granted to Brandon College. On July 1, 1967. Brandon College became Brandon University.

ea la Brandon Conego. On day 1, 1001, Brandon Conego Securio Brandon Dr. John E. Robbins was appointed to be its first president. The university would enjoy a certain amount of freedom from the financial hardships it had endured over the past 68 years. As well, the university would no longer have its curriculum dictated to it from other institutions as it had during affiliation with McMaster University and the University of Manitoba.

Custodial History:

The records have been located in a number of areas around the University including Clark Hall, the old Science building, the A.E. McKenzie building, and "the trailer", which was a very old addition to Clark Hall and has now been removed from campus. The records are now in the S.J. McKee Archives located on the Brandon University campus.

Scope and Content:

The fond consists of minutes, reports, correspondence, invoices, printed material, clippings and photographs. The collection spans from S.J. McKee's personal papers from Rapid City Academy in the 1880's through to the decision to grant university charter to Brandon College in 1967. It is a very interesting source for the history of Western Canada.

Several different themes emerge in the fond. A very central theme concerns Baptist higher education in Western Canada, higher education in general, the development of curriculum in Canada, and the Baptist Western Movement. The development of religious higher education, especially Baptist training, is well-documented.

Areas such as student associations, student life on campus, and women's education are detailed in the collection. There is a very detailed look at the social aspects of college life, especially the difference between the genders in the realm of higher education. These themes can be found in the various Clark Hall scrapbooks and "Saturday Books" written by the lady principal.

An economic theme is prevalent for much of the early history of Brandon College due to various financial restraints that the College and Western Canada faced. These themes are especially noticed in the Bursar and Registrar records.

The administration of the corporation can be followed closely through the minutes and certain correspondence from the Board of Directors. A more in-depth look at the people involved in the running of an institution of higher learning can be found in the various personal papers of the presidents of the College.

There are also several military files, dealing with the creation and operation of a C.O.T.C. regiment on campus during both the First and Second World Wars. The fond also provides a glimpse of how the wars affected daily life on campus and their after-effects on the College.

The fonds also examines the effects that affiliation with other universities can have on curriculum, regulations and other aspects of College life.

Notes:	The RG 1 Brandon College fonds description and finding aid were prepared by Karyn Taylor (nee Riedel) in August 1998.
Name Access:	Duff Roblin
	Tommy Douglas
	Stanley Knowles
	Brandon
	Manitoba
	McMaster University
	University of Manitoba
	Baptist Union of Western Canada

Subject Access:	post-secondary education
	Baptist Church
	universities
	co-educational institutions
Access Restriction:	See series level for access restrictions.
Repro Restriction:	Copyright provisions apply.
Finding Aid:	Available
Storage Location:	RG 1 Brandon College fonds
Related Material:	McKee Archives: RG 6 Brandon University fonds. The Canadian Baptist Archives at McMaster University contain the following records related to Brandon College: Correspondence (1911-1936); McMaster Chancellor's Correspondence (1895-1926); McMaster Chancellor's Reports; History (1962); Stone & Garnet History (1969); Calendars (1899-1938); Report of Commission 1923 (pamphlet); Fact Concerning 1922 (pamphlet); Jesuit Methods (pamphlet); an incomplete set of the Quill; and exams. They also have The Western Baptist and the Yearbooks of the Baptist Union of Western Canada (1907-1996). (Source: Correspondence between Judith Colwell, Archivist, Canadian Baptist Archives and Thomas H. McLeod. Date: October 8, 1996).
Arrangement:	

Arrangement:

The fonds is divided into fifteen series and two associated fonds.



MG 1 Brandon College teaching and administration

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4295

Part Of:

RG 1 Brandon College fonds Series

Description Level: Series Number:

Conco Nambon.

MG 1 multiple media

GMD:

History / Biographical:

This is an artifically created series.

Custodial History:

See invidivual sub-series for custodial history.

Scope and Content:

Series contains private papers from various professors and administrators at Brandon College.

It has been divided into the following sub-series:

MG 1 1.1 Rev. Dr. Samuel James McKee

MG 1 1.2 Rev. Dr. Franklin W. Sweet

MG 1 1.3 Mrs. Olive Wilkins

MG 1 1.4 Thomas Russell Wilkins

MG 1 1.5 Esther Magdalene Moore

MG 1 1.6 Thomas Hector McLeod

MG 1 1.7 Albert Edward McKenzie

MG 1 1.8 Evan McDonald Whidden

MG 1 1.9 Sarah Persis Darrach

MG 1 1.10 J.R.C. Evans

MG 1 1.11 Martin Johns

MG 1 1.12 Wilfred McCutcheon

Name Access:	S.J. McKee
	Franklin Sweet
	Olive Wilkins
	Thomas Wilkins
	Esther Moore
	Tommy McLeod
	A.E. McKenzie
	Evan Whidden
	Martin Johns
Storage Location:	RG 1 Brandon College fonds MG 1 Brandon College Teaching and Administration



MG 2 Brandon College students

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4302

Part Of:	RG 1 Brandon College fonds
Description Level:	Series
Series Number:	MG 2
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	1901-2006

Physical Description: See individual series for extent.

History /

Biographical:

The Brandon College Students series is an artificially created collection. It contains the private papers of former Brandon College students.

Scope and Content:

The series has been divided into the following sub-series:

MG 2 2.1 Kathleen Emily Kenner

MG 2 2.2 Gerald R. Brown

MG 2 2.3 Saul L. Cohen

MG 2 2.4 Paul McKinnon

MG 2 2.5 Verda McDonald

MG 2 2.6 Frances Percival (nee Fraser)

MG 2 2.7 Raymond R. Bailey

MG 2 2.8 Harold Arthur Kinniburgh

MG 2 2.9 Barbara Cooper

MG 2 2.10 Class of 1953

MG 2 2.11 Elizabeth Kovach

MG 2 2.12 Carole Paintin-Dence

MG 2 2.13 Edward Lloyd Bowler

MG 2 2.14 Rev. Einar Egilsson

MG 2 2.15 George Thorman

MG 2 2.16 Robert Dudley Howland

MG 2 2.17 Charles H. Koester

MG 2 2.18 Robert Harvey

MG 2 2.19 Lawrence Skeoch

MG 2 2.20 Edith Laycock

MG 2 2.21 Marion Stone

MG 2 2.22 Margaret Doran Roberts

MG 2 2.23 Georgina (Hill) Matiation

MG 2 2.24 Class of 1950

MG 2 2.25 Donald Freeman

MG 2 2.26 William Archibald Branton

MG 2 2.27 Adelene Monica Bailey

MG 2 2.28 Lois and Gordon Daly

MG 2 2.29 Marionne Scott

MG 2 2.30 Christine Coltart

MG 2 2.31 Bertha Leith (nee Clark)

MG 2 2.32 Margaret Hawley Speers

MG 2 2.33 Ruth and Archie MacLachlan

MG 2 2.34 Fran Sallows

MG 2 2.35 Clare Coburn

MG 2 2.36 Gordon Lindsay

 Notes:
 Description by Christy Henry.

 Subject Access:
 former students alumni

 Storage Location:
 MG 2 Brandon College Students



Brandon College beanie

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4569

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	16.2
Item Number:	1
Item Number Range:	1
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	pre-1967
Physical Description:	1 item
Physical Condition:	good
Scope and Content:	

The beanie measures 17 cm in diameter and is approximately 11 cm tall. It is composed of alternating bands of blue and gold felt. The initials "BC" appear on the front of the beanie.

Notes:	Part of BU 16.1 Artifacts - apparel.	
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds	
	Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts	
	16.2 Artifacts - apparel	
	Box 1	



Brandon College beanie

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4570

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	16.2
Item Number:	2
Item Number Range:	2
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	pre-1967
Physical Description:	1 item
Physical Condition:	good
Scope and Content:	

The beanie measures 20 cm in diameter and is approximately 8 cm tall. It is composed of alternating bands of blue and gold felt and has a blue felt loop at the peak. The initials "BC" appear on the front of the beanie.

Notes:	Part of BU 16.2 Artifacts - apparel.
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts 16.2 Artifacts - apparel Box 1



Brandon College glee club badge

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4571

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds	
Description Level:	ltem	
Series Number:	16.2	
Item Number:	3	
Item Number Range:	3	
GMD:	multiple media	
Date Range:	pre-1967	
Physical Description:	1 item	
Physical Condition:	good	
Scope and Content:		
The badge is 8.5 cm	n wide and 10.5 cm long. It is composed of blue felt with gold embrode	

The badge is 8.5 cm wide and 10.5 cm long. It is composed of blue felt with gold embrodery and is shield shaped.

Notes:	Part of BU 16.2 Artifacts - apparel.	
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds	
	Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts	
	16.2 Artifacts - apparel	
	Box 1	



Brandon University 25th anniversary spoons

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4572

Part Of:		RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Descriptior	n Level:	ltem
Series Nun	nber:	16.3
Item Numbe	ər:	2-3
Item Numbe	er Range:	2-3
GMD:		multiple media
Date Range	e:	1992
Physical De	escription:	2 items
Physical Co	ondition:	good
Scope and	_	

The spoons celebrate Brandon University's 25th Anniversary (1967-1992). They are gold plated teaspoons with a round emblem in blue with the words "Brandon University 25, 1967-1992" in gold. The spoons are approximately 11.5 cm long.

Notes:	Part of BU 16.3 Artifacts - other.
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts
	16.3 Artifacts - other
	Box 2



Brandon College ring

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4573

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	16.2
Item Number:	20
Item Number Range:	20
GMD:	multiple media
GMD: Date Range:	multiple media 1963
	•
Date Range:	1963

The ring is a rectangular gold class ring from 1963, with the Brandon College shield of arms on the top of the ring. The numbers "19" and "63" are engraved on the shoulders of the ring. The ring is in a gray velvet jewellery box from Zeke's Jewellers.

Notes:	Part of BU 16.2 Artifacts - apparel.
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
	Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts
	16.2 Artifacts - apparel
	Box 2



Brandon College spade

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4577

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	16.3
Item Number:	8
Item Number Range:	8
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	1900
Physical Description:	1 item
Physical Condition:	good
Scope and Content:	

The spade was presented to Mrs. William Davies on the occasion of laying the cornerstone of Brandon College (Original Building), July 13th, 1900. The spade is approximately 16.5 cm long and is missing its handle. It is composed of silver, but appears to have been gold plated at one point as there are patches of gold over top of the silver base.

Notes:	Part of BU 16.3 Artifacts - other. The spade tarnishes (polished October 2006).
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts 16.3 Artifacts - other Reading room display case



Brandon College literary badge

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4582

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	16.2
Item Number:	4
Item Number Range:	4
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	pre-1967
Physical Description:	1 item
Physical Condition:	good
Scope and Content:	

The badge is 9 cm wide and 11 cm long. It is composed of blue felt with gold embrodery and is shield shaped. It has scalloped edges and a quill and inkwell design underneath the "Literary" banner. The back of the badge has a stamp that reads "Smith's Crests, 464 Fairford (?) W., Moose Jaw, Sask."

Notes:

Part of BU 16.2 Artifacts - apparel.

Storage Location:

RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts 16.2 Artifacts - apparel Reading room display case



Brandon College plate

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4583

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	16.3
Item Number:	14
Item Number Range:	14
GMD:	multiple media
GMD: Date Range:	multiple media 1901
	·
Date Range:	1901

The plate measures 26 cm in diameter and is white with blue glazing. The centre of the plate depicts the Brandon College Original Building and the words "Brandon College, Brandon Manitoba." The outside of the plate is a flower motif. On the back of the plate, in the same blue as the front, are the words "Canadian View Series, Brandon Manitoba." There is also a trademark of a bird with a banner reading "Trademark England."

Notes:	Part of BU 16.3 Artifacts - other.
Storage Location:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
	Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts
	16.3 Artifacts - other
	Reading room display case
Related Material:	RG 6, 16.3, Item 34

S. J. McKee Archives



Brandon University plate

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4584

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	16.3
Item Number:	15 a-c
Item Number Range:	15
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	1974
Physical Description:	3 items
Physical Condition:	good
Scope and Content:	

The three plates are identical and measure 26.5 cm in diameter. They were made to celebrate Brandon University's 75th Anniversary (899-1974). The plates are primarily white with a faint blue or green outer edge. In the centre is a picture of the University campus looking south from 18th Street; the Brandon University sign, the Drama building (originally the Science building and currently the Knowles-Douglas Student Union building), the Brodie building and McMaster Hall are all visible. "75th Anniversary 1899-1974" is on the back of each plate in gold lettering.

Notes: Part of BU 16.3 Artifacts - other.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts 16.3 Artifacts - other Reading room display case



Brandon College sweater (blue)

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4585

Part Of:	RG 6 Brandon University fonds
Description Level:	ltem
Series Number:	16.2
Item Number:	5
Item Number Range:	5
Accession Number:	30-2006
GMD:	multiple media
Date Range:	ca. 1953
Physical Description:	1 item
Physical Condition:	good

Custodial History:

Kay Smith (nee Oliver) donated this item, along with items 6 and 7 from RG 6, sub-series 16.2 (Artifacts - apparel) to the Archives in May of 2003. She graduated from Brandon College in 1953 and again in 1955.

Scope and Content:

The sweater is a blue cardigan with seven blue buttons, two front pockets and two gold bands on the upper left arm.

 Notes:
 Part of BU 16.2 Artifacts - apparel. Sweater was drycleaned in October 2006.

 Storage Location:
 RG 6 Brandon University fonds Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts 16.2 Artifacts - apparel Box 1