

S. J. McKee Archives



Hubert Weidenhamer collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions12347

Part Of: RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection

Description Level: Collection
Accession Number: 6-2011

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: April 11, 1943 - July 4, 1945

Physical Description: 4 cm textual records (48 letters)

2 photographs

press clippings and several facimiles

Physical Condition: Good

History / Biographical:

Hubert Clayton Weidenhamer was born near Dand, Manitoba in 1926. He was raised in Dand and attended school in the Dand Consolidated School District. Weidenhamer enlisted in the Canadian Army in 1943. He became a member of the Priness Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry. Following training in Canada and England Weidenhamer was sent to Italy. He was badly wounded in battle in mid-September and died of his injuries in November 1944 at age 21. He was buried in the Ancona Military Cemetery, Ancona Italy.

Custodial History:

These records were in the possession of Bea Chapin (née Weidenhamer) following their creation in the 1940s until they were donated to the S. J. McKee Archives in January 2011.

Scope and Content:

Collection consists of correspondence from Hubert Clayton Weidenhamer to his sister Bea. The letters begin in the spring of 1943. Weidenhamer had enlisted in the Canadian Army in January 1943. His letters detail his induction into miltary life in Fort Garry, Winnipeg and his training experience in Canada, principally at Camp Ipperwash, Lambton County, Ontario. He relates his experience of travels on leave to Detriot. Weidenhamer left Canada from Halifax in late 1943 and arrived in Great Britain in December for additional military training. In England, maintaining his morale, waiting for deployment, and coming to terms with British currency were challenges. Transferred to the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, Weidenhamer was deployed to Italy in March 1944. The letters dating from March 1944 to September relate in oblique fashion his's experience of military life on the Italian frontier as the Canadian Army fought its way north - "hard fighting" - and the impact of the war on Italian cities and the countryside. He was "proud" of his conduct in action. Weidenhamer's last letter is dated September 11, 1944.

Collection also includes correspondence on Weidenhamer's behalf from his military Chaplin; two press clippings dealing with his military career, and several facimiles of telegrams and correspondence from the Canadian government officials related to Weidenhamer's death and burial in Italy.

Notes: Description by Tom Mitchell.

Name Access: Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry

Camp lpperwash

Princess Pat's

Subject Access: World War II

Second World War

military service military personnel

Italian theatre

Storage Location: 2011 accessions



William Whyte McCutcheon fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions8559

Part Of: RG 1 Brandon College fonds

Description Level: Sub-series
Series Number: MG 1 1.12
Accession Number: 12-2008

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1942-2007; predominant 1950-80.

Physical Description: 12 cm textual records

30 photographs

Physical Condition: Good

History / Biographical:

Wilfred Whyte McCutcheon was born 20 April 1919 in Leeds Village, Quebec. McCutcheon attended Macdonald College at McGill University, graduating with a Bachelor of Agriculture in 1942. He completed a Bachelor of Science in 1943 at Concordia, a Bachelor of Arts in 1944, and a Bachelor of Education at Acadia in 1946. McCutcheon gained a Master's Degree in Economics from the University of Toronto in 1948 and completed his Doctoral studes at Cornell University in 1951. McCutcheon spent 1951-52 at the London Institute of Education engaged in postdoctoral studies.

McCutcheon was appointed the Dean of the Faculty of Education at Brandon College in 1955. He was the first Dean of Education at Brandon University. McCutcheon served as Dean until 1967.

With Ms. Joan Garnett, Co-ordinator of the Office of BU Alumni Relations, McCutcheon helped to to establish many awards. With the collaboration of "Tommy" Douglas, Mrs. J.G. Diefenbaker, and Mr. D.L. Campbell, he assisted in the creation of the JRC Evans Student Loan Fund as a memorial tribute to Dr J.R.C. Evans, President of Brandon College 1928-1959.

From 1967 to 1974, McCutcheon taught at the Ottawa Teachers' College, later integrated into the Faculty of Education at the University of Ottawa.

McCutcheon authored over fifty academic articles. He was awarded a honorary Doctor of Education by Brandon University in 1989 and an honorary Doctor of Laws from Concordia University in 1996.

Wilfred Whyte McCutcheon died 31 March 2008. He was predeceased by his wife Phyllis Bishop in 2003.

Custodial History:

These records were in Dr. McCutcheon's possession until his death. They were donated to the S.J. McKee Archives by his estate executors and delivered to the archives by Mr. Gerald Brown on their behalf.

Scope and Content:

Fonds contains correspondence, pamphlets, publications, photographs, dilpomas and certificates of standing, newspaper clippings, a report prepared by Dr. McCutcheon for the Canadian Governor General's Office concerning the Canadian honours system, a copy of Dr. McCutcheon's doctoral thesis - Cornell University, 1951- and miscellaneous materials related to Dr. McCutcheon's long and distinguished career in Canadian post secondary education and public service.

Name Access: John E. Robbins

Subject Access: Brandon College 1950s

Faculty of Education

Storage Location: MG 1 Brandon College Teaching and Administration

1.12 William Whyte McCutcheoon



Brandon College plate

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions8615

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: Item
Series Number: 16.3
Item Number: 31
Item Number Range: 31

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1901
Physical Description: 1 item
Physical Condition: good

Custodial History:

This plate was the property of Edna and Carl Bjarnason. it was in their possession for some fifty years prior to its donation to the University on October, 2005. The Development Office took possession of the plate at that time and transferred it to the archives in March 2008.

Scope and Content:

The plate measures 26 cm in diameter and is white with blue glazing. The centre of the plate depicts the Brandon College Original Building and the words "Brandon College, Brandon Manitoba." The outside of the plate is a flower motif. On the back of the plate, in the same blue as the front, are the words "Canadian View Series, Brandon Manitoba." There is also a trademark of a bird with a banner reading "Trademark England."

Notes: Part of BU 16.3 Artifacts - other.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts

16.3 Artifacts - other

Reading room display case

Related Material: RG 6, 16.3, Item 14



Brandon College plate 1901

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions8617

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: Item
Series Number: 16.3
Item Number: 32
Item Number Range: 32

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 2008

Physical Description: 1 item

Physical Condition: Excellent

Custodial History:

This plate was the property of Edna and Carl Bjarnason. It was in their possession for some fifty years prior to its donation to the University on October, 2005. The Development Office took possession of the plate at that time and transferred it to the Archives in March 2008.

Scope and Content:

The plate measures 26 cm in diameter and is white with blue glazing. The centre of the plate depicts the Brandon College Original Building and the words "Brandon College, Brandon Manitoba." The outside of the plate is a flower motif. On the back of the plate, in the same blue as the front, are the words "Canadian View Series, Brandon Manitoba." There is also a trademark of a bird with a banner reading "Trademark England."

Notes: Part of BU 16.3 Artifacts - other.

Name Access: Carl Bjarnason

Edna Bjarnason

Subject Access: Brandon College
Related Material: RG 6, 16.3, Item 14



Picturesque Brandon

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions8640

Part Of: RG 11 Lawrence Stuckey fonds
Creator: Publisher: Bloom Bros., Winnipeg

Description Level: Item
Series Number: 3.9

Item Number: 1-2002.3.9.18

Accession Number: 1-2002

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: c. 1911

Physical Description: 19 cm x 14cm (b/w)

Physical Condition: There are some scribbles on the cover and some of the pages and/or the

interleaving pages.

Scope and Content:

Item is a copy of Picturesque Brandon, a book of pictoral images of Brandon, MB.

Notes: The Fowler collection (6-1999) and the Stuckey collection (1-2002)

contain many of the photographs used in the book.

Name Access: CPR

Railways

Rosser Avenue

Prince Edward Hotel

Rideau Park

Experimental Farm

McKenzie Block

City Hall

10th Street

Sherman Theatre

Lorne Avenue

First Methodist Church

St. Paul's Presbyterian Church

Brandon Armoury

Court House for the Western Judicial District

9th Street

Clement Block

Central Fire Station

Brandon Collegiate Institute (BCI)

Brandon College

Clark Hall

Grant Stand

Bank

School

Lake Clementi

Repro Restriction: The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.

Storage Location: RG 5 photograph storage drawer

Images





Brandon Folk, Music & Art Society, Inc. fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions8761

Part Of: RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection

Description Level: Collection
Accession Number: 17-2008
19-2008

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: 1981-2001

History / Biographical:

The Brandon Folk, Music, and Art Society, Inc. has been in existence since 1985, when it was founded by a group of Westman people interested in providing an alternative art and music festival for the western Manitoba region. That group sponsored the first annual Brandon Folk, Music, and Art Festival in September of 1985 and established the community-based, non-profit structure of the Society.

The Society's main goal is to provide musicians, artists and artisans with an opportunity to perform or display their talents on a professional level. The Society provides for its members and aspiring artists by sponsoring an annual Festival, coffeehouses, socials and other performances at local establishments, featuring local and touring performers.

The Society is governed by a volunteer board of directors from many sectors of the local community.

Custodial History:

Recrods in accession 19-2008 were in the possession of the Brandon Folk, Music & Art Society prior to their donation to the archives in September 2008.

Scope and Content:

Accession 17-2008 (12 cm, 1985-1988) consists of 10 files containing promotional materials, meeting minutes and planning documents for Society's annual music festival.

Accession 19-2008 (63 cm, 1981-2008) consists of: minutes, festival programs, publications, posters, financial records, correspondence; miscellaneous photographs.

Notes: History/Bio information taken from Society records. Description by

Donna Lowe and Christy Henry.

Accruals: Further accruals expected

Storage Range: 2008 accessions



Ruth and Archie MacLachlan fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions10093

Part Of: RG 1 Brandon College fonds

Description Level: Sub-series
Series Number: MG 2 2.33
Accession Number: 23-2009

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1930-1934

Physical Description: 27 cm textual records

13 b/w photographs

Physical Condition: Very good. Some of the letters written in pencil are a little faded.

History / Biographical:

Ruth Alverda Wade was born born July 11, 1912 in Brandon, MB to James and Etta Alverda. She had two younger siblings: sister Gwen and brother Sherry. The Wade family resided at 1837 Princess Avenue, Brandon, MB. Ruth graduated from Brandon College with the Class of 1933.

During her time at Brandon College Ruth met Archie MacLachlan. Archibald James MacLachlan was born in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan in 1907. He had four brothers: Howard, Edgar, Bruce, Curly and Stirling. When Archie was quite young the MacLachlan family moved to Alberta. Archie came to Brandon c. 1930 to attend Brandon College. During the summers of his years at Brandon College Archie held pastoral charges in Alberta. The first two summers were spent in the Peace River Country and the second two in Etzikom in Southern Alberta. This is the period during which the letters in the fonds were written.

Ruth Wade married Archie MacLachlan on September 19, 1934 in Brandon, MB. Following the wedding the couple moved to Hamilton, ON. Archie graduated from McMaster University with his Bachelor of Divinity degree in 1937. During this period their daughter Joann Ruth was born. After his ordination as a Baptist Minister the family moved to North Bay where Archie was minister for four years. The next six years were spent in Vancouver as Archie worked as minister at Fairview Baptist Church in Vancouver. The couple's sons Archibald James and Lachlan Wade were also born during this period.

At the end of the Second World War Archie decided to go back to school. The family travelled to Brandon, where Ruth and the children remained for part of a year while Archie went ahead to Andover Newton to enroll and find a parish that would support him while he went to school. The family was reunited in Penacook, New Hampshire; they lived there for two years while Archie completed his Masters in Sacred Theology. After a brief additional period of study at Harvard University, the MacLachlan family returned to Canada, settling in Toronto while Archie finished his second Masters degree (Psychology) and held positions as interim minister and then assistant minister at York Minster Church. Following the two years in Toronto they moved to Winnipeg.

Eventually Archie left the church ministry and became Chaplain at the Hamilton Psychiatric Hospital. He also continuted to train students in Pastoral Education through the courses he had begun at the Divinity College of McMaster University. He remained at the Hospital until his retirement.

During their married life Ruth was kept busy raising the couple's children and with her work as a minister's wife, particularly her work in the community. She sat on a number of community boards, including positions as President of the Baptist Convention of Ontario and Quebec and a member of the Board of Governors for McMaster University's Divinity School.

Ruth MacLachlan died on October 29, 1983 in Missassauga, ON.

Archie married Kathleen Marie (Green) French (b. January 22, 1908, d. June 1, 1998) on June 20, 1987. Archie MacLachlan died in December 1997.

Custodial History:

Records were in the possession of Ruth and Archie MacLachlan until their deaths. At that time the records were inherited by their daughter Joann. Joann MacLachlan donated the records to the McKee Archives on October 24, 2009 at a donation event held as part of Homecoming 2009.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of approximately 197 letters written by Ruth and Archie to each other during the spring and summers of 1932, 1933 and 1934. The letters were written during the courtship of the couple and contain details not only on about their lives in Brandon and Alberta but also more personal information about their relationship, families and future plans. Because Ruth and Archie were students at Brandon College during this period the letters also often reflect on events and personalities related to the College, as well as their own personal studies.

Fonds also contains a scrapbook compiled by Ruth during her Brandon College years. It includes photographs, newspaper clippings, graduation cards, event programs, place cards and other ephemera. There are also a few miscellaneous documents - McMaster University examination papers, handwritten sheet music, postcards - that appear to have belonged to Archie. Fonds also contains a graduation photograph of Ruth.

Notes: Description by Christy Henry. History/Bio information taken from Joann

MacLachlan's book Ruth and Archie: Brandon and Brandon College

1932-1934.

Name Access: Ruth Wade

Ruth MacLachlan

Archie MacLachlan

Addrene Edwards

Dorreene McGuinness

Brandon

Brandon College

Trochu, Alberta

Etzikom, Alberta

First Baptist Church

Subject Access: land vehicles

Christianity

city life

rural life

convocations

Correspondence

crime

post-secondary education

mountains

pastoral activities

postal service

parsons

religious officials

Radio Broadcasts

tennis

rail transportation

weather

social events

music

clothing

theology

hobbies

liberal arts

horses

road transportation

travels

touring

depression era

Language Note: Some of the letters contain German phrases.

Storage Location: Textual records: 23-2009

Photographs: RG 5 photograph storage drawer

Related Material: Ruth and Archie's daughter Joann edited the letters into a book entitled

Ruth and Archie: Brandon and Brandon College 1932-1934. A copy of the book is located in the Rare Book collection of the John E. Robbins

Library, Brandon University.

William Ridley Sheridan Wade collection (28-2007)

Arrangement:

The letters are arranged in chronological order with all of Archie's letters to Ruth for a particular year grouped together, followed by Ruth's letters to Archie for that same year. For preservation purposes photographs in the scrapbook have been removed and placed in photograph storage, with their corresponding scrapbook page number noted on the back. Because of the fragile condition of the scrapbook a note has been made concerning the original location of many items that have become detached from their original location in the scrapbook. These items remain with the remnants of the scrapbook in one archival housing. Note that Ruth did not place items on every page so the numbering is not sequential for scrapbook items. Some items were loose at the back of the scrapbook and therefore have no corresponding page number.



Margaret Menzies collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions12723

Part Of: MG 4 Brandon University Students

Description Level: Collection
Accession Number: 13-2012

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1959-2007; predominant 1983-2001

Physical Description: 18 cm textual records

1 photograph

History / Biographical:

Margaret Menzies was born on July 30th, 1920, at a family farm located in Oakburn, Manitoba. She grew up on the family farm and attended school in both Oakburn and Shoal Lake. She married Donald Menzies on June 4th, 1941. Together they had four children. In 1959, the family moved to Brandon, Manitoba, where they lived for the rest of their lives.

Margaret Menzies was a longtime and active member of the International Toastmistress Club (ITC), and was also involved in the Consumers Association of Canada, Seniors for Seniors, as well as being a member of the Liberal Party of Canada and the Central United Church. Menzies did not graduate from high school in her early years, but managed to continue her education and receive a bachelor of arts degree from Brandon University at the age of 70.

Margaret Menzies passed away on June 9th, 2012.

Custodial History:

Records in the collection were brought to the S.J McKee Archives on July 13, 2012, by Gerald Brown, on behalf of the family of Margaret Menzies.

Scope and Content:

Collection contains of two scrapbooks created by Margaret Menzies. The scrapbooks contain various cards, itinerary's, and other documents associated with Menzies' membership in the International Toastmistress Club. The items in the scrapbooks date from the mid 1980's to the late 1990's.

Also included in the collection are four local history books. The first is a 100 year history of the town of Oakburn, Manitoba, from 1870 to 1970, published during celebrations of Manitoba's centenniary in 1970. Next is a book about the history of the town of Shoal Lake, Manitoba, which was published in 1959 on the 50th anniversary of the founding of the town of Shoal Lake in 1909. The last two books are the first and second volumes of Ripples on the Lake, which cover the history of the Shoal Lake municipality from 1884. The first volume covers the first 100 years of the history of the Shoal Lake region, being published in 1984. The second volume was published in 2007, covering the history of Shoal Lake since 1984, as well as including new information that was not published in the 1984 version of the book.

Finally, the collection contains one photograph of Margaret Menzies receiving her bachelor of arts degree from Peter Hordern, dean of arts of Brandon University.

Notes: Biographical information provided by obituary entry in the Brandon Sun,

June 16, 2012. Description by Tyler Warren (October 2012).

Name Access: Shoal Lake

Oakburn

International Toastmistress Club
Urban Acres Toastmistress Club

Subject Access: women's organizations

public relations
Leadership
communication
local histories

Storage Range: 2012 accessions

Related Material: International Toastmistress Club-Land O' Lakes Region fonds (15-2002)



Robert Troy Blair fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions13300

Part Of: RG 1 Brandon College fonds

Description Level: Sub-series
Accession Number: 18-2013

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: September 1950 - June 1954

Physical Description: 2 scrapbooks (7.5 cm)

Physical Condition: Excellent

History / Biographical:

Robert (Bob) Troy Blair was born on March 11, 1930 in Brandon, MB. His first six years were spent in Alexander, MB, where his father and uncle operated a grocery store. In 1936, his family moved to Souris, MB, where his father ran a grocery store. Blair received his primary and high school education, with the exception of Grade 12, in Souris.

Blair remembers his school years in Souris as mainly happy years. He was involved with both piano and organ music lessons. he was never interested in physical sports with the exception of golf. World War II broke out in September of 1939. Souris became the site of #17 SFTS and home base for the British Commonwealth Air Training Plan. Many of the service men came from England, Australia and New Zealand. Blair's mother always entertained at least two for dinner every Sunday. Rationing of sugar, tea and coffee, butter and meat became a way of life. Blair had the job every Saturday of pasting the ration coupons into booklets. It was also when he was in Grade 6, that Blair realized he was more attracted to boys than to girls. Perhaps it was because so many attractive airmen surrounded him!

In November of 1947, the Blair family relocated to Alexander where Bob Blair finished his Grade 11. This was not a good year due to bullying. In September of 1948, Blair moved to Winnipeg to attend United College for his Grade 12. Upon completion of Grade 12, Blair remained in Winnipeg until June 1950. he worked at a number of businesses - Gestetner, Eaton's Mail Order shoe department, Maple Leaf Milling, and the drug store in the Medical Arts Building. In September 1950, he entered Brandon College. Blair was very active in extracurricular affairs while at Brandon College; particularly drama. Following his B.A. he enrolled in the Education Faculty, having decided to become a teacher.

Blair's teaching career spanned 34 years. All but one year was spent in the Brandon School Division. On his first day of teaching in the Division he met the man with whom he would spend the next 46 years. He was primarily a teacher of English and Music. A highlight of his career was exchange teaching in Sacramento, California in 1961. Orientation for exchange took place in August in Washington, D.C., where Blair had the opportunity to meet President J.F. Kennedy. He vividly recals the morning that JFK was assassinated on November 22, 1963. In September 1965, Blair assumed the principalship of Park School and in September of 1969, the same position at George Fitton School where re remained until his retirement in 1989. He was a member of the Brandon Picnipals' Association, the National Association of Elementary School Principals, and servedas President of the Brandon Teachers' Association. Among his major accomplishments during his time as principal were the introduction of a centralized school library in both Park and George Fitton Schools and the integration of special needs students into regular classroom situations wherever possible. He was made a Life Member of the Manitoba Teachers' Society (Brandon) in June 1990. Following his retirement Blair worked as a Library Automation Consultant (1989-1993).

Blair also had numerous community involvements during his time in Brandon. he was active in the Brandon Little Theatre (Best Actor Award, Manitoba Drama Festival for One Act Plays in 1963), the Brandon Festival of the Arts, the Eckhardt-Gramatte National Music Competition, and Arm Industries to name a few.

Following the death of his partner in 2001, Blair moved to Saskatoon to live with a younger gay couple. He has been active in volunteerism: as an Ambassador for the Saskatoon Airport Authority, assistant with the Saskatoon Health Region's Immunization Clinics, information clerk for the Festival of Trees, data entry clerk for the Saskatoon Music Festival, on the Board of the Saskatoon Jazz Society, and Hospitality Coordinator for the Saskatoon Jazz Festival.

As of October 2013, Bob Blair continues to live in Saskatoon, SK.

Custodial History:

Records were in Blair's possession until he donated them to the Mckee Archives on Homecoming weekend October 2013.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of two scrapbooks containing 145 photographs and ephemera (play and graduation programs, tickets, pins, newspaper clippings) documenting Bob Blair's days at Brandon College. Social events and extra-curricular activities are heavily featured in the two scrapbooks. Also included are graduation portraits for the Classes of 1951, 1952 and 1953. Of the 145 photographs all are black and white except for two photos of the Class of '53 reconvocation (May 1993), and one from the Class of '53 reunion (2003).

Notes: History/Bio provided by Bob Blair (October 2013).

Name Access: Brandon College

Angus Jackson Pat Magnacca Freshie Week Senior Stick

Harvest Cabaret

Sigma Mu Glee Club Bob Blair

Lady Stick

Jack Yeomans

Walter Dinsdale

Don Cronk

Bob McPherson Lorne Watson Marg Sanderson

Hazel Turnbull

Claudia Dickey

Gordon Bradley

Terry Prysiazniuk

Diane Lissaman

Joan Garnett

Doris Penstock

Dianne Macdonald

Ivey Graham

Joyce Pickard

Cathy Crawford

Roberta Wilkie

Marie Kullberg

Isabel Lyon

Shirley Pryce

J.R.C. Evans

Marjorie Kyles

Jo Thordarson

Ross George

Edward Perry

Ernest Birkinshaw

Barney Thordarson

Fall Formal

Variety Night

Installation Night

Paul McKinnon

The Saga of Brandon

Bill White

Ron Bell

Jerry Jerret

Rosa Ziolkowski

Murray Smith

Class of 1951

Harold Moffat

Bill Sutherland

Murray Coulthard

Frank Adamski

John McLean

Jack Medd

Jack Muir

Bill Fraser

Ken Morrison

Clifford Kitson

Ray Brown

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Mike Doig Ernie Shaw

Jack Scott

Doreen Dennison

Lois Kennedy

Lorna Prokaska

Ferne Henderson

Doreen Fedoruk

Marg Leckie

Freshie Parade

Helen Batho

Fred Calverly

Jim Crawford

Verda Peden

Olga Evasko

Betty Finch

Fred Schwarok

Jim Struthers

Muriel Bedford

John Brown

Freshie Royalty

Booster Night

Mary Jane Sexton

Marilyn Rust

Mildred McMurray

Mary-Jane MacLachlan

George Leask

George Jakubowski

Jack Purvis

My Sister Eileen

Edith Laycock

Ivey Robbins

Ken Campbell

Mac Andrews

Marion Simmons

Arnold Minish

Madeline Irving

Ernie Criddle

Don Dillistone

Gordon Hunter

Cathy Nelson

-

Jim Kelleher

Anne Kelleher

Neil McKellar

Ron Doupe

Bruce Watson

Neil MacKay

Peter Prokaska

Roger Ramsden

Bill Bridgett

Graham Hunt

John Muirhead

David Brodie

Murray MacDonald

Dr. Kidd

Cam Finlay

Blair MacRae

Donna McPhail

Louise Hoey

Agnes Nicholson

Jean Allan

Joan Urie

Royce Richardson

Don Rousell

Bill Black

Ken McNeeley

Rosalie Prokopchuk

Jean Morrison

Jacice Forrest

Fuzz Fedoruk

Brian Davison

Joan MacLachlan

First International Relations Club Conference

Minot Teachers' College

International Peace Gardens

Bruce McIlroy

Jean Shingfield

Campaign Week

Sigma Mu Dance

Arnold Wawruch

Jack Meyers

Jack Hilton

Bev Francis

Bert Gogol

Dick McDonald

Frank McKinnon

Stuart Craig

John Blackwood

Norman Hedison

Bob Hilton

John Minions

Kay Oliver

Mary Jane MacLachlan

Ben Ward

Ken Gunning

Trevor McNeely

Hilton Stewart

Jerry Graham

Bette Mitchell

Joan Curlock

Faye Myers

Jean Hannah

Mary Babuick

Mr. College Spirit

John Augustus McGee

Don Dillstone

Flora Johnson

Del Gusdal

Color Night

Don Burrows

Jim Casey Trophy

Marj Kyles

Prince Edward Hotel

Class Day

Dahl Harvey

Shirley Mitchell

Al Burton

Irving Bateman

Joyce Marie Thordarson

Eileen McFadden

Patricia Pope

Louise Astle

Ariel Genik

Western Canada Student Teacher Conference

Brandon College Glee Club

Be Your Age

lke Prokaska

Joan Hilton

Fred Lynch

Garth Kidd

lvy Robbins

Joyce Dunham

Shirley Popple

Grand March

Westley Wong

Stewart Perdue

H.V. Kidd

J.E.M. Young

Adelene Bailey

Mrs. Evans

Dennis Anderson

Stanley Knowles

Edward Schreyer

Lou Visentin

Subject Access: Student government

initiations

student activities

dances basketball talent shows

drama productions major productions

Hockey
graduations
programs
parades
dorm rooms
student housing
literary "B's"
college letters
class flags
banquets

Storage Location: 2013 accessions



Verda McDonald collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions14293

Part Of: MG 2 Brandon College students

Description Level: Collection
Accession Number: 16-2016

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: 1951-2005

Physical Description: 10.5 cm textual records

18 loose photographs

Physical Condition: Some of the pages and photographs in the scrapbooks have become

loose

History / Biographical:

Verda Joan McDonald (nee Peden) was born in Brandon, MB on May 2, 1934. She was the middle daughter of Bill, a school principal, and Phyllis Peden. McDonald attended school at King George, Alexandra (now Betty Gibson), Earl Oxford and Brandon Collegiate Institute.

In 1951, McDonald enrolled in the Bachelor of Arts program at Brandon College. A fellowship program from the local YMCA enabled her to teach gym and swim programs after school and on Saturday for a small salary, which enabled her and some other students to finance their education. She graduated in 1955 with a Bachelor of Arts degree. During her graduating year, McDonald served as Lady Stick for Brandon College; the title of Lady Stick was an elected position and an honour, and gave McDonald and the person elected Senior Stick, Frank McKinnon, the responsibility of leading the student council for that year. In 1956, McDonald obtained her Bachelor of Pedagogy degree, also from Brandon College, which allowed her to teach grades 1 to 12 in Manitoba.

Verda married her college sweetheart, Dick McDonald, on August 25, 1956, and the couple moved to Dauphin to teach at the Dauphin Collegiate and Technical Institute for two years. They returned to Brandon in September 1958, and Verda proceeded to teach at Brandon Collegiate, Neelin High School and Vincent Massey until December 1960.

When Dick finished his degree at Brandon College and started teaching, Verda stayed at home to raise their three sons, Rick, Paul and Daren. During this time she began her many years of volunteering within the community. She served seven years on each of the following three boards: The Brandon Schools Instrumental Music Association; The Brandon University Alumni Board; and The Board of Fairview Nursing Home. She became President of each board during her term.

McDonald supported her husband throughouet his teaching and financial career, as well as his strong involvement in the Artillery Reserve Army with the 26th Field Regiment where he served as Commander and later Honorary Colonel. Both McDonald and her husband maintained strong ties with Brandon University and have contributed generously to funding campaign and scholarships. The Sports Wall of Fame in the Health Living Centre on the Brandon University campus is named in their honour.

In addition to their involvement with Brandon University, the McDonald's were members of the Kinsmen, K40 service club, gold and bridge clubs and enjoyed many years together in Brandon. They enjoyed going on cruise ship holidays and visited many countries together.

Since Dick's death in September 2015, Verda has tried to maintain her involvment in university activities. She continues to reside in Brandon, MB.

Custodial History:

Records were created and collected by Verda McDonald during her years as a student and alumna of Brandon College/Brandon University. The records were stored in her home until their donation to the McKee Archives in 2015.

Scope and Content:

Collection consists of records dealing with Verda McDonald's experiences as a student and alumna at Brandon College/University. The majority of the collection contains records from the early 1950s during McDonald's college years (1951-1955). These records, which cover the social and athletic aspects of Brandon College in the 1950s, provide a detailed look at college student life during this time period. The collection also contains a small number of records (1955-2005), documenting McDonald's experiences as an alumna of Brandon College/University.

The collection consists of four scrapbooks, which contain photographs, newspaper clippings, graduation cards, lyrics for class songs, and programs for graduation banquets, school dances, graduation ceremonies and drama productions. The scrapbooks also contain ephemera such as sports emblems, table decorations, election paraphernalia. It also includes McDonald's oath of office from when she was sworn in as Lady Stick, as well as her acceptance speech from the same ceremony.

The three file folders in the collection include: a list written by Frank McKinnon, a classmate of McDonald's, outlining his reasons for coming to Brandon College and his recollections of being a student at Brandon College; the rules of Clark Hall residence hall; and pamphlets for various celebrations and events at Brandon University (Homecoming 2009, Homecoming 2006, Reunion Weekend 2005, Reunion Weekend 2004, Homecoming 1995 and 1995 Reconovocation program, Homecoming 1980, 1975 Open House).

Finally, the collection contains 18 loose photographs. A number of the photos document important reunions for the Class of 1955 (40th Anniversary in 1995, 50th Anniversary in 2005), while others were taken at alumni events over the years (1988-1997). There is one postcard of Brandon University buildings (Original Building and Clark Hall, McMaster Hall and the Queen Elizabeth II School of Music building). Some of the 1995 reunion photos include images of the Brandon College Building and Clark Hall under renovation. Also included are a composite portrait of the Class of 1955 and class portraits Arts and Science for the Class of 1960.

Notes: History/Bio information provided by Verda McDonald. Description by Emily Bate (October 2016) and Christy Henry.

Name Access: Verda McDonald

Dick McDonald

Brandon University Alumni Association

Henry Champ

Joan Garnett

Eileen McFadden

Norma Walmsley

Ernie Criddle

Jean Wilkie

Jean Brown

Frank McKinnon

Hilt Stewart

Lou Visentin

Edward Schreyer

Doug Adams

Carla Eisler

Shawna English

Cindy Yacyshen

Jim Minions

Walter Huculak

Ben Ward

Elaine Cameron

Elaine McCrorie

Barrie McLeod

Gord Williams

Harvey Young

George Strang

Gerald Graham

Helen Batho

Helen Mitchell

Allan Hattie

Trevor McNeely

Russ Roney

Harold Woods

George Gooden

Harold Stewart

Jack Meyers

Ron McMurray

Ken Adams

Bill Keller

Lorne Day

Don Dillistone

Subject Access: student life

student activities

graduations

convocations homecomings

reunions chancellors

student productions

residences

college athletics
college initiation
Student government

Lady stick

Storage Location: 2016 accessions

Related Material: Dilys Collier collection

Bob Blair collection

Brandon College fonds

Brandon University fonds

Arrangement:

Two of the scrapbooks are in chronological order. The third scrapbook contains miscellaneous materials from the 1950s until 2005.



Music and the Brandon Community fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions14430

Part Of: MG 4 Brandon University Students

Description Level: Fonds
Accession Number: 8-2015

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 2015

Physical Description: 5 audio recordings

1 cm textual records6 electronic documents

Material Details: WAV files

Word documents

History / Biographical:

Music in the Brandon Community was created by Brandon University student Richard Bee for the course Advanced Topics in Oral History. The project was conducted under advisement from Dr. Rhonda Hinther, BU History Department. Interviews were conducted by Bee with members of the Brandon community - Bill Campbell, Elizabeth Grant, Bill and Sue-On Hillman, lan Robinson and Bill Turner - between June 9-July 7, 2015, about their experences in the local musical community.

Following the completion of the interviews, Bee created a transcript of the Hillman interview, at their request. Interview logs were created for all other interviews. Bee used the interviews to write an essay titled "Oral History and Community Music: A Case Study of Brandon, MB," which he submitted to Hinther to meet course requirements.

Custodial History:

As part of the ethics approval for the project, records created were slated for donation to the SJ McKee Archives. Bee donated the materials to the McKee Archives in July 2015.

Scope and Content:

The collection consists of consent forms, interview logs, one interview transcript, a copy of Bee's case study and the six audio recordings of interviews conducted with community members.

All of the interviews detail the interviewee's experiences in and around Brandon regarding music in the community: Brent Campbell's interview discusses his life as a music teacher in Brandon, his life, and his participation in Brandon Jazz; Dr. Elizabeth Grant's interview discusses her life, her teaching career at Brandon University and her musical career, including the Brandon Conservatory Chorale, which she founded; Bill and Sue-On Hillman's interview discusses their lives individually and together, their careers, and how music influenced their lives; lan Robinson's interview discusses the operation of Ted Good Music, his life and performances in Brandon; and Bill Turner's interview discusses his life, radio career, and the Brandon community.

Bee's case study primarily covers first-person accounts of people in the Brandon Community involved in music. It includes topics such as faculty at BU's School of Music, performance experiences, and personal experiences of interviewees in and around Brandon and Canada.

Notes: Description by Hope Penner (September 2018) and Christy Henry

Finding Aid: The interviews and interview logs are available in Branond University's

institutional repository, IRBU at:

https://irbu.arcabc.ca/islandora/object/irbu%3ARBeeC

Storage Location: 2015 accessions, Archives server, IRBU

Related Material: Western Manitoba Philharmonic fonds (8-2001)

Brandon Folk, Music & Art Society fonds (17-2008)



Brandon University capital development

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3845

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: File
Series Number: 4.2
File Number: 261

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: 1970-1971

Physical Description: 1 file

Scope and Content:

File consists of correspondence and reports on the Campus Development program (including a drawing of the campus).

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series 4: Office of the Vice-President

4.2 Office of the Vice-President (Administration & Finance)

Box 6



City of Brandon re local improvements

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3878

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: File
Series Number: 4.2
File Number: 291

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: 1970-1971

Physical Description: 1 file

Scope and Content:

File consists of "A Guide to Brandon and Grand Valley," a copy of a history of Brandon entitled "The Opportunity City" and a map of Brandon.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series 4: Office of the Vice-President

4.2 Office of the Vice-President (Administration & Finance)

Box 7



Errol Black collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3992

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: Sub-series
Series Number: MG 3 1.1
GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1909-2010

Physical Description: 4.2 m textual records; 5 cassette tapes; 2 cd roms, 110 photographs

(colour and b/w) various sizes

History / Biographical:

Errol Black was born on September 8, 1939 in Brandon, Manitoba. He was the son of Thomas Alexander Black, who immigrated to Canada from Limerick, Ireland in 1929, and Roberta Jean (nee Groat) Black, a native of Chatham, New Brunswick. Black attended King George Elementary, Earl Haig Junior High, Brandon Collegiate Institute for Grade 10, and completed high school through correspondence courses for Grandes 11 and 12. He left school in 1956 to work a variety of jobs in Brandon, Calgary and on the west coast. He spent a short time in the Royal Canadian Navy. Errol Black undertook post-secondary education at Brandon College (1963-1965, graduated with a B.A.), the University of Alberta (1965-1967, graduated 1973 with an M.A. in economics) and Warwick University (1975-1977). Black taught economics at Brandon University from 1970 until his retirement in 2002. Following retirement he was granted Professor Emeritus status in 2003.

Errol Black has published three books, as well as many articles and reports in leading academic journals. He has a longstanding interest in the history of organized labour and working-class politics in Brandon. These remain important themes in his research and writing. He served on the Executive of the Brandon University Faculty Association for many years, and was President of the Manitoba Organization of Faculty Associations for two years. Black is also a member of the Brandon District Labour Council, a founding member of the Manitoba branch of the Canadian centre for Policy Alternatives, and a board member of the Brandon Regional Health Authority (2000-2006). He was elected to Brandon City Council in 1998, and for a second term in 2001. In 1999 he was the federal NDP candidate for Brandon-Souris.

Black married Margaret Millard from Waskada, MB in 1961, with whom he had three sons: Sean, Dennis and Tom.

Custodial History:

Accession 17-1997 was originally owned by Jim Davis, brother to Communist activist Stanley Forkin. Taimi Davis, Jim Davis' wife, mailed the collection from her residence in Ontario to Errol Black in 1994. Professor Black donated the collection to the McKee Archives. Accession 02-2003 was donated to the Archives in November 2002 by Errol Black. Accession 15-2003 was donated to the Archives on April 30, 2003 by Errol Black. Accession 17-2003 was donated to the Archives on July 15, 2003 by Errol Black.

Scope and Content:

The collection consists of a number of accessions. Accession 17-1997, dating from 1935-1936, consists of twelve of the thirteen issues of the "Unemployed Worker," published in Brandon in the 1930s. The "Unemployed Worker" was the organ of the Brandon Unemployed Workers' Council. This Council, like its counterparts in other communities, was created by Canadian Communist Party militants. The "Unemployed Worker" covered the activities of the Unemployed Workers' Council, the plight of Brandon's unemployed, efforts by the city's unemployed to improve their lives, and City Council decisions, specifically those regarding relief policy.

Accession 02-2003, dating 1917, 1936-1939, 1970-2002 (predominant 1970-2002), contains extensive correspondence from former Brandon University Economic Professor Don Wheeler to Errol Black. In addition, the accession contains an important body of correspondence received by Professor Black from Taimi Davis written by Pat Forkin and his wife Pheobe Forkin to family members in Canada during the years 1936-1939, while Pat was a Moscow based corespondent for the Canadian Communist Party Clarion. The accession also contains personal correspondence of Errol Black dating from ca. 1970, drafts of papers, newspaper clippings, pamphlets related to labour and labour political matters. Two publications of note include: "Labour in Brandon" published by the Brandon and District Labour Council and a

student guide to labour law written by George MacDowell. The accession also contains several documents related to Black's involvement in the provincial Industrial Adjustment Committee.

Accession 15-2003, dating 1930-2002 (predominant 1930-1939; 1971-2002), contains extensive clippings from the Canadian Communist Party publications "The Worker" and the "Daily Clarion" from the years 1930-1939; twenty-one personal and family photographs (b/w 3x5) of the Forkin family of Brandon, many of whom were active in the Canadian Communist Party; various historical photographs (b/w 8x10) related to the history of labour in Brandon, Manitoba; personal files containing correspondence, letters and opinion pieces to various newspapers, course outlines, research materials and draft publications, arbitration awards and documents related to Black's involvement with the Manitoba Organization of Faculty Associations (MOFA).

Accession 17-2003, dating 1970-2002, contains correspondence, a manuscript of an autobiography written by Black's father Tom Black, research files, letters to the editor and draft publications by Errol Black.

Accession 3-2011, dating 1909-2010, contains an extensive record of newspaper clippings often of Professor Black's correspondence with the Brandon Sun from the early 1970s through to 2011. Clippings relate to civic issues, labour relations, social justice, economic questions. Documents (membership cards, cards of thanks, stamps) of various kinds, and photographs of Professor Black, family members, and various labour related events including parades and rallies, appear throughout these clippings. Collection includes miscellaneous files relating to the 75th Anniversary of the Winnipeg General Strike including the Brandon Sympathetic Strike of 1919, the Brandon Greys Baseball team, the Assiniboine College BMHC lobby campaign, Brandon and Area Environmental Council, the Brandon East NDP Contituency Association. Editions (1925-31) of the Sons of England - Official Organ of the Sons of England Benefit Society - published in Oshawa, Ontario, and copies of documents related to the Commission of Inquiry (1928) into labour issues at the Brandon Mental Hospital are included. Collection also contains extensive correspondence associated with Professor Black's activities as a department member, scholar, and activist in the Department of Economics at Brandon University. Collection contains as well research materials related to the Brandon labour movement, strikes at A.E. Mckenzie Seed Company 1940s, cd roms containg research materials - clippings and images - for Labour Council Anniversary book (2006), and civic politics in Brandon. Records also contain research materials on various members of the Forkin family - in particular the Pat Forkin, Tom Forkin, and Stephen Forkin (aka Jim Davis) who were active members of the Canadian Communist Party during their adult lives. A collection of family photographs and six tape cassettes containing accounts of the experiences of single unemployed men during the Great Depression and the funeral of Stephen Forkin (Jim Davis) and correspondence from Taimi Davis the widow of Stephen Forkin (Jim Davis) supplement the sources on the Forkin family.

Notes:

Photographs of Joe Forkin, Pat Forkin, Stan Forkin, Jim Davis and other members of the Forkin family are contained in Box 3 (15-2003) and Box 10 (3-2011).

Name Access: Errol Black

Stanley Forkin

Stephem Forkin (a.k.a Jim Davies)
Assiniboine Community College
Brandon Greys Baseball Team

Brandon Mental Hospital

Brandon Unemployed Workers' Council

Canadian Communist Party

Brandon

Don Wheeler Phoebe Forkin

Pat Forkin
Daily Clarion
A. E. Mckenzie

The Worker Industrial Adjustment Committee (Manitoba)

Canadian Centre for Policy Alternatives

Manitoba Organization of Faculty Associations

Sons of England

Subject Access: The Great Depression

unemployment radical press Brandon labour

Communism

industrial relations collective bargaining

Accruals: Further accruals are expected.

Access Restriction: Some restrictions. Consult the University Archivist for access.

Repro Restriction: Researchers are responsible for observing Canadian copyright

restrictions.

Storage Location: MG 3 Brandon University Teaching and Administration

1.1 Errol Black

Related Material: MG 3 1.12 contains additional records related to George MacDowell; RG

6, Series 15 (BUFA) contains additional records on the Brandon University Faculty Association; RG 6, Series 7, Sub sub series 7.1.5 (Department of Economics) contains additional records related to the Department of Economics at Brandon University; RG 6, Series 7, Subseries 7.1 (Dean of Arts) contains files on Don Wheeler and George

MacDowell.



Brandon University Art Exhibition Committee

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4065

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: Sub-series

Series Number: 9.3

Accession Number: 69-1997

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: 1960-1972

Physical Description: 44 cm textual records; approx. 20 photographs

History / Biographical:

The Brandon College and Brandon University Art Exhibition Committee was active from 1960 to 1972. The Committee was established to promote the visual arts in Brandon through education and to sponsor exhibitions featuring the work of local artists.

Custodial History:

The records were assembled by Robert Inch of the Brandon University Extension Office and Professor D.V. Reilly, who taught art through the Faculty of Education at Brandon University. They were donated to the McKee Archives in 1997.

Scope and Content:

The sub-series contains records of past exhibitions, minutes and correspondence of the Brandon University Art Exhibition Committee. Sub-series also contains personal files on some artists consisting of correspondence and information pertaining to exhibitions of their work. There are also extensive files on past exhibits including advertising, correspondence, newspaper clippings, publications and files concerning local affiliated art clubs, such as the Student Camera Club at Brandon University.

Name Access: Gissar Elliason

Bernard Polly Ken Esler Mikuska Eyre

Subject Access: pottery

Japanese prints

ceramics textiles

Repro Restriction: Researchers are responsible for observing Canadian copyright

restrictions.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series 9: Office of Extension



Carole Paintin-Dence collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4068

Part Of: RG 1 Brandon College fonds

Description Level: Sub-series
Series Number: MG 2 2.12
Accession Number: 8-1997

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1900-1964; predominant 1948-1964

Physical Description: 85 cm textual records

21 color slides

History / Biographical:

Carole Paintin-Dence was raised in Souris, Manitoba and attended Brandon College in the early 1960s. While at Brandon College she was active in the Glee Club, I.R.C. and French Clubs. She was also Quill reporter for the Music Department.

Scope and Content:

Collection consists of a small collection of Brandon College memorabilia and slides. The memorabilia includes programs from various Brandon College Student Association events, Alumni News, and a copy of "The New Brandon College School of Music" by Peggy Sharpe. The slide images include: the opening of the Music Building 1963 (3) - Sir Ernest MacMillan, Lady MacMillan and Lorne Watson; raising the class flag 1964 (2); the JRC Evans Lecture Theatre 1964 (1); Brandon College Original Building 1964 (1); Freshie Parade 1962 (1) - glee club float and 1963 (3) - "wedding of Jack & Jill"; French Immersion class Summer 1964 (4) - Mme Ragot, Neil Forsyth, Henri Francq; party for John 1963 (2) - Ken May, Morlene Sparrow, John Sushelnitsky, Norma Walmsley, Poppy Cumming, Chris Cassels, Pat Brake, Eleanor Riesberry; W.U.S. parties (4) - Joan Garnett, Norma Walmsley, Claude Paintin, Brian Foster, Rae Westcott, Clark Brownlee, Nina Kosakawiecz, Berth Paintin

Collection also includes school texts and pedagogical guides - forty-seven in total - dealing with reading, spelling, social studies and particularly music.

Notes: Description by Christy Henry.

Subject Access: freshie week

Name Access:

building openings

World University Service

class flags convocations

Storage Location: MG 2 Brandon College Students

2.12 Carole Paintin-Dence

Related Material: Paul Panton fonds



Evan McDonald Whidden fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4228

Part Of: RG 1 Brandon College fonds

Description Level: Sub-series
Series Number: MG 1 1.8

Accession Number: 1-2001, 8-2003, 9-2006

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1915-1936; predominant 1917-1922.

Physical Description: 6 cm. textual records; 1921 Brandon College Quill (Commencement

Number); approx. 150 photographs

History / Biographical:

Evan McDonald Whidden (1898-1980) was born in Galt, Ontario. He was educated at Brandon College. Following service in the Great War he graduated with a Bachelor of Arts from McMaster University (Brandon College) in 1921. He obtained a Master of Arts in history (McMaster [n.d.]) and in 1928, a Bachelor of Divinity degree from Yale. Whidden married Frances Margaret Billington in 1941. Together they had three children: Howard John (b.1943), Roberta Katherine (b. 1945) and Eric Christopher (b. 1947).

Dr. Whidden served in Baptist churches in Saskatchewan and Manitoba before joining the faculty of Brandon College in 1936. In 1938, he was appointed Thomas J. Armstrong Professor of church history at Acadia University. He became Dean of the School of Theology at Acadia in 1954, and served in that capacity until 1963. He retired from the faculty of Acadia University in 1967. Dr. Whidden has written in the field of church history and education. He was awarded honorary degrees by the Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax, N.S. (1950), McMaster University [n.d.] and Acadia University (1969).

Custodial History:

Since his death in 1980, the fonds has been in the custody of his widow, Mrs. Frances Margaret Whidden. The first accession was donated to the McKee Archives in April, 2001; the second in 2003; and the third in May 2005.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of Evan Whidden's reports to family members, in particular to his father and mother, on his experience as a member of the Canadian Expeditionary Force during the years 1917-1919. Records also include correspondence from his mother, Katherine Louise Whidden (nee Ganong), to Evan during these years. In these reports, Whidden records his impressions of military life through his training in Canada and England and his experience of war in Europe with the Canadian Expeditionary Force from 1917-1918. He was involved in the conflict only briefly at the conclusion of the war. His letters provide an account of life in France, Belgium and Germany in 1918.

The fonds also contains correspondence dating from the early 1920s from Chester New, a history professor at McMaster, who had previously taught at Brandon College. Fonds also contains correspondence from Whidden's father, Howard Primrose Whidden, President of Brandon College 1912-1922 and, from 1922-1949, Chancellor of McMaster University. This correspondence deals principally with the progress of Evan Whidden's education and his choice of a career in the church or the academic world.

Fonds contains several publications containing the work of Evan Whidden, mostly on religious themes. It also includes newspaper clippings and convocation programs dealing with Dr. Whidden's graduation from Yale and the presentation of honorary degrees to him at Pine Hill and Acadia. The fonds contains newspaper stories on the occasion of the retirement of Howard Primrose Whidden following his lengthy career as President of McMaster University. Death notices for Dr. H.P. Whidden and his wife are also to be found.

Finally, fonds containts approximately 150 b&w photographs of group portraits, individual portraits and activites at Brandon College and a copy of the 1921 Commencement Issue of the Brandon College Quill.

Name Access: Evan Whidden

Chester New

Howard Whidden

Subject Access: Brandon College 1920s

Storage Location: MG 1 Brandon College Teaching and Administration

1.8 Evan McDonald Whidden

Related Material: Whidden's father, Howard Primrose Whidden served as President of

Brandon College 1912-1922. His records are located in RG 1, series 2.2 (Brandon College fonds, Office of the Pesident). Records from Evan Whidden's time as College Dean are located in RG 1, series 6 (Brandon

College fonds, Office of the College Dean).



Harold Arthur Kinniburgh fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4230

Part Of: RG 1 Brandon College fonds

Description Level: Sub-series
Series Number: MG 2 2.8
Accession Number: 11-2006

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: 1904-1906

Physical Description: 2 mm textual records

1 b&w photograph (8x10)

Physical Condition: Excellent

History / Biographical:

Harold Arthur Kinniburgh was born in New Zealand in 1883. He spent two years in Brandon working at the Experimental Farm during the summer and studying at Brandon College during the winter. After his years at Brandon College he worked in Canada in the dairy industry from two years and then returned to New Zealand for the balance of his life. He devoted his time to developing a dairy farm in New Zealand. Harold Kinniburgh died in 1953.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of copies of correspondence written by Kinniburgh to his mother in New Zealand while he was attending Brandon College. The photograph is a copy of the 1905 First Year Academic class at Brandon College.

Notes: Description by Christy Henry.

Name Access: Harold Kinniburgh
Subject Access: Brandon College 1905

Brandon College men's residence

Location Original: Kinniburgh's family in New Zealand

contact: Jeanette Johnston 10 Hampton Place Hamilton, New Zealand

Storage Location: MG 2 Brandon College Students

2.8 Harold Arthur Kinniburgh



Jack Stothard collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4231

Part Of: RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection

Description Level: Collection

Accession Number: 1-2003, 12-2006, 8-2007, 8-2008, 18-2008, 11-2009, 4-2012, 4-2013,

8-2016

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: ca. 1900s, 2001-2003, 2007, 2008, 2016

Physical Description: 30 cm textual records

9 b/w photograph

Physical Condition: Good

History / Biographical:

Jack Stothard was born on February 16, 1932 in Brandon, MB. He attended public schools in the city (Central School, Park School, and Earl Oxford) and graduated from Brandon Collegiate Institute (BCI). Stothard married Velma Pollock in 1957 and together they had two daughters: Debra and Kimberly. Stothard was employed in the plumbing and heating business until 1960, when he joined Manitoba Hydro. In the course of his employment with Manitoba Hydro, he became Station Superintendent of the Brandon Generating Station. Stothard retired in 1995. Stothard was a member of the Canadian Numismatic Association, the Canadian Association of Token Collectors and the Toronto Postcard Club. Jack Stothard died on November 3, 2021 in Brandon, MB.

Custodial History:

Accession 1-2003 was in the possession of Stothard until donated to the McKee Archives in 2003. Accession 12-2006 was acquired by Lawrence Stuckey at some point after the photograph was taken. Stuckey later sold a copy of the photograph. This copy was later acquired by Jack Stothard in the course of his collecting of Brandon postcards. Stothard donated the image to the McKee Archives in 2004. Accession 8-2007 was prepared by Jack Stothard in the course of 2007. He provided a copy to the Archives upon its completion. Accession 8-2008 was in the possession of Fred McGuinness until he gave jit to Jack Stothard in February 2008. Stothard donated the records to the McKee Archives on February 12, 2008. Accession 18-2008 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard on August 18, 2008. Accession 11-2009 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard on February 20, 2009. Accession 4-2012 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard on August 24, 2011. Accession 4-2013 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard in March 2013. Accession 8-2016 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard on January 21, 2015.

Scope and Content:

Accession 1-2003 contains brief research reports prepared by Stothard on various topics concerning historical Brandon. These include: a listing of hotels, inns and motels that have operated in Brandon since the 1880s; reports dealing with the Café Aagard, Central United Church, the 1913 Dominion Exhibition, Brandon, the Empire Hotel, Brandon's Central Steam Heating System, the Post Office and the Clement Block. It also contains one booklet: Facts About Brandon: An Industrial Survey of the City of Brandon. Winnipeg: Department of Industry and Commerce [n.d.]

Accession 12-2006 consists of one photograph of the Great Northern Engine 208, built by Rogers Locomotive Company 1887. Cylinders 18 x 24, Drivers 63". G.N. line Church's Ferry, N.D. to Brandon, Manitoba. Opened 1906, Closed 1936.

Accession 8-2007 consists of a brief typed report entitled "The Day the Lights Went Out in Brandon - Strike of 1919" by Jack Stothard. Document provides an account of the sources and delivery of hydro electric power to Brandon beginning in the early 1900s and the brief power outage at the beginning of the Brandon General Strike May 25, 1919.

Accession 8-2008 consists of "The Brandon Sun Challenge Cup" ledger, which contains two b/w photographs, newspaper clippings and information on the history and first race (1908) of the cup; 3 additional b/w photographs of different races; and the Brandon Old Timers Association record book (c. 1900).

Accession 18-2008 consists of a copy of Stothard's Brandon Postcards index. The index is divided into various sub-headings and consists of colored reproductions of postcards in Stothard's collection. The index contains pages that were discarded by Stothard as he updated his inventory, therefore the index is only up to date as of August 18, 2008.

Accession 11-2009 consists of a typed research report entitled "Brandon Police Department Stations and Locations" by Jack Stothard. The report outlines the location of the Brandon

Accession 4-2012 consists of pages for Stothard's Brandon Postcards index (18-2008) and a photocopy of a Brandon Municipal Railway ticket.

Accession 4-2013 consits of eight binders of handwritten notes/facts about Brandon compiled by Jack Stothard. The notes are a collection of names, places, things, events and items related mostly to the first 100 years of Brandon (1882-1982), although the notes continue into the 2000's. Some notes centre on the late 1930's to early 1950's during the period of Stothard's youth. The information in the binders was taken from a variety of publications, while some notes are Stothard's own comments. A list of sources, as well as a cross reference index for all eight binders, can be found in Book No. 1.

The accession includes: Book No. 1 - Notes of Brandon (A to B); Book No. 2 - Notes of Brandon (C to F); Book No. 3 - Notes of Brandon (G to O); Book No. 4 - Notes of Brandon (P to Z); Book No. 5 - Notes of Brandon: Churches, Hostpitals, Hotels; Book No. 6 - Notes of Brandon: Police Department, Fire Department; Book No. 7 - Notes of Brandon: Brandon City Council, City of Brandon etc.; Book No. 8 - Notes of Brandon: Brandon College/University, Brandon Schools, ACC, Brandon School Board. Accession also includes pages from Stothard's Brandon Postcards index (18-2008).

Accession 6-2016 consists of local history books, pamphlets, bakery tokens, local magazines, one binder containing handwritten notes/facts about Brandon compiled from the Brandon Sun's "Looking Back" column, and an accordian file box containing newspaper clippings about Brandon.

The accession includes the following local history books: Betty Watson's "One Day in Brandon Manitoba 9/9/99" (Brandon, Manitoba: Bart Art Books, 1999); P.N. Breton's "Popular Illustrated Guide to Canadian Coins, Medals, &. &.," (Winnipeg: Canadian Numismatic Publishing Institute, 1963 [reprint]); "Facts About Brandon: An Industrial Survey of the City of Brandon," (Province of Manitoba: Department of Industry and Commerce, [1946]); The Polish Gymnastic Association Sokol's "75th Anniversary: From the Past to the Future!" ([Brandon, Manitoba: Polish Gymnastic Association Sokol, 1988]); and Brandon Kinsmen Club's "'Together...Once Again': A History of the Kinsmen Club of Brandon, Manitoba, 1925-1975 (Brandon, Manitoba: The Historical Committee of the Kinsmen Club of Brandon, 1975).

Pamplets and magazines include: Brandon Generating Station (1957) and (1969), The Brandon Quota Club presents...A Century in Revue (1982), Canadian Rail No. 168/July-August 1965 [featuring Brandon Municipal Railway], Prairie City Issue No. 3/1994, and Prairion May/June 1997.

The binder is titled Book No. 9 - "Year by year: miscellaneous items from 1969 to 2000"; an asterik (*) indicates notes have been made on each subject or item in the other Books. Each section is housed in

The files in the accordian file box have been rehoused and include the following topics: banks, Brandon 125 beer, Behlen Industries, breweries, Brandon Shoppers' Mall, calendars, Canadian Motors Ltd., Canexus/Nexen, Canada Games - Summer and Winter, Canadian Tire, CKX Radio & TV/CKLQ, Corral Centre, flour mills, hospitals, Keystone, Maple Leaf, Fred McGuinness, miscellaneous, A.E. McKenzie, people, railways, Simplot, Westman Recycling (new facility), weather-storms-floods, and extra copies of postcards.

Notes: Description by Christy Henry. Accession 4-2013: Book No. 1 contains a

photocopied photograph of Aagaard's Cafe, photographs of the Dominion Bank and Barney's Drive Inn and a photo reproduction of the

Bass Building. Book No. 2 contains a photograph of the Provincial Goal. Book No. 3 contains photographs of T. Eaton Company (4 construction photos) and a photo reproduction of tents on the Exhibition grounds (c. 1940). Book No. 4 contains photoraphs of the Oak Theatre and Western

Motors. There are also photopied photographs of The Fun Shop.

Name Access: Jack Stothard

Cafe Aagard

Great Northern Railway

Aagaard's Cafe
Lunch Counter

A-4 Military Camp

Alcoholism Foundation of Manitoba

Amberwood Village

Anglo Canadian Oils Ltd.

Applebee's Neighbourhood Grill & Bar

The Brandon Armoury

Army & Navy Store

Art Gallery of Southwestern Manitoba

Assiniboine River

Atom-Jet Industries Ltd.

Aub's B.A. Service Station

Frederickson's B.A. Service Station

A&W Restaurant

A&W Drive-In

Ayerst Organics Ltd.

Bank of British North America

Bank of Hamilton

Bank of Montreal

Bank of Nova Scotia

Canadian Bank of Commerce

Canadian Imperical Bank of Commerce (CIBC)

Dominion Bank

Imperial Bank of Canada

Merchants' Bank of Canada

The Northern Bank

Royal Bank of Canada

Toronto Dominion Bank (TD Bank)

Union Bank of Canada

Barney's Drive Inn

Barney's Shoe Shine

Bass Building

Bass families

Beacon Lunch

Behlen Industries/Behlen-Wickes Co. Ltd.

Belair Chinese Restaurant

Belvedere Apartments

Beresford Lumber Co.

Bertrands Block

Bertrand & Company

Beverage Services Limited

Coca-Cola Bottling Company

Dr. Wilfred Bigelow

Bing Juckes Drive Inn

Binkley Motors

Donald "Tiny" Bird

Blackwood's Ltd.

Blackwood Beverages Ltd.

Borbridge Block

Boreham Park Apartments

Bower's Esso Service

The Brandon Bowl

Recreation Bowling Alleys and Billiard Room

Thunderbird Bowl

Marsh Varcoe

Woodbine Alleys Ltd.

Box Brothers Ltd.

Braecrest Estates

Brandon Airport

Brandon Aero Club

Brandon Flying Club

Brandon Allied Arts Centre

Brandon Automobiles (1959) Limited

Brandon Binder Twine Company

Brandon Brewing Co.

Brandon Business College

Brandon Chamber of Commerce

Brandon Clinic

First Street Plaza

The Brandon Club

Brandon Consumer Co-operative Ltd. (Co-op)

Brandon Construction Company Ltd.

Brandon Correctional Institute

Brandon Jail

Brandon Creamery & Supply Co. Ltd.

Brandon Creamery & Supply Co.

Brandon Curling Club

Brandon Eagles Gymnatics Centre

Brandon Electric Light Company

Manitoba Power Company

Brandon Felt Works

Brandon Fire Engine Co.

The Brandon Fruit & Procude Co. Ltd.

Brandon Gallery Shopping Centre

Town Centre

Brandon Golf & Country Club

Brandon Hardware Co. Ltd.

Ashdown's hardware

Stylrite Hardware

Brandon Heating and Plumbing

Brandon Houseing Co-operative Ltd.

Aspen Woods

Brandon Humane Society

Brandon Machine Works

Brandon Municipal Street Railway

Brandon Museum Inc.

Daly House Museum

Brandon Musical Supply Company

Brandon Packers Ltd.

Brandon Scrap Iron & Metal Recycling Ltd.

Brandon Ski Club

Mt. Glenorky Ski Club

Brandon Stock Car Club

Brandon Sun

The Sun Printing Co.

Brandon Tennis Club

Brandon Tourist Camp

Brandon Transit Ltd.

Brandon Transit System

Handi Transit

Brandon Woolen Mills

Metev Woolen Mills

Bliss Building

Brazzell Motors

Brentwood Village Moble Home Court

Breslauer & Warren Jewelers

First Street Bridge

1st Street Bridge

Eighteenth Street Bridge

18th Street Bridge

Daly Overpass

Thompson Bridge

Eighteenth Street Overpass

18th Street Overpass

8th Street Bridge

9th Street Bridge

Eighth Street Bridge

Pedestrian Bridge

British Commonwealth Air Training plan

British Commonwealth Air Training Plan Museum

Bockie-Donovan

Roy Brown

La Plant Block

Fraser Block

Syndicate Block

Laplont Block

Johnson & Company Hardware

Zink Block

Yukon Block

Burchill & Howey

Burns Foods Ltd.

Burns Meats Ltd.

Bus Depot

Greyhound Bus Lines

Grey Goose Bus Lines

MacArthur & Son Ltd.

CDC Home & Leisure Centre

Campbell & Campbell Building

Campbell & Ferguson Building

Canada Safeway Ltd.

Canada Summer Games

Canada Winter Games

Canadian Brown Steel Tank

Canadian Steel Tank Ltd.

Canadian Mental Health Association

Canadian Motors Ltd.

Canadian National Railway (CNR)

Canadian Order of Foresters

Canadian Pacific Railway (CPR)

Canadian Phoenix Insurance Co.

Canadian Stover Gasoline Engine Co.

Canadian Tire Store

Cancade Co. Ltd.

Cancade Bros.

Cancade Bros. Ltd.

Cancade Company

Cando Contracting Ltd.

Cargill Grain Company

Central Community Centre

Central Park Lodge

Valleyview Care Centre

Central Sheet Metal Works

Child & Family Services of Western Manitoba

The Children's Aid Society

Chrest's Dry Cleaners

Chrest family

Christie's Bookstore

Christie's School Supply

Christie Grant Store

Sir Winston Churchill Park

Circle Eight Drive Inn

City Cafe

City Golf Course

CKLQ

CKX

Clark Leatherdale Funeral Home

Clement Block

Cockshutt Plow Co.

Codville & Co.

Commodore Bakery Ltd.

Trent's Bakery

Coldwell Block

Coronation Park

Jubilee Park

Corral Centre

The Country Kitchen Restaurant

Aunt Sarah's Family Restaurant

Country Style Donuts

Court House

Crane Limited

Crane Steel Structures Ltd.

Crang's Grocery & Confectionery

Dairyworld Foods

Creelman's Shoe Store

Cumming & Dobbie

Curran Park

Curtis Block

Yaeger Block

Daymin Court

Bell Block

De Bruyn & Verhoef Woodworks Ltd.

De Fehr Furniture

Denis Prefab Ltd.

Diamond Waterworks

Dinsdale Cartage & Storage (1968) Ltd.

Dinsdale Park

Doig & Robertson

Rankin & Co.

Doig, Rankin & Robertson

Doig's Store Ltd.

Double Bar S Burger & Dairy Ranch

The Drewry's Ltd.

Alexander Brown

Brown's Drug Store

Dufresne Furniture & Appliances

Dutch Mill Bakery

East End Community Centre

Eastern Access Route (Highway 110)

Eaton's of Canada

T. Eaton Company

Edrans Brandon Pressed Brick Co.

Eleanor Kidd Park

Eleanor Kidd Gardens

W.A. Elliott

T.E. Elviss Company

Empire Brewing Co. Ltd.

Bell Bottling Co.

Esquire Dance Hall

Connaught Hall

Evans, Matheson & Associates

Experimental Farm

Brandon Research Station

Fairview Personal Care Home

Feed Rite Mills Ltd.

Federal Pioneer Ltd. (FPE)

Federated Co-operatives Ltd.

Fedoruk Groceteria

Flash Barber Shop and Beauty Salon

Alexander Fleming

Fleming's Drug Store

Fleming Block

Fleming's Well

Fort Brandon Museum

A.C. Fraser & Co.

Fraser & Ross

Fred's Dry Cleaners

Frost & Wood

Brockie Funeral Home

Campbell & Campbell

Vincent & Macpherson

Galaxy Computer Systems

George's Food Bar

George Jimas

Gidding's Store

Gillis & Warren Ltd.

Golden Gate Cafe

Gooden's Men's Wear

Grand Stand

Grand Valley Place

The Great West Coal Copmany Ltd.

Great Western Outerwear & Sportswear Ltd.

Green Acres Community Centre

Green Acres Lodge

Green Acres subdivision

Habitat for Humanity

B.J. Hales Natural History Museum

Hamilton and Jones Ltd.

Hanbury Manufacturing Co.

Hanbury House

T.M. Harrington

Harry's Ukrainian Kitchen & Steak House

Hedges Trucking

Heise Block

Heritage Co-op 1997 Ltd.

Highland Park Mobile Home Estate Ltd.

Hillcrest Place Personal Care Home

Hillside Town Houses

Manitoba Infrastructure & Transportation

Highways Deparment

Hobbs Manor

Home Development Co. Ltd.

Home Estates Ltd.

Home Hardware

Hopkins Bakery

Horner's Busy Corners

Hornor's Busy Corners

Paterson House

Matheson House

Villa Louise

Row House

Hudson House

Casa Maley

Hughes & Long

Hughes & Co.

Husky Oil & Refining Ltd.

Husky Travelcentre

Husky House

Locomart

North Hill IGA

West End IGA

Sobey's

Immigration Hall

Imperial Square

Indian and Metis Friendship Centre

International Harvester Co. of Canada Ltd.

Inventronics Ltd.

Jacobson and Greiner Ltd.

J&G

The Jo-Ann Accessory Shop

John Deere Plow Company

Johnson's Cafe

Johnson's Hardware Store

Kam Lung Restaurant & Cocktail Lounge

Martin Kavanagh

Keg Steakhouse & Bar

Kelly Block

Kelly & Co.

P.A. Kennedy Co. Ltd.

Keystone Centre

Kinsmen Club

Kinsmen Kiddies Korner

Kinsmen Centennial Swimming Pool

Kinsmen Outdoor Skating Rink

Kinsmen Memorial Stadium

Kinsmen Little League Stadium

Kin Village

Kinsmen Zoo

Kip's Service Station

Brigadier General James Kirkcaldy

Kirkcaldy Heights (North Hill) sub-division

Kiwanis Club

Kiwanis Swimming Pool/Paddling Pool

Kmart

Knowlton's Boot Shop

S.S. Kresge Co. Ltd.

Kullberg's Furniture Store

Lake Brandon

Land Titles Office

Lark Hill sub-division

Larry's Studio

Lawson Lodge

Prairie Oasis

Frank Lawson & Sons

Leech Printing

Lee's Implements Ltd.

Brandon Public Library

Centennial Library - Arts Centre

Western Manitoba Regional Library

Lindenberg Brothers Limited

Linden Lanes

Lions Club

Lion's Manor

Westman Lion's Manor Inc.

Linden Lanes Shopping Centre

Red & White Store

Lyceyn Tea Room

MacArthur Transportation Co.

Soo-Security Motorways Ltd.

M.F. MacDonald

Macey Foods Ltd.

G.C. (Curly) MacKay

MacLeods Store

Magnacca Enterprises

Manitoba Centennial 1970

Manco

Manitoba Cooperative Dairies Ltd.

Manitoba Dairy and Poultry Cooperative Ltd.

The Manitoba Hardware & Lumber Co. Ltd.

Manitoba Emergency Services College

Manitoba Engines Ltd.

Manitoba Felt & Yarn Works - Brandon

Manitoba Government Building

Manitoba Housing & Renewal Corporation

Manitoba Housing Authority

Manitoba Motor Transit Ltd.

Manitoba Pool Elevators

Agricore

Manitoba Public Insurance Coproration

Autopac

MPI

The Manitoba Windmill & Pump Co. Ltd.

Brandon Gas & Power Co. Ltd.

Maple Leaf Flour Mills

Maple Leaf Pork

Maple Leaf Meats

Maple Leaf Foods

The Maples

Mark's Work Wearhouse

D. Marshall

Massey-Harris Co. Ltd.

Massey-Feguson Building

Massin Furs

Frank Massin & Son Hide & Furs

Masonic Temple

Dr. J. Murray Matheson

McCallum Jewellers

McCallum Nursing Home

McCall Frontenac

Texaco

McDiarmid & Clark

McDonald & Foreman

John A. McDonald & Son

McDowell & Doke Tinsmiths'

McGregor's Livery Sale & Boarding Stable

J.D. McGregor

Malcolm McAdam McGregor

Fred McGuinness

A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd.

A.E. McKenzie House

Meadowlark Campground

Memories Chapel and Pre-planning Centre

Metropolitan Cafe

Metropolitan Store

Meyers Norris Penny

Miladi's - The House of Ladies' Quality Apparel

Mitrou Cafe & Candy Company

Modern Dairies

Monterey Estates

Sunridge Homes Ltd.

Morgon Motors

Moxie's

Blue Hills restaurant

Perkin's Restaurant

William Muir General Grocer

Murray Chev Olds-Cadillac Ltd.

Mutter Brothers

Nation & Shewan

National Store

Neale, Stothard & Chapman

The Newmount Medical Clinic

Nexen Chemicals Inc.

Canexus Ltd.

New System Store

North End Community Centre

Northside Mazda

Oddfellows Corner

Ogilvie Co.

Old Men's Home

Charlton Lodge

Olympia Cafe

Orange Hall

Grand Orange Lodge

Orchard Hardware Co.

Oshkosh Filter and Softener Co.

Pacific 66 Service Station

Palladium Dance Hall

Park Community Centre

Parker's Restaurant

Charlie Coyote's

Park View Apartments

George A. Paterson

Patmore's

Paul's Hauling Ltd.

A.E. McKenzie

Jack Hawson

Christopher David Mitrou

A. Reginald McDiarmid

Tony Macialek

Alex Mowat

David Weiss

Joseph Whitehead

Steward Shultz

Harry Cater

Charles Pilling

Robert Coombs

William Henderson

Arthur Johnson

George W. Noble

T.J. Beaubier

Harry Brown

Frank Massin

H.L. Patmore

Jack MacArthur

Flora Cowan

P.A. Kennedy

George Fitton

William Ferguson

Jack Coleman

A.E. Smith

J.C.P. Mitchell

Joseph Boyarski

W.T. "Bud" Higgins

Colonel Charles Whillier

Benjamin Hales

Fred Young

Wilfred Bigelow

Gabriel Charles (Barney) Mollot

E.J. Tyler

Pierre Cancade

George Sykes

G.R. Rowe

George Bass

Ritchie (Bob) Macpherson

Leslie Alexander McKay

Herbert Samuel Sharpe

Tom Ryles

Harold George Dinsdale

Paul Leon Regis Cancade

Eleanor Kidd

Cecil Webb

Edmond Fotheringham

Roy B. Hunter

Jack Donnelly

lan M. Brown

Charles Goucher

Lenton James Rust

Harold B. Smith

Milton Tinline

Keith Hurst

Ernest Jerrett

Pearl Treleaven

Hugh Rice

Cec Leech

William Gooden

William Samuel Gooden

Sam Wong

George Mason Henderson Bain

William Webster Fotheringham

Alex McPhail

Richard Patmore

Sandy Patterson

J.R.C. Evans

John Shurb

Joseph Frederick

Ronald Relf

William Speakman

David Norris

Myheer Crystal

Mrs. Joseph Whitehead

Gus Hendzel

Stuart Craig

Krug Crawford

Walter Hutchings

Lorne Duncan McDonald

Max Szturm

Henry Perdue

Samuel Harris

Charles Lightbody

Boom Cristal

Russell Fedoruk

James Creighton

Jack Kullberg

D.R. MacKay

W. Norman Hargreaves-Mawdsley

Reg Poole

Stephen William Bass

A.B. Downing

Ernestine Whiteside

Albert St. Clair Rumball

Alfred Veale

Clive Porteous

G.T. McNeil

J. Stuart Thompson

William Bertrand

Stephen Magnacca

Charles Unicume

Franklin Williamson

P.J. Harwood

Donn Mitchell

David Brownridge

George Mutter

J.E. Matthews

Mary Waddell

Alfred James Eamer

Herbert Stuart

Curly MacKay

Betty Gibson

Louisa Eagle

Ewart Murray

Marion Doig

Arthur Gordon Buckingham

Ernest Christie Whitehead

Daniel Cristall

Gordon Sefton

Robert Brockway

H.O. McDiarmid

Glen Fowler

Arthur Augustus Harris

James Munro

Thomas Stark

Howard B. Smith

Reginald Edward Unicume

Elwood Gorrie

James "Skip" McFarlane Mitchell

Turk Broda

Henry Neudorf

John Boyd Craig

Walter Dinsdale

A.B. Knowlton

John R. Brodie

Walter Shillinglaw

Zena Hurst

H. Vincent Kidd

People's Market Place

Perkins Family Restaurant

Pizza Hut

Pizza Place

Planet KIA

Ponderosa Steak House

Pool Packers

The Porteous Manufacturing Company

Princess Auto Ltd.

Princess Park Apartments

Princess Towers Apartments

Provincial Building

Federal Building

Pue's Interior Furnishings Ltd.

Quality Groceteria

Queen's Court

Queen Elizabeth Park

Ravenscourt Apartments

R.C.A.F. No. 2 Manning Depot

R.C.A.F. No. 12 Service Flying Training School

Brandon Rec Centre

Red Cross Drug Store

Rehab Industries of Western Manitoba

Reliance Machine and Motor Company

Rendering Plant

Ressor's Jewellery Store

Richmond Gardens Apartments Ltd.

Richmond Shoe Store

Ricki's Ladies' Ready to Wear Store

The Ricksha Restaurant

Rideau Park

Rideau Park Personal Care Home

Ritz Cafe

Riverbank Discovery Centre

Riverheights Terrace

Riverview Curling Club

Robins Donuts

Rosenman's Furniture

Royal Canadian Legion Brandon Branch No. 3

Royal Canadian Legion Wheat City Branch No. 247

RCMP

Safety Service Station

Don Gamble

Sander's Drug Store

Wellman's Drug Store

Scotia Towers

Scott Fruit Company

Security Building

Seniors for Seniors

Tony's Shamrock Lunch

Vic Sharpe

Shaver's Furs Ltd.

Simpson Sears/Sears Canada

Shoppers Mall Brandon

Brandon and Distric Shriner's Club

Shur-Gro Farm Services Ltd.

Simplot Canada Ltd.

Koch Fertilizer Canada

Thomas Sinclair

Sixteenth Street Beach

John E. Smith Block

Smith & Burton

Smith Carter Searle Associates

Smith's Lumber Ltd.

Smith's Tobacco Shop

Smitty's Restaurant

Snye Bridge/Snye River

Sokol Hall

Sokol Manor

Somerville & Co.

Soo's Chop Suey House

South End Community Centre

Spin Well Woolen Mills Co. Ltd.

Sportsplex

Harold Spratling

The Spruce Woods Housing Cooperative Ltd.

Stanley Park

West End Park

Stan's IGA/Stan's Fine Foods

Staples Business Depot

O. Stark & Son

Steel Store

Strand Theatre

Strathcona Apartments

Isaiah Strome

Stuarts News & Cigar Store

Lawrence Stuckey

Suburban Restaurant

Sun Cafe

The Sun Printing Company

Superstore

Super Thrifty Drugs

Sykes Slide

Ted Hill's Meat Market

MTS

Texaco-Lone Star Service Station

Allen Theatre

Bijou Theatre

Capital Theatre

Landmark Cinema

Empire Theatre

Green Acres Drive-In Theatre

Lucky Star Drive-In Theatre

Oak Theatre

Orpheum Theatre

Palace Theatre

Princess Theatre

Sherman Theatre

Starland Theatre

Town Cinema

Willis Theatre

The Avenue Groceteria

The Fun Shop

Thomas Mall

Thompson Grocery

Train Drive-In & Dairy Bar

Trans-Canada Highway

Travellers Day Parade

Trotter & Trotter

Tuberculosis Act

United Commercial Travellers of America

UCT

United Grill

United Cafe

United Pacific Company Ltd.

United Services Recreation Centre

Upton Apartments

Valleyview Subdivision

Velvet Dip

Venice House Restaurant

Victoria Curling Club

Victoria Rink

Victory Cafe

The Vogue

Waddell's Children's Store

Wade & Sons Ltd.

Wally Byam Caravan Club International

Watt's Men's Wear

Welder Supplies Ltd.

Wendy's Restaurant

West End Community Centre

Westbran Stadium

Neil Andrews Field

Western cooperative Fertilizers Ltd.

Western Concrete Products Ltd.

Western Grocers Ltd.

Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium

Western Medical Clinic

Western Motors Ltd.

Westman Communications Group

Westman Media Cooperative

Westman Kiwanis Courts

Westoba Credit Union

Wheat City Arena

Winter Fair Building

Wheat City Business College

Wheat City Curling Club

Wheat City Motors

Whyte's Pantry Grocery

White Rose Service Station

Willingdon Apartments

Willson Stationery Company

Wilton Motors Ltd.

Winnipeg House

F.W. Woolworth Store

Wright & Wightman

Yaeger's Furs

YMCA

YWCA

Zenith Paving Ltd.

Zeller's

Zink's Grocery

First Baptist Church

Bethel Temple

Pentecostal Tabernacle

Bethel Christian Assembly

McDiarmid Drive Alliance Church

Calvary Temple

St. Paul's Presbyterian Church

St. Paul's United Church

Central United Church

First Church of Christ Scientist

Church of the Nazarene

First Christian Reformed Church

First Church United

First Methodist Church

Methodist Church

First Presbyterian Church

Full Gospel Church

Four Square Gospel Church

Grace Lutheran Church

Grace Mennonite Church

Grand Valley Community Church

Jewish Synagogue

Kingdom Hall of Jehovah Witnesses

Knox United Church

Knox Presbyterian Church

First Lutheran Church

Lutheran Redeemer Church

Madison Crescent Baptist Church

Mennonite Mission Church

Mevlana Canadian Heritage Islam Society

Richmond Park Mennonite Brethren Church

Saint Andrews Presbyterian Church

St. Augustine's Church

St. George's Anglican Church

St. Hedwig's Catholic Church

St. Joseph's Polish National Catholic Church

St. Mary's Ukrainian Catholic Church

St. Matthew's Cathedral

The Salvation Army

Brandon Citadel Corps

Eventide Home

Bullock-Booth Home

Dinsdale Personal Care Home

St. Mary's Anglican Church

Southminster Presbyterian Church

Trinity United Church

Ukrainian Orthodox Church of Holy Ghost

Victoria Avenue Methodist Church

Brandon General Hospital

Assiniboine Hospital

Brandon Regional Health Centre

Brandon Regional Health Authority

A4 Military Training Camp

Fort Brandon Barracks

Brandon Mental Health Centre (BMHC)

Child & Adolescent Treatment Centre

Albion Hotel

American House

Arlington Hotel

Barney's Motel

Beaubier House

Beaubier Hotel

Mr. Bee's Inn

Best Western Brandon Inn

Brandon Hotel

Brandon House

Brunswick House

Canad Inns

Canadian Inn

Knights Inn

Casa Blanca Motel

Cecil Hotel

Chalet Inn Motel

Central Hotel

Chester House

City Hotel

Coachman Inn Motel

City Centre Hotel

Colonial Inn

Comfort Inn Motel

Journey's End Motel

Crystal Hotel

Crystal's Grand View Hotel

Days Inn

Douglas House

Empire Hotel

Edie House

Grand Central Hotel

Grand Union Hotel

Harris House

Highland Park Motor Lodge

Hillcrest Motel

Imperial Hotel

Kelly House

King Edward Hotel

Keystone Motor Inn

Lakeview Inn & Suites

Lamp Lighter Motor Lodge

Lambton House

Langham Hotel

Little Chalet Inn Motel

Merchant's Hotel

Midway Motel

Motel Rambler

Motel 6

New Pacific Hotel

Nite Rest Cabins

North Hill Motel

Ottawa Hotel

Ontario House

One & Ten Motel

Pacific Hotel

Palace Hotel

Prince Edward Hotel

Queens Hotel

Ramada Inn

Red Oak Inn

Redwood Inn

Redwood Motor Inn

Redwood Travelodge

Reno Hotel

Rodeway Inn Motel

Roseland Hotel

Royal Arms Hotel

Royal George Hotel

Royal Hotel

Royal Oak Inn

The Scotsman Motel

Shore House

Star & Garter Hotel

Sunset Motel

Starlight Motel

Super 6 Motel

Super 8 Motel

Trails West Motor Inn

Transit House

Travelodge

Twin Pines Motel

Victorial Hotel

Victoria Inn

Western Motel

Wheat City Hotel

Windsor Hotel

G.W. Alexander

E.G. Wiswell

John Richards

Thomas Hudson

John Melhuish

Alexander Mowat

George Bain

Jack Carey

Edward Polnick

Gary Winters

Rick Gregoire

Brent Dane

Archibald McMillan

Peter Duncan

Jack Foster

Watson Boyd

E.G. Berry

Joseph Robert Hardy

Charlie Goucher

Harry Bernard Everett

John Little

Harry Collister

Roger Hines

David McNamee

Ken Elliott

Keith Buizer

Brian Scott

Dick Scott

Richard Bruce

Harley Bryson

Keith Atkinson

lan Grant

City Hall

Brandon City Council

City of Brandon

Brandon Cemetery

Brandon School Board

Brandon School Division

Alexandra School

Assiniboine Community College

Assiniboine School

Betty Gibson School

Brandon Collegiate Institute (BCI)

Central School

Crocus Plains Regional Secondary School

David Livingstone School

Earl Haig School

Earl Oxford School

East Ward School

Fleming School

George Fitton School

Green Acres School

Harrison High School

Harrison Middle School

Christian Heritage School

Indian Industrial School

Indian Residential School

King George School

Kirkcaldy Heights School

Linden Lanes School

Lions School

McLaren School

Meadows Elementary School

Neelin High School

New Era School

Brandon Normal School

Brandon Agricultural & Homemaking School

Agricultural Extension Centre

North Ward School

Park School

J.R. Reid School

Riverheights School

Riverview Elementary School

Sacred Heart School

St. Augustine's School

St. Joseph's Academy

St. Michael's Convent

St. Michael's Academy

Technical School

Valleyview Centennial School

Vincent Massey High School

Subject Access:

Waverly School Dominion Exhibition Brandon (1913) West Ward School armouries

Brandon College bakeries **Brandon University**

bowling alleys Brandon Generating Station

breweries

Brandon Quota Club

bricks

Polish Gymnastic Association Sokol brickyards

Sokol bridges

Buildings

bus transportation

Canada's centennial

circuses

creameries

dairies

druggists

drug stores

Grain elevators

fairs

exhibitions

Flour mills

funeral homes

funeral chapels

gasoline

garbage dumps

landfills

recycling

Transportation

houses

ice houses

ice wagons

IGA stores

grocery stores

infantile paralysis

polio

laundries

manufactured gas

street names

natural gas

newspapers

public utilities

Brandon General Strike

hydro

police department

parking

parking meters

population

post offices

prohibition

alcohol regulations

rationing

roller rinks

skate board parks

floods

telephone services

theatres

highways

Housing

waterworks

sewers

weather

snowstorms

churches

hospitals

military hospitals

hotels

fire chiefs

fire department

police chiefs

judicial system

city boundaries

salaries

mayors

city engineers city managers

Brandon's 75th Anniversary

Brandon's centennial

tokens

Storage Location: 2003 accessions

4-2013 with 2013 accessions

Storage Range: 2003 accessions, 2013 accessions; loose photographs from the 8-2008

accession are located in the RG 5 photograph storage drawer.



Brandon College fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4236

Part Of: RG 1 Brandon College fonds

Description Level: Fonds

Accession Number: R81-30

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: 1899-1967

Physical Description: 25.5 m textual records and photographs

History / Biographical:

JOHN CRAWFORD AND PRAIRIE COLLEGE:

Although Brandon College was officially created in 1899, its roots go back much further to the late 1870's and early 1880's. It was during this time that Reverend John Crawford built Prairie College which was located in Rapid City, Manitoba.

Rev. John Crawford was born in Castledawson, Ireland. While he was at boarding school in Belfast he was converted to the Baptist faith. His later education took place at Edinburgh University, Stephany College, and Regent Park Baptist College, all of which are located in Great Britain. He became a pastor in London, England, which is where he met his wife, a prominent and cultured lady.

Crawford felt that his calling was in the backwoods of Canada, so he soon moved his wife and family to a farm near Toronto where he continued to preach. He was asked to join the faculty of the Canadian Literary Institute, a Baptist institution located in Toronto. He accepted the position and taught there for several years. The CLI, as it was commonly known, was a Baptist theological college. It was renamed Woodstock College in 1883.

In 1879, Crawford saw the need for Baptist preachers in the newly opening territories of Western Canada. He felt that a self-sustaining college was the answer. Young men could work the land and gain religious education to prepare them for the ministry at the same time. He chose Rapid City, Manitoba as the site for his new college, because it was then recognized as an integral hub of the Northwest. It was also on the proposed transcontinental railway route. The students would build the college and cultivate the land. The Ontario Baptist Convention, while shying away from giving him official approval for the proposed college, did allow Crawford the liberty to canvass the Baptist churches in order to raise up to \$2000 for the venture.

Crawford secured the help of Reverend G.B. Davis, a student at Woodstock and a graduate of Morgan Park College, Chicago, to teach and help train the students. In the summer of 1879, Davis and nine students reached Rapid City. During that summer they cultivated the land and built a two-story college building out of local stone. The following spring, Rev. John Crawford sold his house in Toronto for an estimated \$4000 and moved with his family to Rapid City to take up residence at the new college.

The newly formed Prairie College opened in the fall of 1880 with 15 missionary students. Rev. Crawford was the Principal, Rev. Davis was the Vice-Principal, while Misses Emily and Fanny Crawford were teachers. Although the school was a success missionarywise, it did not do well financially. In 1883, Prairie College closed, partly due to financial troubles and partly due to the Ontario Baptists deciding that one Baptist Theological College in Canada was enough, and it was located in Toronto. The students at Prairie College were urged to finish their education in Toronto . This college would soon be known as McMaster University.

S.J. MCKEE AND RAPID CITY ACADEMY:

After the closing of Prairie College, Rev. Crawford left for the United States. However, Rev. Davis still saw a need for education in Rapid City and began to build another school. The Rapid City Academy opened in 1884. Because Davis accepted a pulpit in Moose Jaw soon after, he prevailed upon his brother-in-law, S.J. McKee, to come and take charge of the academy. McKee accepted the position, and the school flourished under his guidance.

In 1890, McKee decided that the school would do better and reach more people if it was located in Brandon, Manitoba, where the railway had eventually gone through. He moved the Academy, and it was housed in various buildings in the city, until he found a permanent resting spot on the third floor of the Stewart Block on Rosser Avenue and Ninth Street.

BRANDON COLLEGE:

During the 1890's the Baptists began to reconsider their decision of having just one theological college. With the settlement of the West, the Baptists were looking to increase their congregation. It was thought that higher education for potential ministry students would greatly help the Baptist cause. Rev. A. J. Vining, who was the Baptist Superintendent of Missions for Manitoba and the Northwest at the time, strongly advocated a Baptist College in Manitoba.

In 1898, Vining interviewed Mr. William Davies, a prominent Baptist, in Toronto. Davies agreed to pledge \$3500 a year for five years towards the establishment of a college in the West. His sister, Mrs. Emily Davies agreed to add \$1500 to this amount. These pledges encouraged the 1898 meeting of the Manitoba Convention in Winnipeg to begin organization of a Baptist College to be located in Manitoba. A five member committee was chosen to consider the benefits of a Baptist college in Manitoba. Their report was to be read the following summer at the Portage La Prairie Convention.

At the 1899 meeting of the Convention, the five member committee recommended:

- 1. "That we proceed to inaugurate a movement for the establishment of a denominational school at once.
- 2. "That we extend a call to Dr. A.P. McDiarmid to act as Principal.
- 3. "That we appoint a committee of twenty-one directors.
- 4. "That at present the question of the site be left with the President and Board of Directors but that no site be considered permanent till endorsed by this Convention at a regular or special meeting.

On July 21st, 1899 it was resolved:

- 1. That we proceed to establish and develop an educational school at Brandon.
- 2. That the school be known as "Brandon College".
- 3. That the quorum of the Board of Directors be fixed at eleven .

Because S.J. McKee already had a thriving academy in Brandon, and he was a staunch Baptist, it was decided to merge Professor McKee's Academy with the newly formed Brandon College. The classes would take place in the Stewart Block, the site of the Academy. S.J. McKee was hired as professor in Classics, Mental Science and French, while also acting as the unofficial vice-principal. He also had a position on the Board of Directors. Arthur W. Vining, Howard P. Whidden, J.B. Beveridge, and Miss Annie Beveridge rounded out the first faculty of Brandon College.

The 1900 Brandon College Calendar states:

The College aims at not only the mental culture of its students, but at the development of right character. It recognizes the supreme importance of surrounding the student during the period of college life with positive Christian influences, and to keep before him distinctively Christian ideals. The transcendent worth of character is kept in view in molding the life of the College, while the best possible intellectual training is sought. Though Christian, the College is in no sense sectarian. Students of all denominations will enjoy equal privileges. In every department the professors and teachers must be members of some evangelical church; in the Theological Department alone it will be required that they shall be members of the Baptist denomination. The College in all its departments is open to students of both sexes. The faculty will have watchful regard to the best interests of the students in every respect. Those whose conduct and influence are found to be injurious to the welfare of the College will be dismissed if milder disciplinary methods fail to effect reform .

While the school would be run by the Baptists, it was always non-sectarian and co-educational. Students of all denominations were invited to attend Brandon College. The development of a person with the right character was as important as the mental culture of the students. Classes commenced on October 2, 1899. There were 110 students, 81 men and 29 women. Thirteen of these students had plans to enter the ministry. It soon became apparent that the building Brandon College occupied was far too small for its increasing numbers. Plans were drawn up in early 1900 to build a spacious college on the west edge of Brandon. Hugh McCowan was hired as architect and T.M. Harrington of Winnipeg was asked to build the school.

A charter creating Brandon College was written. This Act briefly defined the purposes, jurisdiction, and administrative framework of the College. The "Act to Incorporate Brandon College" was approved by the Province of Manitoba and assented to on June 1, 1900. It granted the Baptist Convention authority over all College affairs. This authority included the appointment of the College Directors and professors, the creation of rules and bylaws, as well as control over the school's curriculum. While the Board of Directors had control over financial matters, all Board decisions had to be approved by the Convention .

The cornerstone for the new building was laid on July 13, 1900 by Mrs. William Davies. The College commenced classes in the new building, located at 270-18th street, on October 2, 1901. It cost approximately \$44 000 to build. There was residence for 70-80 men as well as a dining room, kitchen, science laboratory, reception room, office, library and nine classrooms. The College consisted of an Academic Department, and Arts Department, a Theological Department, and a Business and Stenographic Department.

The Commercial courses were discontinued in 1916 due to financial difficulties during the war. In 1922, the Business Department of Brandon College was discontinued because the College

could no longer afford to keep it operating.

The Academic Department consisted of Grades 9 through 12. Although it was a large and popular aspect of Brandon College, it began to decrease in size with the advent of secondary schools. Up until the early part of the twentieth century, most public schools stopped at around grade eight. After that, there were Normal schools that students could go to to become a teacher. Many students wishing to attend secondary school came to Brandon College, where a full secondary course was offered. By the 1920's and 1930's however, collegiates were becoming more commonplace. Students often didn't have to travel as far to receive a higher education. By the early 1930's most of the Academic Department had been discontinued because of lack of need and finances. By 1932, only the Grade Twelve course was still in operation.

Although one of the main intents behind building Brandon College had been to prepare students for the Baptist ministry, the Theological Department was always one of the smaller departments. By 1915, the Board of Directors had assumed authority over all College operations. However, the Baptist Union still maintained control over theological education, through the Committee on Ministerial Education created in 1908. In 1916, the department was curtailed considerably because of the war. An Educational Secretary, hired in 1919, managed the teaching of theology at Brandon College. The Educational Secretary also controlled the College Maintenance Fund, which was specifically set aside to ensure the financial health of theological education. The Baptist Union's residual power over theological education led to the creation of the Brandon College Commission in 1923. This joint commission of the Baptist Union and College Senate examined several instructors, including Harris MacNeill, for alleged improper Biblical interpretations. These claims stemmed from Fundamentalist Baptists, who believed that the theological students at Brandon College were being taught by Modernists. The Commission found little evidence to support these allegations, and the instructors were later exonerated of all charges. Even with this decision, the College had to discontinue the Theological Department in 1927 due to lack of funds.

The College's financial situation was very poor when Dr. Evans assumed control in 1928. The support from the Baptists was shaky, especially since the Fundamentalist-Modernist argument during the early 1920s. The Baptist Union Educational Committee recommended the Arts department be maintained as a significant training course for Christian leadership. The Committee wanted the re-establishment of the Department of Theology. In 1933, in an attempt to regain Baptist support, Rev. Ross C. Eaton was hired as Lecturer in Bible to help bring religious study back to the College. In 1934, John B. McLaurin was hired as Acting Professor in Theology. Dr. F.W. Pattison gave a Practical Theology course, while Dr. Evans made plans to increase the religious department even more. In 1935 Dr. C.B. Lumsden was appointed Professor of Theology, and in 1936, Rev. E.M. Whidden was appointed Head of the Department of Theology.

In 1905, plans commenced for the building of a Women's Residence to adjoin Brandon College. On May 24th, 1906 Mrs. A.P. McDiarmid laid the cornerstone for what was to become known as Clark Hall. The building was named for C.W. Clark, a Winnipeg doctor who gave \$30 000 of the \$40 000 dollars needed to build the residence. Dr. Clark gave the money to Brandon College because he believed that women should have every chance to receive higher education. On October 18th of the same year, Clark Hall was officially opened, with room for 50 women.

With the expansion of the women's department came programs that were geared towards young women of the era. A Music and Art Department was added to the College as was an Expression and Physical Culture Department. The heads of these departments were Abbie Helmer Vining, H. Hancock, and Gertrude Trotter. Miss Ernestine R. Whiteside was hired as Lady Principal and teacher of German and English.

With the rice in immigration during this time same the chance of expansion at Prender

College. There were large numbers of Scandinavian settlements in Manitoba, and it was thought that introducing a Scandinavian Department at the College would entice prospective Swedish missionary students. The students would return to their settlements after being educated by the Baptists, and it was hoped that they would spread the Baptist word among the Scandinavian settlers. Mr. Emil Lundquist was hired in 1907 to head the newly formed Scandinavian Department.

Physical fitness was stressed at Brandon College. Students were encouraged and expected to exercise. It was thought that a healthy body helped to create a healthy mind. There was more behind this ideal than simply healthy minds though, at least for the women students. During this period in history, it was often believed that women were not physically capable of learning to a great extent. It was thought that studying created too much of a stress on the female body, often leading to illness or permanent invalids. Before a girl was accepted to Brandon College, she had to furnish a letter from her doctor stating that she was physically able to go to school and study. As well, women were subjected to the "Clark Hall Line", a daily two mile walk which was mandatory to all women. No matter what the weather was like they would pair up and, in a long line, walk down the streets of Brandon to the edge of the city. This line was often the cause of much amusement for the men of Brandon College. There were plenty of other sports offered at Brandon College for both men and women in an effort to keep the students physically active. This belief in physical fitness led to the development in 1908 of what was to become an annual College Field Day.

In 1908, the Baptist Convention of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories became the Baptist Union of Western Canada. This change reflected a restructuring of the Baptist organization. The Union had a meeting every three years that consisted of delegates sent from Baptist churches throughout western Canada. The Baptist Union Board carried on the affairs of the Union and met semi-annually. Each year the Board created a budget based on the needs of the Union, then allocated funds to Provincial and Conference Boards. These other Boards had the responsibility of financing their local institutions and projects. The Baptist Union was not in direct control over these expenditures. If the budget was not raised, the Union had to incur the provincial deficits. This situation of mounting debts continued for several years.

Principal McDiarmid's title was changed to President McDiarmid in 1910. There is no document explaining this change, but it follows a trend in other colleges and universities during that period when the head of the school was known as the president.

Up until 1910, the College had been loosely affiliated with the University of Manitoba. The Baptists refused to accept the University of Manitoba model of a higher institution, and they continuously sought to get a separate University charter that would give Brandon College degree-granting privileges. It was because of the Baptists firm belief in the separation of church and state that they could not accept the University of Manitoba model, as it would place the College under state control. The college could not secure a charter of its own, so it was decided in 1910 that Brandon College would affiliate with McMaster University.

Brandon College was in debt following the construction of their first two buildings, and it became increasingly clear to the College Board that they could no longer rely solely on funding from the Baptist Union. In order to carry out their financial campaign and increase their administrative efficiency the Board felt it should control the College. In 1911 the Baptist Union was confronted with a proposal from Brandon College stating:

...in our confirmed judgment the work of the College should be under the immediate and unfettered direction of its own Board of Directors and Senate—that its Board of Directors, subject to the expressed general policy of the Baptist Union, control its business administration, and that its Senate should have direction of its education policies and work, viz., the determination of its courses of study, its curricula, its instruction, its examinations, etc.

It appears after this date that Brandon College was much more in control of its curricula and courses of study. However, the school still relied almost completely on the Union for financial support.

World War One began in 1914 and affected Brandon College greatly. Students were very patriotic to England, reflecting the ideals and propaganda of the time in their thoughts and actions. Classes shrunk as men enlisted, and military drilling in front of the College buildings became a commonplace scene. This was due to the fact that in 1915, a Canadian Officers Training Corps unit was established at Brandon College. A Brandon College platoon was organized as part of the Western Universities Battalion, the 196th.

Over thirty Brandon College men were killed during World War One. After the cessation of hostilities in Europe, the students at Brandon College began fundraising to build a memorial gymnasium to honor their classmates who died during the war.

Brandon College began to consider expansion in 1920, when an extension fund campaign was started in an effort to raise money to build a science building. Meanwhile, Dr. Whidden was involved in a continuous effort to maintain the College financially. That year, Mr. William Davies died, and in his will he left \$100 000 dollars to Brandon College, on the condition that people in the west could match the amount dollar for dollar.

Contributions to the College increased substantially with the 1923 arrival of Dr. Sweet, the new College President. He quickly gained the confidence of the Board of Directors, the faculty, the students, the community, and the Baptists. The motto of Brandon College up to this point in time seemed to have been "Speaking the Truth in Love". But with the arrival of Dr. Sweet the motto appears to have been changed to "Education Crowned by Reverence".

After the Stock Market crash in 1929, the financial situation of the College grew even worse. The Great Depression severely limited charitable contributions for both Brandon College and the Baptist Union during the 1930's.

In 1931, the Baptist Union indicated by resolution that Brandon College would be closed at the end of the 1930-1931 school year unless the College could find a way to pay its own maintenance bills. The final announcement from the Baptist Union Board stated:

'RESOLVED that the Board of Brandon College be requested to endeavor to continue the College in operation until the close of the current College year, and that in view of the inability of the Baptist Union to make provision for adequate financial support, that the College cease to operate at the end of the current College year.'

It was at this time the businessmen of Brandon, through the Brandon Board of Trade, began to get involved in the College situation. An organization called the Brandon College Citizens Campaign submitted a by-law that would raise \$20 000 for the College for at least five years. The by-law had to be accepted by 60% of the ratepayers before it would be instituted. Despite a huge campaign effort, the by-law was rejected, mainly by the large working-class society in the city who did not see the need for higher education and who resented not being hired to do contract work there. After the by-law failed Brandon citizens raised \$20 000 on their own to keep the school open for at least another year.

By 1937, the College was still financially unstable, and although the Western Baptists supported the institution, they could no longer afford to help with the costs. In 1938 the Baptist Union passed a resolution withdrawing completely from any financial responsibility for Brandon College.

BRANDON COLLEGE AS A NON-DENOMINATIONAL SCHOOL:

The citizens of Brandon began to look for ways to keep the College open. A delegation of 60

representatives from towns in southwestern Manitoba asked Premier John Bracken and the Minister of Education for assistance to help keep Brandon College open as a Western Manitoba Arts College under the direction of an independent Board and on a non-denominational basis. The Brandon Board of Trade created a Brandon College Committee. Its members looked into ways the College could be saved. A.E. McKenzie was one of the central figures in this fight to save Brandon College .

In July, McKenzie put up an offer of a \$100 000 endowment for Brandon College. Shortly after that he upped the endowment to \$300 000. The provincial government agreed to give the College \$15 000 annually on the condition that the city of Brandon raise that amount as well and the \$300 000 endowment was accepted. In September, McKenzie increased the endowment to \$500 000 dollars, \$100 000 of which would be revenue-bearing at 3%, which would raise \$3000 a year for twenty years. Brandon was disappointed that the provincial government only offered \$15 000, as they had originally asked for quite a bit more. However, they set about on a campaign to raise their share of the funds so that Brandon College could open for the fall term .

In September of 1938, Brandon College reopened under the affiliation of the University of Manitoba. A provisional Board of Directors, consisting of Dr. J.R.C. Evans, Mayor F.H. Young, A.E. McKenzie, N.W. Kerr, K.C., E.M. Warren, H.O. McDiarmid, M.D., A.G. Buckingham, K.C., F.R. Longworth, and R.B. Alexander, was responsible for the administering of the affairs of the college. These men were all prominent Brandon citizens who had been involved in the fight to save Brandon College. They tried to complete the campaign to cover financial obligations and assure permanency of the college. The provincial government said that they would raise their support from \$15 000 to \$22 500 per year if Brandon could pass a by-law guaranteeing support of the college.

On April 17, 1939, Bill 104 received assent as an Act of the Provincial Legislature incorporating Brandon College Incorporated. On June 6, a Brandon Bylaw was passed that approved the levying of one mill on the dollar from taxpayers for the next twenty years to help support Brandon College. This Bylaw assured that Brandon taxpayers would raise \$5000 during the first year that it was levied, and this amount would increase during subsequent years as Brandon grew and prospered. On June 13, the Board of Directors approved recording of the Bill as the Charter of Corporation. The A.E. McKenzie endowment was authorized by Bylaw #5 of the corporation on December 19.

With the outbreak of World War II in 1939 came the resurrection of the C.O.T.C. at Brandon College in 1940. Enrollment went down as young men and women joined the Armed Forces to go overseas. In order to keep the college out of debt, Dr. Evans created the War Emergency Fund in 1941. This fund raised \$15 000 from 1941 to 1946. Scholarships were restarted at the college to help boost enrollment. Many of the scholarships were contingent on the recipient being a resident student in order to help raise residence numbers.

In 1945, the A.E. McKenzie Trust of 1939 was canceled, and 90% of A.E. McKenzie's stockholdings were transferred to the control of the Province of Manitoba. The A.E. McKenzie Foundation was established using the annual declared dividends from the 90% of the stock. This foundation was administered by the Minister of Education of Manitoba, the President of Brandon College, and a third person to be decided on by both parties. The annual grant of \$10 000 from the foundation would be increased by \$4000 if a Social Science Chair was established at the college.

In 1946 that Brandon College hired its first Director of Public Relations. This man was Walter G. Dinsdale, a 1937 Brandon College graduate. A Guidance Committee was created in 1948. It was also during this year that Brandon College became an associate member of the National Conference of Canadian Universities. A Social Science Department was added in 1948, and the Biology Department was reorganized. In 1949 a Department of Political Science was created.

The Board of Directors passed a resolution in 1949 to create a committee to hire a director for a financial campaign. The campaign went poorly. Brandon College, although not in the same position as it had been a decade earlier, was still not secure financially. The citizens of Brandon, having been through the Depression and the war years, did not have much left to give to the College.

In 1951, the Federal Government provided the first of an annual fund of \$8 000 000 to be divided between Canada's universities and colleges based on enrollment figures. During this first year, Brandon College received \$18 000 from the government.

Education was first offered at Brandon College in 1952 with the co-operation of the Department of Education and the University of Manitoba. In 1953, Brandon College became an associate member of the Association of Universities of the British Commonwealth.

The mortgage that had been assumed from the Baptists in 1939 was paid off in 1954. It was also during this year that Brandon College received its first new building since the 1922 Science Building. An "H-Hut" was moved onto the property and placed behind the Science Building. It was redecorated and used for student functions, a library, and a recreation area.

The Board of Directors increased from twenty one to thirty six in 1955. The provincial grant of \$22 500 was raised to \$50 000.

In 1957 the Brandon College Faculty Association was formed. This marked the beginning of the end of the 'family' structure of the college. A salary schedule was created in 1957 for the Arts and Science Departments. In November of 1958, the Expansion Committee of the Board of Directors was authorized to proceed with all aspects of expansion. By 1959, a new Arts and Library building was being planned.

On Thursday, July 23, 1959, Dr. Evans died suddenly while on holiday in Robson, British Columbia. Before he died he had managed to secure funding and plans for the new Arts and Library building and Lecture Theatre. The Manitoba Government granted \$500 000 and the Canada Council \$102 000 towards the building of a new Arts and Library Building and Lecture Theatre.

The new Arts and Library Building and the J.R.C. Evans Lecture Theatre were officially opened on January 6, 1961 by Mrs. John G. Diefenbaker (Olive Freeman, Class of 1923). It was also during 1961, that Brandon College welcomed its first overseas student. As well, J.E. Brodie, the former president of Great West Coal made a \$200 000 gift to Brandon College, and gave \$50 000 to the Expansion Fund.

The next several years were full of expansion for Brandon College. The Men's Residence, Dining Hall and Heating Plant were opened in 1962. In 1963, a Women's Residence and the Music Building were opened. A Gymnasium was opened in 1965.

The Board of Directors changed dramatically in the early 1960's, becoming more influenced by the distribution of funds from government sources. Legislation in 1966 revised the Brandon College Act to reduce the number of members on the Board of Directors from thirty-six down to twelve. Seven of these twelve would be appointed by the Lieutenant Governor-in-Council, and three would be appointed by the Brandon College Corporation. One member would be elected by the Alumni Association, and the College President would be a member ex-officio.

BRANDON COLLEGE BECOMES BRANDON UNIVERSITY:

1967 was an important year for Brandon College. Not only was a new Education Building opened, but the College ceased to exist. This was because a university charter had been granted to Brandon College. On July 1, 1967. Brandon College became Brandon University.

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Dr. John E. Robbins was appointed to be its first president. The university would enjoy a certain amount of freedom from the financial hardships it had endured over the past 68 years. As well, the university would no longer have its curriculum dictated to it from other institutions as it had during affiliation with McMaster University and the University of Manitoba.

Custodial History:

The records have been located in a number of areas around the University including Clark Hall, the old Science building, the A.E. McKenzie building, and "the trailer", which was a very old addition to Clark Hall and has now been removed from campus. The records are now in the S.J. McKee Archives located on the Brandon University campus.

Scope and Content:

The fond consists of minutes, reports, correspondence, invoices, printed material, clippings and photographs. The collection spans from S.J. McKee's personal papers from Rapid City Academy in the 1880's through to the decision to grant university charter to Brandon College in 1967. It is a very interesting source for the history of Western Canada.

Several different themes emerge in the fond. A very central theme concerns Baptist higher education in Western Canada, higher education in general, the development of curriculum in Canada, and the Baptist Western Movement. The development of religious higher education, especially Baptist training, is well-documented.

Areas such as student associations, student life on campus, and women's education are detailed in the collection. There is a very detailed look at the social aspects of college life, especially the difference between the genders in the realm of higher education. These themes can be found in the various Clark Hall scrapbooks and "Saturday Books" written by the lady principal.

An economic theme is prevalent for much of the early history of Brandon College due to various financial restraints that the College and Western Canada faced. These themes are especially noticed in the Bursar and Registrar records.

The administration of the corporation can be followed closely through the minutes and certain correspondence from the Board of Directors. A more in-depth look at the people involved in the running of an institution of higher learning can be found in the various personal papers of the presidents of the College.

There are also several military files, dealing with the creation and operation of a C.O.T.C. regiment on campus during both the First and Second World Wars. The fond also provides a glimpse of how the wars affected daily life on campus and their after-effects on the College.

The fonds also examines the effects that affiliation with other universities can have on curriculum, regulations and other aspects of College life.

Notes: The RG 1 Brandon College fonds description and finding aid were

prepared by Karyn Taylor (nee Riedel) in August 1998.

Name Access: Duff Roblin

Tommy Douglas
Stanley Knowles

Brandon Manitoba

McMaster University
University of Manitoba

Baptist Union of Western Canada

Subject Access: post-secondary education

Baptist Church

universities

co-educational institutions

Access Restriction: See series level for access restrictions.

Repro Restriction: Copyright provisions apply.

Finding Aid: Available

Storage Location: RG 1 Brandon College fonds

Related Material: McKee Archives: RG 6 Brandon University fonds. The Canadian Baptist

Archives at McMaster University contain the following records related to Brandon College: Correspondence (1911-1936); McMaster Chancellor's Correspondence (1895-1926); McMaster Chancellor's Reports; History (1962); Stone & Garnet History (1969); Calendars (1899-1938); Report of Commission 1923 (pamphlet); Fact Concerning 1922 (pamphlet); Jesuit Methods (pamphlet); an incomplete set of the Quill; and exams. They also have The Western Baptist and the Yearbooks of the Baptist Union of Western Canada (1907-1996). (Source: Correspondence between Judith Colwell, Archivist, Canadian Baptist Archives and

Thomas H. McLeod. Date: October 8, 1996).

Arrangement:

The fonds is divided into fifteen series and two associated fonds.