

# S. J. McKee Archives



## Untitled (Brandon University Library)

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/artworks1048

Artist: Robinson

Date: 1991

Form: painting

Dimensions: 30 X 64.5 cm

Size Overall: 54 X 80 cm

Medium: watercolor

Condition: Slight cockling of surface on left size

Primary Support: paper

Secondary Support: plexiglass, backing board; frame - wood

Inscriptions: Inscription on the image: Brandon University Library MCM Architects Inc.

Accession Number: 0060



# BU 8: Brandon University library services

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions169

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: Series
Series Number: 8

GMD: multiple media

Physical Description: 5.14 m textual records; approximately 20 photographs (Millwood display)

Scope and Content:

Series has been divided into three sub-series, including: (1) Director of Library Services; (2)

S.J. McKee Archives; (3) Film Services.

Notes: Series needs to be processed.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

# McGuinness library

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions13683

Other Title Info: Title based on the contents of the series

Part Of: Fred McGuinness collection

Description Level: Series
Series Number: McG 8

## Document Not Available

(Copyright Restrictions)

Accession Number: 1-2015

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: c. 1882-2010

Physical Description: Approximately 2 m

83 books and other materials (see Material Details Note)

Material Details: 49 booklets

3 maps

3 newsletters18 periodicals16 pamphlets

35 newspapers [oversize drawer]

History / Biographical:

The publications in this series were collected by Fred McGuinness during the course of his career as a newspaperman. McGuinness' personal library contained over 500 volumes pertaining to local history. He regularly consulted these materials when writing his radio broadcasts, newspaper columns, and monographs. McGuinness was known to file related materials (e.g., correspondence, newspaper clippings, invitations) between book covers of various titles.

McGuinness donated a substantial portion of his personal library to Brandon University's John E. Robbins Library when he moved to River Heights Terrace (Brandon, Manitoba). That collection can be found in BU's library catalogue under the McGuinness local history collection. The titles McGuinness retained upon his move were donated to the McKee Archives by his estate in 2011.

#### Custodial History:

Accession 1-2015 contains records created and collected over the course of McGuinness' career as a newspaper journalist and freelance writer. The Estate of Fred McGuinness donated the materials to the SJ McKee Archives circa 2011. The Archives accessioned the records in 2015.

Accession 20-2009 contain records created and collected by Fred McGuinness over the course of his career as a newspaper journalist and during the research and writing period of the Brandon history book, The Wheat City. Records remained in his possession at his home until their transfer to the McKee Archives on July 28, 2009.

Accession 6-2008 contains records created and collected during the writing of the Provincial Exhibition book, Pride of the Land. Fred McGuinness, who co-authored the book with Ken Coates, donated these records to the McKee Archives circa 1988. The materials relating to Souris, Manitoba, were given to McGuinness by Kay Sullivan in August 2007, and were subsequently deposited in the Archives.

#### Scope and Content:

This series contains publications collected by Fred McGuinness during the course of his lifetime as a newspaperman. McGuinness was a well-known local history enthusiast and frequently wrote about Brandon's local history. Many of his readers forwarded booklets and pamphlets for his consideration and review.

Materials in this series include books, booklets pamphlets, periodicals, newspapers and maps. Subjects include, but are not exclusive to: the city of Brandon, the town of Souris, memoirs, family histories, Canadian Pacific Railway, and local businesses.

Accruals: Closed

Finding Aid: A file level inventory is available

Storage Location: All library titles, except the newspapers in the McGuinness oversize

drawer, are located in Special Collections

### Arrangement:

Arrangement was artificially created by the Archives.

McG 8 McGuinness library

McG 8.1 Books

McG 8.2 Booklets

McG 8.3 Maps, newsletters, and periodicals

McG 8.4 Pamphlets

McG 8.5 Magazines and newspapers (oversize)

#### **Documents**





# Project XV: Library building

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3341

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: File
Series Number: 2.6
File Number: 32
Accession Number: 8-2005

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1971
Physical Description: 2 files

Scope and Content:

Files consist of correspondence, reports, recommendations, proposals, financial information, minutes, memos, information on Erickson/Massey Architects and Planners, action outline, library statistics, drawings and reference materials.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series 2: Board of Governors

2.6 Board Projects

Box 1



## Library building planning - Canada - Ontario

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3579

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: File
Series Number: 4.2
File Number: 6

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1959-1976

Physical Description: 1 file

Scope and Content:

File consists of reference materials regarding university libraries in Ontario gathered for the purpose of planning the use and/or expansion of the John E. Robbins Library at Brandon University. It includes two photographs of Carelton University Library.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series 4: Office of the Vice-President

4.2 Office of the Vice-President (Administration & Finance)

Box 1



# Library building planning - Canada - British Columbia

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3575

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: File
Series Number: 4.2
File Number: 2

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: 1969-1974

Physical Description: 1 file

Scope and Content:

File consists of reference materials regarding university libraries in British Columbia gathered for the purpose of planning the use and/or expansion of the John E. Robbins Library at Brandon University.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series 4: Office of the Vice-President

4.2 Office of the Vice-President (Administration &Finance)

Box 1



# Brandon College plate 1901

## http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions8617

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: Item
Series Number: 16.3
Item Number: 32
Item Number Range: 32

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 2008

Physical Description: 1 item

Physical Condition: Excellent

Custodial History:

This plate was the property of Edna and Carl Bjarnason. It was in their possession for some fifty years prior to its donation to the University on October, 2005. The Development Office took possession of the plate at that time and transferred it to the Archives in March 2008.

#### Scope and Content:

The plate measures 26 cm in diameter and is white with blue glazing. The centre of the plate depicts the Brandon College Original Building and the words "Brandon College, Brandon Manitoba." The outside of the plate is a flower motif. On the back of the plate, in the same blue as the front, are the words "Canadian View Series, Brandon Manitoba." There is also a trademark of a bird with a banner reading "Trademark England."

Notes: Part of BU 16.3 Artifacts - other.

Name Access: Carl Bjarnason

Edna Bjarnason

Subject Access: Brandon College
Related Material: RG 6, 16.3, Item 14



## Brandon and District Labour Council (CLC) fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4840

Part Of: RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection

Description Level: Collection

Accession Number: 23-2003, 22-2003, 13-2003, 25-1999, 26-1999

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1955-1985; predominant 1971-1985

Physical Description: 2.4 m textual records; c. 5 photographs; 1 minute book (measuring 1"x

9"x 14")

History / Biographical:

The Brandon Trades and Labour Council was established in 1906, as an affiliate of the Trades and Labour Congress of Canada. The original Council contained thirteen locals, including those of railway workers, sheet metal workers, plumbers and steam fitters, bricklayers, carpenters and joiners, cigar makers, printers, and barbers. By 1912, the Council contained twenty four locals. The Council's principal function was to advance the corporate interests of labour within the framework of a largely unregulated capitalism. After 1955, the Council was affiliated with the Canadian Labour Congress, which was created through a merger of the Trades and Labour Congress of Canada and the Canadian Congress of Labour.

Custodial History:

Fonds remained in possession of Brandon and District Labour Council prior to donation to the S.J. McKee Archives.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of financial and administrative records of the Brandon and District Labour Council. Records also include collective agreements, correspondence, publications of the Labour Council and affiliated unions, some union local minutes, newspaper clippings, petitions, and various miscellaneous files. Fonds also includes a minute book for the Council (1971-1985) and two union charters.

Notes: CAIN No. 202611

Subject Access: Canadian Labour Congress

Brandon and District Labour Council

organized labour working class labourism

Storage Location: 1999 and 2003 accessions
Storage Range: 1999 and 2003 accessions



### Brandon Council of Women fonds

#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4823

Part Of: RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection

Description Level: Collection
Accession Number: 34-1998

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: 1952-1973

Physical Description: 66 cm textual records;

6 photographs

History / Biographical:

The Brandon Council of Women (BCW) was active between 1895 and 1927, when it disbanded. Principally through the efforts of Mrs. Kaye Rowe of Brandon, the BCW was officially restablished in 1952. The Brandon Council of Women remained active until c. 1973. It brought together fifty-two women's organizations in Brandon, representing 2600 women.

Custodial History:

The Brandon Council of Women fonds was transferred to the McKee Archives during the 1970s. It was accessioned in 1998.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of papers and photographs of the International Council of Women (ICW), the National Council of Women of Canada (NCWC), the Manitoba Council of Women (MCW), and the Brandon Council of Women (BCW). The ICW papers include meeting minutes. The NCWC papers include meeting minutes, resolution lists, pamphlets, newsletters, correspondence, financial records, yearbooks, and copies of Acts pertaining to women. The MCW papers contain copies of the MCW constitution, meeting minutes, resolution lists, correspondence, and committee reports. The BCW materials comprise the largest part of the fonds, and include meeting minutes, committee reports, financial records, correspondence, short course agendas, posters, pamphlets, memos, resolution lists, newspaper clippings, manuscripts, photographs, and scrapbooks.

Notes: CAIN No. 202626 Subject Access: Mrs. Kaye Rowe

> Brandon Manitoba

National Council of Women of Canada

Manitoba Council of Women
International Council of Women

Feminism

Women's organizations

Storage Location: 1998 accessions
Storage Range: 1998 accessions



# Margaret Menzies collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions12723

Part Of: MG 4 Brandon University Students

Description Level: Collection
Accession Number: 13-2012

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1959-2007; predominant 1983-2001

Physical Description: 18 cm textual records

1 photograph

History / Biographical:

Margaret Menzies was born on July 30th, 1920, at a family farm located in Oakburn, Manitoba. She grew up on the family farm and attended school in both Oakburn and Shoal Lake. She married Donald Menzies on June 4th, 1941. Together they had four children. In 1959, the family moved to Brandon, Manitoba, where they lived for the rest of their lives.

Margaret Menzies was a longtime and active member of the International Toastmistress Club (ITC), and was also involved in the Consumers Association of Canada, Seniors for Seniors, as well as being a member of the Liberal Party of Canada and the Central United Church. Menzies did not graduate from high school in her early years, but managed to continue her education and receive a bachelor of arts degree from Brandon University at the age of 70.

Margaret Menzies passed away on June 9th, 2012.

Custodial History:

Records in the collection were brought to the S.J McKee Archives on July 13, 2012, by Gerald Brown, on behalf of the family of Margaret Menzies.

Scope and Content:

Collection contains of two scrapbooks created by Margaret Menzies. The scrapbooks contain various cards, itinerary's, and other documents associated with Menzies' membership in the International Toastmistress Club. The items in the scrapbooks date from the mid 1980's to the late 1990's.

Also included in the collection are four local history books. The first is a 100 year history of the town of Oakburn, Manitoba, from 1870 to 1970, published during celebrations of Manitoba's centenniary in 1970. Next is a book about the history of the town of Shoal Lake, Manitoba, which was published in 1959 on the 50th anniversary of the founding of the town of Shoal Lake in 1909. The last two books are the first and second volumes of Ripples on the Lake, which cover the history of the Shoal Lake municipality from 1884. The first volume covers the first 100 years of the history of the Shoal Lake region, being published in 1984. The second volume was published in 2007, covering the history of Shoal Lake since 1984, as well as including new information that was not published in the 1984 version of the book.

Finally, the collection contains one photograph of Margaret Menzies receiving her bachelor of arts degree from Peter Hordern, dean of arts of Brandon University.

Notes: Biographical information provided by obituary entry in the Brandon Sun,

June 16, 2012. Description by Tyler Warren (October 2012).

Name Access: Shoal Lake

Oakburn

International Toastmistress Club
Urban Acres Toastmistress Club

Subject Access: women's organizations

public relations
Leadership
communication
local histories

Storage Range: 2012 accessions

Related Material: International Toastmistress Club-Land O' Lakes Region fonds (15-2002)



### Jack Stothard collection

### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4231

Part Of: RG 5 Western Manitoba Manuscript Collection

Description Level: Collection

Accession Number: 1-2003, 12-2006, 8-2007, 8-2008, 18-2008, 11-2009, 4-2012, 4-2013,

8-2016

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: ca. 1900s, 2001-2003, 2007, 2008, 2016

Physical Description: 30 cm textual records

9 b/w photograph

Physical Condition: Good

History / Biographical:

Jack Stothard was born on February 16, 1932 in Brandon, MB. He attended public schools in the city (Central School, Park School, and Earl Oxford) and graduated from Brandon Collegiate Institute (BCI). Stothard married Velma Pollock in 1957 and together they had two daughters: Debra and Kimberly. Stothard was employed in the plumbing and heating business until 1960, when he joined Manitoba Hydro. In the course of his employment with Manitoba Hydro, he became Station Superintendent of the Brandon Generating Station. Stothard retired in 1995. Stothard was a member of the Canadian Numismatic Association, the Canadian Association of Token Collectors and the Toronto Postcard Club. Jack Stothard died on November 3, 2021 in Brandon, MB.

#### Custodial History:

Accession 1-2003 was in the possession of Stothard until donated to the McKee Archives in 2003. Accession 12-2006 was acquired by Lawrence Stuckey at some point after the photograph was taken. Stuckey later sold a copy of the photograph. This copy was later acquired by Jack Stothard in the course of his collecting of Brandon postcards. Stothard donated the image to the McKee Archives in 2004. Accession 8-2007 was prepared by Jack Stothard in the course of 2007. He provided a copy to the Archives upon its completion. Accession 8-2008 was in the possession of Fred McGuinness until he gave jit to Jack Stothard in February 2008. Stothard donated the records to the McKee Archives on February 12, 2008. Accession 18-2008 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard on August 18, 2008. Accession 11-2009 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard on February 20, 2009. Accession 4-2012 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard on August 24, 2011. Accession 4-2013 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard in March 2013. Accession 8-2016 was donated to the McKee Archives by Stothard on January 21, 2015.

#### Scope and Content:

Accession 1-2003 contains brief research reports prepared by Stothard on various topics concerning historical Brandon. These include: a listing of hotels, inns and motels that have

operated in Brandon since the 1880s; reports dealing with the Cate Aagard, Central United Church, the 1913 Dominion Exhibition, Brandon, the Empire Hotel, Brandon's Central Steam Heating System, the Post Office and the Clement Block. It also contains one booklet: Facts About Brandon: An Industrial Survey of the City of Brandon. Winnipeg: Department of Industry and Commerce [n.d.]

Accession 12-2006 consists of one photograph of the Great Northern Engine 208, built by Rogers Locomotive Company 1887. Cylinders 18 x 24, Drivers 63". G.N. line Church's Ferry, N.D. to Brandon, Manitoba. Opened 1906, Closed 1936.

Accession 8-2007 consists of a brief typed report entitled "The Day the Lights Went Out in Brandon - Strike of 1919" by Jack Stothard. Document provides an account of the sources and delivery of hydro electric power to Brandon beginning in the early 1900s and the brief power outage at the beginning of the Brandon General Strike May 25, 1919.

Accession 8-2008 consists of "The Brandon Sun Challenge Cup" ledger, which contains two b/w photographs, newspaper clippings and information on the history and first race (1908) of the cup; 3 additional b/w photographs of different races; and the Brandon Old Timers Association record book (c. 1900).

Accession 18-2008 consists of a copy of Stothard's Brandon Postcards index. The index is divided into various sub-headings and consists of colored reproductions of postcards in Stothard's collection. The index contains pages that were discarded by Stothard as he updated his inventory, therefore the index is only up to date as of August 18, 2008.

Accession 11-2009 consists of a typed research report entitled "Brandon Police Department Stations and Locations" by Jack Stothard. The report outlines the location of the Brandon Police Department from 1882 - 2008, and also includes a section on "What the Future Holds."

Accession 4-2012 consists of pages for Stothard's Brandon Postcards index (18-2008) and a photocopy of a Brandon Municipal Railway ticket.

Accession 4-2013 consits of eight binders of handwritten notes/facts about Brandon compiled by Jack Stothard. The notes are a collection of names, places, things, events and items related mostly to the first 100 years of Brandon (1882-1982), although the notes continue into the 2000's. Some notes centre on the late 1930's to early 1950's during the period of Stothard's youth. The information in the binders was taken from a variety of publications, while some notes are Stothard's own comments. A list of sources, as well as a cross reference index for all eight binders, can be found in Book No. 1.

The accession includes: Book No. 1 - Notes of Brandon (A to B); Book No. 2 - Notes of Brandon (C to F); Book No. 3 - Notes of Brandon (G to O); Book No. 4 - Notes of Brandon (P to Z); Book No. 5 - Notes of Brandon: Churches, Hostpitals, Hotels; Book No. 6 - Notes of Brandon: Police Department, Fire Department; Book No. 7 - Notes of Brandon: Brandon City Council, City of Brandon etc.; Book No. 8 - Notes of Brandon: Brandon College/University, Brandon Schools, ACC, Brandon School Board. Accession also includes pages from Stothard's Brandon Postcards index (18-2008).

Accession 6-2016 consists of local history books, pamphlets, bakery tokens, local magazines, one binder containing handwritten notes/facts about Brandon compiled from the Brandon Sun's "Looking Back" column, and an accordian file box containing newspaper clippings about Brandon.

The accession includes the following local history books: Betty Watson's "One Day in Brandon Manitoba 9/9/99" (Brandon, Manitoba: Bart Art Books, 1999); P.N. Breton's "Popular Illustrated Guide to Canadian Coins, Medals, &. &.," (Winnipeg: Canadian Numismatic Publishing Institute, 1963 [reprint]); "Facts About Brandon: An Industrial Survey of the City of

Brandon," (Province of Manitoba: Department of Industry and Commerce, [1946]); The Polish Gymnastic Association Sokol's "75th Anniversary: From the Past to the Future!" ([Brandon, Manitoba: Polish Gymnastic Association Sokol, 1988]); and Brandon Kinsmen Club's "'Together...Once Again': A History of the Kinsmen Club of Brandon, Manitoba, 1925-1975 (Brandon, Manitoba: The Historical Committee of the Kinsmen Club of Brandon, 1975).

Pamplets and magazines include: Brandon Generating Station (1957) and (1969), The Brandon Quota Club presents...A Century in Revue (1982), Canadian Rail No. 168/July-August 1965 [featuring Brandon Municipal Railway], Prairie City Issue No. 3/1994, and Prairion May/June 1997.

The binder is titled Book No. 9 - "Year by year: miscellaneous items from 1969 to 2000"; an asterik (\*) indicates notes have been made on each subject or item in the other Books. Each section is housed in

The files in the accordian file box have been rehoused and include the following topics: banks, Brandon 125 beer, Behlen Industries, breweries, Brandon Shoppers' Mall, calendars, Canadian Motors Ltd., Canexus/Nexen, Canada Games - Summer and Winter, Canadian Tire, CKX Radio & TV/CKLQ, Corral Centre, flour mills, hospitals, Keystone, Maple Leaf, Fred McGuinness, miscellaneous, A.E. McKenzie, people, railways, Simplot, Westman Recycling (new facility), weather-storms-floods, and extra copies of postcards.

Notes: Description by Christy Henry. Accession 4-2013: Book No. 1 contains a

> photocopied photograph of Aagaard's Cafe, photographs of the Dominion Bank and Barney's Drive Inn and a photo reproduction of the Bass Building. Book No. 2 contains a photograph of the Provincial Goal. Book No. 3 contains photographs of T. Eaton Company (4 construction photos) and a photo reproduction of tents on the Exhibition grounds (c. 1940). Book No. 4 contains photoraphs of the Oak Theatre and Western

Motors. There are also photopied photographs of The Fun Shop.

Name Access: Jack Stothard

Cafe Aagard

Great Northern Railway

Aagaard's Cafe **Lunch Counter** 

A-4 Military Camp

Alcoholism Foundation of Manitoba

Amberwood Village

Anglo Canadian Oils Ltd.

Applebee's Neighbourhood Grill & Bar

The Brandon Armoury

Army & Navy Store

Art Gallery of Southwestern Manitoba

Assiniboine River

Atom-Jet Industries Ltd.

Aub's B.A. Service Station

Frederickson's B.A. Service Station

**A&W Restaurant** 

A&W Drive-In

Ayerst Organics Ltd.

Bank of British North America

Bank of Hamilton

Bank of Montreal

Bank of Nova Scotia

Canadian Bank of Commerce

Canadian Imperical Bank of Commerce (CIBC)

**Dominion Bank** 

Imperial Bank of Canada

Merchants' Bank of Canada

The Northern Bank

Royal Bank of Canada

Toronto Dominion Bank (TD Bank)

Union Bank of Canada

Barney's Drive Inn

Barney's Shoe Shine

Bass Building

Bass families

Beacon Lunch

Behlen Industries/Behlen-Wickes Co. Ltd.

Belair Chinese Restaurant

Belvedere Apartments

Beresford Lumber Co.

Bertrands Block

Bertrand & Company

Beverage Services Limited

Coca-Cola Bottling Company

Dr. Wilfred Bigelow

Bing Juckes Drive Inn

Binkley Motors

Donald "Tiny" Bird

Blackwood's Ltd.

Blackwood Beverages Ltd.

Borbridge Block

Boreham Park Apartments

Bower's Esso Service

The Brandon Bowl

Recreation Bowling Alleys and Billiard Room

Thunderbird Bowl

Marsh Varcoe

Woodbine Alleys Ltd.

Box Brothers Ltd.

**Braecrest Estates** 

Brandon Airport

Brandon Aero Club

Brandon Flying Club

Brandon Allied Arts Centre

Brandon Automobiles (1959) Limited

**Brandon Binder Twine Company** 

Brandon Brewing Co.

Brandon Business College

**Brandon Chamber of Commerce** 

**Brandon Clinic** 

First Street Plaza

The Brandon Club

Brandon Consumer Co-operative Ltd. (Co-op)

Brandon Construction Company Ltd.

**Brandon Correctional Institute** 

Brandon Jail

Brandon Creamery & Supply Co. Ltd.

Brandon Creamery & Supply Co.

**Brandon Curling Club** 

Brandon Eagles Gymnatics Centre

Brandon Electric Light Company

Manitoba Power Company

Brandon Felt Works

Brandon Fire Engine Co.

The Brandon Fruit & Procude Co. Ltd.

Brandon Gallery Shopping Centre

Town Centre

Brandon Golf & Country Club

Brandon Hardware Co. Ltd.

Ashdown's hardware

Stylrite Hardware

Brandon Heating and Plumbing

Brandon Houseing Co-operative Ltd.

Aspen Woods

Brandon Humane Society

Brandon Machine Works

Brandon Municipal Street Railway

Brandon Museum Inc.

Daly House Museum

**Brandon Musical Supply Company** 

Brandon Packers Ltd.

Brandon Scrap Iron & Metal Recycling Ltd.

Brandon Ski Club

Mt. Glenorky Ski Club

Brandon Stock Car Club

Brandon Sun

The Sun Printing Co.

Brandon Tennis Club

Brandon Tourist Camp

Brandon Transit Ltd.

Brandon Transit System

Handi Transit

Brandon Woolen Mills

Metev Woolen Mills

Bliss Building

**Brazzell Motors** 

Brentwood Village Moble Home Court

Breslauer & Warren Jewelers

First Street Bridge

1st Street Bridge

Eighteenth Street Bridge

18th Street Bridge

**Daly Overpass** 

Thompson Bridge

Eighteenth Street Overpass

18th Street Overpass

8th Street Bridge

9th Street Bridge

Eighth Street Bridge

Pedestrian Bridge

British Commonwealth Air Training plan

British Commonwealth Air Training Plan Museum

Bockie-Donovan

Roy Brown

La Plant Block

Fraser Block

Syndicate Block

Laplont Block

Johnson & Company Hardware

Zink Block

Yukon Block

Burchill & Howey

Burns Foods Ltd.

Burns Meats Ltd.

**Bus Depot** 

Greyhound Bus Lines

Grey Goose Bus Lines

MacArthur & Son Ltd.

CDC Home & Leisure Centre

Campbell & Campbell Building

Campbell & Ferguson Building

Canada Safeway Ltd.

Canada Summer Games

Canada Winter Games

Canadian Brown Steel Tank

Canadian Steel Tank Ltd.

Canadian Mental Health Association

Canadian Motors Ltd.

Canadian National Railway (CNR)

Canadian Order of Foresters

Canadian Pacific Railway (CPR)

Canadian Phoenix Insurance Co.

Canadian Stover Gasoline Engine Co.

Canadian Tire Store

Cancade Co. Ltd.

Cancade Bros.

Cancade Bros. Ltd.

Cancade Company

Cando Contracting Ltd.

Cargill Grain Company

Central Community Centre

Central Park Lodge

Valleyview Care Centre

Central Sheet Metal Works

Child & Family Services of Western Manitoba

The Children's Aid Society

Chrest's Dry Cleaners

Chrest family

Christie's Bookstore

Christie's School Supply

Christie Grant Store

Sir Winston Churchill Park

Circle Eight Drive Inn

City Cafe

City Golf Course

**CKLQ** 

CKX

Clark Leatherdale Funeral Home

Clement Block

Cockshutt Plow Co.

Codville & Co.

 $Commodore\ Bakery\ Ltd.$ 

Trent's Bakery

Coldwell Block

Coronation Park

Jubilee Park

**Corral Centre** 

The Country Kitchen Restaurant

Aunt Sarah's Family Restaurant

Country Style Donuts

Court House

Crane Limited

Crane Steel Structures Ltd.

Crang's Grocery & Confectionery

Dairyworld Foods

Creelman's Shoe Store

Cumming & Dobbie

Curran Park

Curtis Block

Yaeger Block

Daymin Court

Bell Block

De Bruyn & Verhoef Woodworks Ltd.

De Fehr Furniture

Denis Prefab Ltd.

**Diamond Waterworks** 

Dinsdale Cartage & Storage (1968) Ltd.

Dinsdale Park

Doig & Robertson

Rankin & Co.

Doig, Rankin & Robertson

Doig's Store Ltd.

Double Bar S Burger & Dairy Ranch

The Drewry's Ltd.

Alexander Brown

Brown's Drug Store

Dufresne Furniture & Appliances

**Dutch Mill Bakery** 

East End Community Centre

Eastern Access Route (Highway 110)

Eaton's of Canada

T. Eaton Company

Edrans Brandon Pressed Brick Co.

Eleanor Kidd Park

Eleanor Kidd Gardens

W.A. Elliott

T.E. Elviss Company

Empire Brewing Co. Ltd.

Bell Bottling Co.

Esquire Dance Hall

Connaught Hall

Evans, Matheson & Associates

Experimental Farm

**Brandon Research Station** 

Fairview Personal Care Home

Feed Rite Mills Ltd.

Federal Pioneer Ltd. (FPE)

Federated Co-operatives Ltd.

Fedoruk Groceteria

Flash Barber Shop and Beauty Salon

Alexander Fleming

Fleming's Drug Store

Fleming Block

Fleming's Well

Fort Brandon Museum

A.C. Fraser & Co.

Fraser & Ross

Fred's Dry Cleaners

Frost & Wood

Brockie Funeral Home

Campbell & Campbell

Vincent & Macpherson

Galaxy Computer Systems

George's Food Bar

George Jimas

Gidding's Store

Gillis & Warren Ltd.

Golden Gate Cafe

Gooden's Men's Wear

Grand Stand

Grand Valley Place

The Great West Coal Copmany Ltd.

Great Western Outerwear & Sportswear Ltd.

Green Acres Community Centre

Green Acres Lodge

Green Acres subdivision

Habitat for Humanity

B.J. Hales Natural History Museum

Hamilton and Jones Ltd.

Hanbury Manufacturing Co.

Hanbury House

T.M. Harrington

Harry's Ukrainian Kitchen & Steak House

Hedges Trucking

Heise Block

Heritage Co-op 1997 Ltd.

Highland Park Mobile Home Estate Ltd.

Hillcrest Place Personal Care Home

Hillside Town Houses

Manitoba Infrastructure & Transportation

Highways Deparment

Hobbs Manor

Home Development Co. Ltd.

Home Estates Ltd.

Home Hardware

Hopkins Bakery

Horner's Busy Corners

Hornor's Busy Corners

Paterson House

Matheson House

Villa Louise

Row House

Hudson House

Casa Maley

Hughes & Long

Hughes & Co.

Husky Oil & Refining Ltd.

Husky Travelcentre

Husky House

Locomart

North Hill IGA

West End IGA

Sobey's

Immigration Hall

Imperial Square

Indian and Metis Friendship Centre

International Harvester Co. of Canada Ltd.

Inventronics Ltd.

Jacobson and Greiner Ltd.

J&G

The Jo-Ann Accessory Shop

John Deere Plow Company

Johnson's Cafe

Johnson's Hardware Store

Kam Lung Restaurant & Cocktail Lounge

Martin Kavanagh

Keg Steakhouse & Bar

Kelly Block

Kelly & Co.

P.A. Kennedy Co. Ltd.

Keystone Centre

Kinsmen Club

Kinsmen Kiddies Korner

Kinsmen Centennial Swimming Pool

Kinsmen Outdoor Skating Rink

Kinsmen Memorial Stadium

Kinsmen Little League Stadium

Kin Village

Kinsmen Zoo

Kip's Service Station

Brigadier General James Kirkcaldy

Kirkcaldy Heights (North Hill) sub-division

Kiwanis Club

Kiwanis Swimming Pool/Paddling Pool

Kmart

Knowlton's Boot Shop

S.S. Kresge Co. Ltd.

Kullberg's Furniture Store

Lake Brandon

Land Titles Office

Lark Hill sub-division

Larry's Studio

Lawson Lodge

Prairie Oasis

Frank Lawson & Sons

Leech Printing

Lee's Implements Ltd.

Brandon Public Library

Centennial Library - Arts Centre

Western Manitoba Regional Library

Lindenberg Brothers Limited

Linden Lanes

Lions Club

Lion's Manor

Westman Lion's Manor Inc.

Linden Lanes Shopping Centre

Red & White Store

Lyceyn Tea Room

MacArthur Transportation Co.

Soo-Security Motorways Ltd.

M.F. MacDonald

Macey Foods Ltd.

G.C. (Curly) MacKay

MacLeods Store

Magnacca Enterprises

Manitoba Centennial 1970

Manco

Manitoba Cooperative Dairies Ltd.

Manitoba Dairy and Poultry Cooperative Ltd.

The Manitoba Hardware & Lumber Co. Ltd.

Manitoba Emergency Services College

Manitoba Engines Ltd.

Manitoba Felt & Yarn Works - Brandon

Manitoba Government Building

Manitoba Housing & Renewal Corporation

Manitoba Housing Authority

Manitoba Motor Transit Ltd.

Manitoba Pool Elevators

Agricore

Manitoba Public Insurance Coproration

Autopac

MPI

The Manitoba Windmill & Pump Co. Ltd.

Brandon Gas & Power Co. Ltd.

Maple Leaf Flour Mills

Maple Leaf Pork

Maple Leaf Meats

Maple Leaf Foods

The Maples

Mark's Work Wearhouse

D. Marshall

Massey-Harris Co. Ltd.

Massey-Feguson Building

Massin Furs

Frank Massin & Son Hide & Furs

Masonic Temple

Dr. J. Murray Matheson

McCallum Jewellers

McCallum Nursing Home

McCall Frontenac

Texaco

McDiarmid & Clark

McDonald & Foreman

John A. McDonald & Son

McDowell & Doke Tinsmiths'

McGregor's Livery Sale & Boarding Stable

J.D. McGregor

Malcolm McAdam McGregor

Fred McGuinness

A.E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd.

A.E. McKenzie House

Meadowlark Campground

Memories Chapel and Pre-planning Centre

Metropolitan Cafe

Metropolitan Store

Meyers Norris Penny

Miladi's - The House of Ladies' Quality Apparel

Mitrou Cafe & Candy Company

Modern Dairies

Monterey Estates

Sunridge Homes Ltd.

Morgon Motors

Moxie's

Blue Hills restaurant

Perkin's Restaurant

William Muir General Grocer

Murray Chev Olds-Cadillac Ltd.

Mutter Brothers

Nation & Shewan

National Store

Neale, Stothard & Chapman

The Newmount Medical Clinic

Nexen Chemicals Inc.

Canexus Ltd.

New System Store

North End Community Centre

Northside Mazda

Oddfellows Corner

Ogilvie Co.

Old Men's Home

Charlton Lodge

Olympia Cafe

Orange Hall

Grand Orange Lodge

Orchard Hardware Co.

Oshkosh Filter and Softener Co.

Pacific 66 Service Station

Palladium Dance Hall

Park Community Centre

Parker's Restaurant

Charlie Coyote's

Park View Apartments

George A. Paterson

Patmore's

Paul's Hauling Ltd.

A.E. McKenzie

Jack Hawson

Christopher David Mitrou

A. Reginald McDiarmid

Tony Macialek

Alex Mowat

**David Weiss** 

Joseph Whitehead

Steward Shultz

Harry Cater

Charles Pilling

Robert Coombs

William Henderson

Arthur Johnson

George W. Noble

T.J. Beaubier

Harry Brown

Frank Massin

H.L. Patmore

Jack MacArthur

Flora Cowan

P.A. Kennedy

George Fitton

William Ferguson

Jack Coleman

A.E. Smith

J.C.P. Mitchell

Joseph Boyarski

W.T. "Bud" Higgins

Colonel Charles Whillier

Benjamin Hales

Fred Young

Wilfred Bigelow

Gabriel Charles (Barney) Mollot

E.J. Tyler

Pierre Cancade

George Sykes

G.R. Rowe

George Bass

Ritchie (Bob) Macpherson

Leslie Alexander McKay

Herbert Samuel Sharpe

Tom Ryles

Harold George Dinsdale

Paul Leon Regis Cancade

Eleanor Kidd

Cecil Webb

Edmond Fotheringham

Roy B. Hunter

Jack Donnelly

lan M. Brown

Charles Goucher

Lenton James Rust

Harold B. Smith

Milton Tinline

Keith Hurst

**Ernest Jerrett** 

Pearl Treleaven

Hugh Rice

Cec Leech

William Gooden

William Samuel Gooden

Sam Wong

George Mason Henderson Bain

William Webster Fotheringham

Alex McPhail

Richard Patmore

Sandy Patterson

J.R.C. Evans

John Shurb

Joseph Frederick

Ronald Relf

William Speakman

David Norris

Myheer Crystal

Mrs. Joseph Whitehead

Gus Hendzel

Stuart Craig

Krug Crawford

Walter Hutchings

Lorne Duncan McDonald

Max Szturm

Henry Perdue

Samuel Harris

Charles Lightbody

**Boom Cristal** 

Russell Fedoruk

James Creighton

Jack Kullberg

D.R. MacKay

W. Norman Hargreaves-Mawdsley

Reg Poole

Stephen William Bass

A.B. Downing

Ernestine Whiteside

Albert St. Clair Rumball

Alfred Veale

Clive Porteous

G.T. McNeil

J. Stuart Thompson

William Bertrand

Stephen Magnacca

Charles Unicume

Franklin Williamson

P.J. Harwood

Donn Mitchell

David Brownridge

George Mutter

J.E. Matthews

Mary Waddell

Alfred James Eamer

Herbert Stuart

Curly MacKay

Betty Gibson

Louisa Eagle

**Ewart Murray** 

Marion Doig

Arthur Gordon Buckingham

Ernest Christie Whitehead

Daniel Cristall

Gordon Sefton

Robert Brockway

H.O. McDiarmid

Glen Fowler

Arthur Augustus Harris

James Munro

Thomas Stark

Howard B. Smith

Reginald Edward Unicume

Elwood Gorrie

James "Skip" McFarlane Mitchell

Turk Broda

Henry Neudorf

John Boyd Craig

Walter Dinsdale

A.B. Knowlton

John R. Brodie

Walter Shillinglaw

Zena Hurst

H. Vincent Kidd

People's Market Place

Perkins Family Restaurant

Pizza Hut

Pizza Place

Planet KIA

Ponderosa Steak House

Pool Packers

The Porteous Manufacturing Company

Princess Auto Ltd.

**Princess Park Apartments** 

**Princess Towers Apartments** 

**Provincial Building** 

Federal Building

Pue's Interior Furnishings Ltd.

Quality Groceteria

Queen's Court

Queen Elizabeth Park

Ravenscourt Apartments

R.C.A.F. No. 2 Manning Depot

R.C.A.F. No. 12 Service Flying Training School

Brandon Rec Centre

Red Cross Drug Store

Rehab Industries of Western Manitoba

Reliance Machine and Motor Company

Rendering Plant

Ressor's Jewellery Store

Richmond Gardens Apartments Ltd.

Richmond Shoe Store

Ricki's Ladies' Ready to Wear Store

The Ricksha Restaurant

Rideau Park

Rideau Park Personal Care Home

Ritz Cafe

Riverbank Discovery Centre

Riverheights Terrace

Riverview Curling Club

Robins Donuts

Rosenman's Furniture

Royal Canadian Legion Brandon Branch No. 3

Royal Canadian Legion Wheat City Branch No. 247

**RCMP** 

Safety Service Station

Don Gamble

Sander's Drug Store

Wellman's Drug Store

Scotia Towers

Scott Fruit Company

Security Building

Seniors for Seniors

Tony's Shamrock Lunch

Vic Sharpe

Shaver's Furs Ltd.

Simpson Sears/Sears Canada

Shoppers Mall Brandon

Brandon and Distric Shriner's Club

Shur-Gro Farm Services Ltd.

Simplot Canada Ltd.

Koch Fertilizer Canada

Thomas Sinclair

Sixteenth Street Beach

John E. Smith Block

Smith & Burton

Smith Carter Searle Associates

Smith's Lumber Ltd.

Smith's Tobacco Shop

Smitty's Restaurant

Snye Bridge/Snye River

Sokol Hall

Sokol Manor

Somerville & Co.

Soo's Chop Suey House

South End Community Centre

Spin Well Woolen Mills Co. Ltd.

Sportsplex

Harold Spratling

The Spruce Woods Housing Cooperative Ltd.

Stanley Park

West End Park

Stan's IGA/Stan's Fine Foods

Staples Business Depot

O. Stark & Son

Steel Store

Strand Theatre

Strathcona Apartments

Isaiah Strome

Stuarts News & Cigar Store

Lawrence Stuckey

Suburban Restaurant

Sun Cafe

The Sun Printing Company

Superstore

Super Thrifty Drugs

Sykes Slide

Ted Hill's Meat Market

MTS

Texaco-Lone Star Service Station

Allen Theatre

Bijou Theatre

Capital Theatre

Landmark Cinema

**Empire Theatre** 

Green Acres Drive-In Theatre

Lucky Star Drive-In Theatre

Oak Theatre

Orpheum Theatre

Palace Theatre

Princess Theatre

Sherman Theatre

Starland Theatre

Town Cinema

Willis Theatre

The Avenue Groceteria

The Fun Shop

Thomas Mall

Thompson Grocery

Train Drive-In & Dairy Bar

Trans-Canada Highway

Travellers Day Parade

Trotter & Trotter

Tuberculosis Act

United Commercial Travellers of America

UCT

United Grill

**United Cafe** 

United Pacific Company Ltd.

United Services Recreation Centre

Upton Apartments

Valleyview Subdivision

Velvet Dip

Venice House Restaurant

Victoria Curling Club

Victoria Rink

Victory Cafe

The Vogue

Waddell's Children's Store

Wade & Sons Ltd.

Wally Byam Caravan Club International

Watt's Men's Wear

Welder Supplies Ltd.

Wendy's Restaurant

West End Community Centre

Westbran Stadium

Neil Andrews Field

Western cooperative Fertilizers Ltd.

Western Concrete Products Ltd.

Western Grocers Ltd.

Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium

Western Medical Clinic

Western Motors Ltd.

Westman Communications Group

Westman Media Cooperative

Westman Kiwanis Courts

Westoba Credit Union

Wheat City Arena

Winter Fair Building

Wheat City Business College

Wheat City Curling Club

Wheat City Motors

Whyte's Pantry Grocery

White Rose Service Station

Willingdon Apartments

Willson Stationery Company

Wilton Motors Ltd.

Winnipeg House

F.W. Woolworth Store

Wright & Wightman

Yaeger's Furs

YMCA

YWCA

Zenith Paving Ltd.

Zeller's

Zink's Grocery

First Baptist Church

Bethel Temple

Pentecostal Tabernacle

Bethel Christian Assembly

McDiarmid Drive Alliance Church

Calvary Temple

St. Paul's Presbyterian Church

St. Paul's United Church

Central United Church

First Church of Christ Scientist

Church of the Nazarene

First Christian Reformed Church

First Church United

First Methodist Church

Methodist Church

First Presbyterian Church

Full Gospel Church

Four Square Gospel Church

Grace Lutheran Church

Grace Mennonite Church

Grand Valley Community Church

Jewish Synagogue

Kingdom Hall of Jehovah Witnesses

**Knox United Church** 

Knox Presbyterian Church

First Lutheran Church

Lutheran Redeemer Church

Madison Crescent Baptist Church

Mennonite Mission Church

Mevlana Canadian Heritage Islam Society

Richmond Park Mennonite Brethren Church

Saint Andrews Presbyterian Church

St. Augustine's Church

St. George's Anglican Church

St. Hedwig's Catholic Church

St. Joseph's Polish National Catholic Church

St. Mary's Ukrainian Catholic Church

St. Matthew's Cathedral

The Salvation Army

Brandon Citadel Corps

Eventide Home

**Bullock-Booth Home** 

Dinsdale Personal Care Home

St. Mary's Anglican Church

Southminster Presbyterian Church

Trinity United Church

Ukrainian Orthodox Church of Holy Ghost

Victoria Avenue Methodist Church

Brandon General Hospital

Assiniboine Hospital

Brandon Regional Health Centre

Brandon Regional Health Authority

A4 Military Training Camp

Fort Brandon Barracks

Brandon Mental Health Centre (BMHC)

Child & Adolescent Treatment Centre

Albion Hotel

American House

Arlington Hotel

Barney's Motel

Beaubier House

Beaubier Hotel

Mr. Bee's Inn

Best Western Brandon Inn

**Brandon Hotel** 

Brandon House

Brunswick House

Canad Inns

Canadian Inn

Knights Inn

Casa Blanca Motel

Cecil Hotel

Chalet Inn Motel

Central Hotel

Chester House

City Hotel

Coachman Inn Motel

City Centre Hotel

Colonial Inn

Comfort Inn Motel

Journey's End Motel

Crystal Hotel

Crystal's Grand View Hotel

Days Inn

Douglas House

**Empire Hotel** 

Edie House

**Grand Central Hotel** 

**Grand Union Hotel** 

Harris House

Highland Park Motor Lodge

Hillcrest Motel

Imperial Hotel

Kelly House

King Edward Hotel

Keystone Motor Inn

Lakeview Inn & Suites

Lamp Lighter Motor Lodge

Lambton House

Langham Hotel

Little Chalet Inn Motel

Merchant's Hotel

Midway Motel

Motel Rambler

Motel 6

New Pacific Hotel

Nite Rest Cabins

North Hill Motel

Ottawa Hotel

Ontario House

One & Ten Motel

Pacific Hotel

Palace Hotel

Prince Edward Hotel

Queens Hotel

Ramada Inn

Red Oak Inn

Redwood Inn

Redwood Motor Inn

Redwood Travelodge

Reno Hotel

Rodeway Inn Motel

Roseland Hotel

Royal Arms Hotel

Royal George Hotel

Royal Hotel

Royal Oak Inn

The Scotsman Motel

Shore House

Star & Garter Hotel

Sunset Motel

Starlight Motel

Super 6 Motel

Super 8 Motel

Trails West Motor Inn

Transit House

Travelodge

Twin Pines Motel

Victorial Hotel

Victoria Inn

Western Motel

Wheat City Hotel

Windsor Hotel

G.W. Alexander

E.G. Wiswell

John Richards

Thomas Hudson

John Melhuish

Alexander Mowat

George Bain

**Jack Carey** 

**Edward Polnick** 

**Gary Winters** 

Rick Gregoire

**Brent Dane** 

Archibald McMillan

Peter Duncan

Jack Foster

Watson Boyd

E.G. Berry

Joseph Robert Hardy

Charlie Goucher

Harry Bernard Everett

John Little

Harry Collister

Roger Hines

David McNamee

Ken Elliott

Keith Buizer

**Brian Scott** 

Dick Scott

Richard Bruce

Harley Bryson

Keith Atkinson

lan Grant

City Hall

Brandon City Council

City of Brandon

**Brandon Cemetery** 

Brandon School Board

Brandon School Division

Alexandra School

Assiniboine Community College

Assiniboine School

Betty Gibson School

Brandon Collegiate Institute (BCI)

Central School

Crocus Plains Regional Secondary School

David Livingstone School

Earl Haig School

Earl Oxford School

East Ward School

Fleming School

George Fitton School

Green Acres School

Harrison High School

Harrison Middle School

Christian Heritage School

Indian Industrial School

Indian Residential School

King George School

Kirkcaldy Heights School

Mirkealdy Fleights School

Linden Lanes School

Lions School

McLaren School

Meadows Elementary School

Neelin High School

New Era School

**Brandon Normal School** 

Brandon Agricultural & Homemaking School

Agricultural Extension Centre

North Ward School

Park School

J.R. Reid School

Riverheights School

Riverview Elementary School

Sacred Heart School

St. Augustine's School

St. Joseph's Academy

St. Michael's Convent

St. Michael's Academy

Technical School

Valleyview Centennial School

Vincent Massey High School

Subject Access: Davenip 6 Exhibition Brandon (1913)

Westuriesd School

Bakedies College

Broanlingnalleningersity

Brewedin Generating Station

Briakdon Quota Club

Protistra@Jennastic Association Sokol

**S**rookges

Buildings

bus transportation

Canada's centennial

circuses

creameries

dairies

druggists

drug stores

Grain elevators

fairs

exhibitions

Flour mills

funeral homes

funeral chapels

gasoline

garbage dumps

landfills

recycling

Transportation

houses

ice houses

ice wagons

IGA stores

grocery stores

infantile paralysis

polio

laundries

manufactured gas

street names

natural gas

newspapers

public utilities

Brandon General Strike

hydro

police department

parking

parking meters

population

post offices

prohibition

alcohol regulations

rationing

roller rinks

skate board parks

floods

telephone services

theatres

highways

Housing

waterworks

sewers

weather

snowstorms

churches

hospitals

military hospitals

hotels

fire chiefs

fire department

police chiefs

judicial system

city boundaries

salaries

mayors

city engineers

city managers

Brandon's 75th Anniversary

Brandon's centennial

Storage Location: Locations

4-2013 with 2013 accessions

Storage Range: 2003 accessions, 2013 accessions; loose photographs from the 8-2008

accession are located in the RG 5 photograph storage drawer.



# Picturesque Brandon

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions8640

Part Of: RG 11 Lawrence Stuckey fonds
Creator: Publisher: Bloom Bros., Winnipeg

Description Level: Item
Series Number: 3.9

Item Number: 1-2002.3.9.18

Accession Number: 1-2002

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: c. 1911

Physical Description: 19 cm x 14cm (b/w)

Physical Condition: There are some scribbles on the cover and some of the pages and/or the

interleaving pages.

Scope and Content:

Item is a copy of Picturesque Brandon, a book of pictoral images of Brandon, MB.

Notes: The Fowler collection (6-1999) and the Stuckey collection (1-2002)

contain many of the photographs used in the book.

Name Access: CPR

Railways

Rosser Avenue

Prince Edward Hotel

Rideau Park

Experimental Farm

McKenzie Block

City Hall

10th Street

Sherman Theatre

Lorne Avenue

First Methodist Church

St. Paul's Presbyterian Church

**Brandon Armoury** 

Court House for the Western Judicial District

9th Street

Clement Block

Central Fire Station

Brandon Collegiate Institute (BCI)

**Brandon College** 

Clark Hall

**Grant Stand** 

Bank

School

Lake Clementi

Repro Restriction: The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.

Storage Location: RG 5 photograph storage drawer

## **Images**





## **Brandon University**

## http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3653

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: File
Series Number: 4.2
File Number: 75

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1967 Physical Description: 1 file

Scope and Content:

File consists of miscellaneous documents related to Brandon University, including Schedule "A" referred to in Order-in-Council No. 50/67, definitions of various words associated with University activities, Annex 1 of the program for Princess' visit to Brandon College Campus, a list of reports approved by the Provisional Senate of Brandon University, a drawing of Brandon College Campus, a copy of Bill 71, a newsclipping and information on the University status celebration.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series 4: Office of the Vice-President

4.2 Office of the Vice-President (Administration & Finance)

Box 2



# City of Brandon

### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3747

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: File
Series Number: 4.2
File Number: 167

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: 1966-1970

Physical Description: 1 file

Scope and Content:

File consists of correpondence, blueprints, by-laws, standing committee lists, contracts, notices of amendment and intention, and financial information.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series 4: Office of the Vice-President

4.2 Office of the Vice-President (Administration & Finance)

Box 5



# Brandon University scarf

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions8174

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: Item
Series Number: 16.2
Item Number: 27
Item Number Range: 27

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: post 1967
Physical Description: 1 item

History / Biographical:

The Brandon University scarf was custom designed by William Chelsea. The design was called "Corner with a Core."

Scope and Content:

Item is white polyester scarf measuring  $53 \times 57$  cm. The scarf has two thick blue bands, with a thinner gold band in between, running around its edges. Each corner bearsh the Brandon University crest in blue, circled by the words Brandon University Brandon Manitoba Canada 67 in gold. The centre of the scarf has a diamond made of two thin blue strips with a thicker gold strip in between. The diamond has the same crests and wording in each corner.

Notes: Part of BU 16.2 Artifacts - apparel. History/Bio information from the

Summer 1980 issue of Alumni News.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts

16.2 Artifacts - apparel

Box 2



# Brandon College plate

## http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions8615

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: Item
Series Number: 16.3
Item Number: 31
Item Number Range: 31

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1901
Physical Description: 1 item
Physical Condition: good

Custodial History:

This plate was the property of Edna and Carl Bjarnason. it was in their possession for some fifty years prior to its donation to the University on October, 2005. The Development Office took possession of the plate at that time and transferred it to the archives in March 2008.

Scope and Content:

The plate measures 26 cm in diameter and is white with blue glazing. The centre of the plate depicts the Brandon College Original Building and the words "Brandon College, Brandon Manitoba." The outside of the plate is a flower motif. On the back of the plate, in the same blue as the front, are the words "Canadian View Series, Brandon Manitoba." There is also a trademark of a bird with a banner reading "Trademark England."

Notes: Part of BU 16.3 Artifacts - other.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts

16.3 Artifacts - other Reading room display case

Related Material: RG 6, 16.3, Item 14



# Brandon College fonds

#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4236

Part Of: RG 1 Brandon College fonds

Description Level: Fonds
Accession Number: R81-30

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: 1899-1967

Physical Description: 25.5 m textual records and photographs

History / Biographical:

#### JOHN CRAWFORD AND PRAIRIE COLLEGE:

Although Brandon College was officially created in 1899, its roots go back much further to the late 1870's and early 1880's. It was during this time that Reverend John Crawford built Prairie College which was located in Rapid City, Manitoba.

Rev. John Crawford was born in Castledawson, Ireland. While he was at boarding school in

Belfast he was converted to the Baptist faith. His later education took place at Edinburgh University, Stephany College, and Regent Park Baptist College, all of which are located in Great Britain. He became a pastor in London, England, which is where he met his wife, a prominent and cultured lady.

Crawford felt that his calling was in the backwoods of Canada, so he soon moved his wife and family to a farm near Toronto where he continued to preach. He was asked to join the faculty of the Canadian Literary Institute, a Baptist institution located in Toronto. He accepted the position and taught there for several years. The CLI, as it was commonly known, was a Baptist theological college. It was renamed Woodstock College in 1883.

In 1879, Crawford saw the need for Baptist preachers in the newly opening territories of Western Canada. He felt that a self-sustaining college was the answer. Young men could work the land and gain religious education to prepare them for the ministry at the same time. He chose Rapid City, Manitoba as the site for his new college, because it was then recognized as an integral hub of the Northwest. It was also on the proposed transcontinental railway route. The students would build the college and cultivate the land. The Ontario Baptist Convention, while shying away from giving him official approval for the proposed college, did allow Crawford the liberty to canvass the Baptist churches in order to raise up to \$2000 for the venture.

Crawford secured the help of Reverend G.B. Davis, a student at Woodstock and a graduate of Morgan Park College, Chicago, to teach and help train the students. In the summer of 1879, Davis and nine students reached Rapid City. During that summer they cultivated the land and built a two-story college building out of local stone. The following spring, Rev. John Crawford sold his house in Toronto for an estimated \$4000 and moved with his family to Rapid City to take up residence at the new college.

The newly formed Prairie College opened in the fall of 1880 with 15 missionary students. Rev. Crawford was the Principal, Rev. Davis was the Vice-Principal, while Misses Emily and Fanny Crawford were teachers. Although the school was a success missionarywise, it did not do well financially. In 1883, Prairie College closed, partly due to financial troubles and partly due to the Ontario Baptists deciding that one Baptist Theological College in Canada was enough, and it was located in Toronto. The students at Prairie College were urged to finish their education in Toronto . This college would soon be known as McMaster University.

#### S.J. MCKEE AND RAPID CITY ACADEMY:

After the closing of Prairie College, Rev. Crawford left for the United States. However, Rev. Davis still saw a need for education in Rapid City and began to build another school. The Rapid City Academy opened in 1884. Because Davis accepted a pulpit in Moose Jaw soon after, he prevailed upon his brother-in-law, S.J. McKee, to come and take charge of the academy. McKee accepted the position, and the school flourished under his guidance.

In 1890, McKee decided that the school would do better and reach more people if it was located in Brandon, Manitoba, where the railway had eventually gone through. He moved the Academy, and it was housed in various buildings in the city, until he found a permanent resting spot on the third floor of the Stewart Block on Rosser Avenue and Ninth Street .

#### **BRANDON COLLEGE:**

During the 1890's the Baptists began to reconsider their decision of having just one theological college. With the settlement of the West, the Baptists were looking to increase their congregation. It was thought that higher education for potential ministry students would greatly help the Baptist cause. Rev. A. J. Vining, who was the Baptist Superintendent of Missions for Manitoba and the Northwest at the time, strongly advocated a Baptist College in Manitoba.

In 1898, Vining interviewed Mr. William Davies, a prominent Baptist, in Toronto. Davies agreed to pledge \$3500 a year for five years towards the establishment of a college in the West. His sister, Mrs. Emily Davies agreed to add \$1500 to this amount. These pledges encouraged the 1898 meeting of the Manitoba Convention in Winnipeg to begin organization of a Baptist College to be located in Manitoba. A five member committee was chosen to consider the benefits of a Baptist college in Manitoba. Their report was to be read the following summer at the Portage La Prairie Convention.

At the 1899 meeting of the Convention, the five member committee recommended:

- 1. "That we proceed to inaugurate a movement for the establishment of a denominational school at once.
- 2. "That we extend a call to Dr. A.P. McDiarmid to act as Principal.
- 3. "That we appoint a committee of twenty-one directors.
- 4. "That at present the question of the site be left with the President and Board of Directors but that no site be considered permanent till endorsed by this Convention at a regular or special meeting.

On July 21st, 1899 it was resolved:

- 1. That we proceed to establish and develop an educational school at Brandon.
- 2. That the school be known as "Brandon College".
- 3. That the quorum of the Board of Directors be fixed at eleven .

Because S.J. McKee already had a thriving academy in Brandon, and he was a staunch Baptist, it was decided to merge Professor McKee's Academy with the newly formed Brandon College. The classes would take place in the Stewart Block, the site of the Academy. S.J. McKee was hired as professor in Classics, Mental Science and French, while also acting as the unofficial vice-principal. He also had a position on the Board of Directors. Arthur W. Vining, Howard P. Whidden, J.B. Beveridge, and Miss Annie Beveridge rounded out the first faculty of Brandon College.

The 1900 Brandon College Calendar states:

The College aims at not only the mental culture of its students, but at the development of right character. It recognizes the supreme importance of surrounding the student during the period of college life with positive Christian influences, and to keep before him distinctively Christian ideals. The transcendent worth of character is kept in view in molding the life of the College, while the best possible intellectual training is sought. Though Christian, the College is in no sense sectarian. Students of all denominations will enjoy equal privileges. In every department the professors and teachers must be members of some evangelical church; in the Theological Department alone it will be required that they shall be members of the Baptist denomination. The College in all its departments is open to students of both sexes. The faculty will have watchful regard to the best interests of the students in every respect. Those whose conduct and influence are found to be injurious to the welfare of the College will be dismissed if milder disciplinary methods fail to effect reform .

While the school would be run by the Baptists, it was always non-sectarian and co-educational. Students of all denominations were invited to attend Brandon College. The development of a person with the right character was as important as the mental culture of the students. Classes commenced on October 2, 1899. There were 110 students, 81 men and 29 women. Thirteen of these students had plans to enter the ministry. It soon became apparent that the building

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Brandon College occupied was far too small for its increasing numbers. Plans were drawn up in early 1900 to build a spacious college on the west edge of Brandon. Hugh McCowan was hired as architect and T.M. Harrington of Winnipeg was asked to build the school.

A charter creating Brandon College was written. This Act briefly defined the purposes, jurisdiction, and administrative framework of the College. The "Act to Incorporate Brandon College" was approved by the Province of Manitoba and assented to on June 1, 1900. It granted the Baptist Convention authority over all College affairs. This authority included the appointment of the College Directors and professors, the creation of rules and bylaws, as well as control over the school's curriculum. While the Board of Directors had control over financial matters, all Board decisions had to be approved by the Convention .

The cornerstone for the new building was laid on July 13, 1900 by Mrs. William Davies. The College commenced classes in the new building, located at 270-18th street, on October 2, 1901. It cost approximately \$44 000 to build. There was residence for 70-80 men as well as a dining room, kitchen, science laboratory, reception room, office, library and nine classrooms. The College consisted of an Academic Department, and Arts Department, a Theological Department, and a Business and Stenographic Department.

The Commercial courses were discontinued in 1916 due to financial difficulties during the war. In 1922, the Business Department of Brandon College was discontinued because the College could no longer afford to keep it operating.

The Academic Department consisted of Grades 9 through 12. Although it was a large and popular aspect of Brandon College, it began to decrease in size with the advent of secondary schools. Up until the early part of the twentieth century, most public schools stopped at around grade eight. After that, there were Normal schools that students could go to become a teacher. Many students wishing to attend secondary school came to Brandon College, where a full secondary course was offered. By the 1920's and 1930's however, collegiates were becoming more commonplace. Students often didn't have to travel as far to receive a higher education. By the early 1930's most of the Academic Department had been discontinued because of lack of need and finances. By 1932, only the Grade Twelve course was still in operation.

Although one of the main intents behind building Brandon College had been to prepare students for the Baptist ministry, the Theological Department was always one of the smaller departments. By 1915, the Board of Directors had assumed authority over all College operations. However, the Baptist Union still maintained control over theological education, through the Committee on Ministerial Education created in 1908. In 1916, the department was curtailed considerably because of the war. An Educational Secretary, hired in 1919, managed the teaching of theology at Brandon College. The Educational Secretary also controlled the College Maintenance Fund, which was specifically set aside to ensure the financial health of theological education. The Baptist Union's residual power over theological education led to the creation of the Brandon College Commission in 1923. This joint commission of the Baptist Union and College Senate examined several instructors, including Harris MacNeill, for alleged improper Biblical interpretations. These claims stemmed from Fundamentalist Baptists, who believed that the theological students at Brandon College were being taught by Modernists. The Commission found little evidence to support these allegations, and the instructors were later exonerated of all charges. Even with this decision, the College had to discontinue the Theological Department in 1927 due to lack of funds.

The College's financial situation was very poor when Dr. Evans assumed control in 1928. The support from the Baptists was shaky, especially since the Fundamentalist-Modernist argument during the early 1920s. The Baptist Union Educational Committee recommended the Arts department be maintained as a significant training course for Christian leadership. The Committee wanted the re-establishment of the Department of Theology. In 1933, in an attempt

to regain Baptist support, Rev. Ross C. Eaton was nired as Lecturer in Bible to neip bring religious study back to the College. In 1934, John B. McLaurin was hired as Acting Professor in Theology. Dr. F.W. Pattison gave a Practical Theology course, while Dr. Evans made plans to increase the religious department even more. In 1935 Dr. C.B. Lumsden was appointed Professor of Theology, and in 1936, Rev. E.M. Whidden was appointed Head of the Department of Theology.

In 1905, plans commenced for the building of a Women's Residence to adjoin Brandon College. On May 24th, 1906 Mrs. A.P. McDiarmid laid the cornerstone for what was to become known as Clark Hall. The building was named for C.W. Clark, a Winnipeg doctor who gave \$30 000 of the \$40 000 dollars needed to build the residence. Dr. Clark gave the money to Brandon College because he believed that women should have every chance to receive higher education. On October 18th of the same year, Clark Hall was officially opened, with room for 50 women.

With the expansion of the women's department came programs that were geared towards young women of the era. A Music and Art Department was added to the College as was an Expression and Physical Culture Department. The heads of these departments were Abbie Helmer Vining, H. Hancock, and Gertrude Trotter. Miss Ernestine R. Whiteside was hired as Lady Principal and teacher of German and English.

With the rise in immigration during this time came the chance of expansion at Brandon College. There were large numbers of Scandinavian settlements in Manitoba, and it was thought that introducing a Scandinavian Department at the College would entice prospective Swedish missionary students. The students would return to their settlements after being educated by the Baptists, and it was hoped that they would spread the Baptist word among the Scandinavian settlers. Mr. Emil Lundquist was hired in 1907 to head the newly formed Scandinavian Department.

Physical fitness was stressed at Brandon College. Students were encouraged and expected to exercise. It was thought that a healthy body helped to create a healthy mind. There was more behind this ideal than simply healthy minds though, at least for the women students. During this period in history, it was often believed that women were not physically capable of learning to a great extent. It was thought that studying created too much of a stress on the female body, often leading to illness or permanent invalids. Before a girl was accepted to Brandon College, she had to furnish a letter from her doctor stating that she was physically able to go to school and study. As well, women were subjected to the "Clark Hall Line", a daily two mile walk which was mandatory to all women. No matter what the weather was like they would pair up and, in a long line, walk down the streets of Brandon to the edge of the city. This line was often the cause of much amusement for the men of Brandon College. There were plenty of other sports offered at Brandon College for both men and women in an effort to keep the students physically active. This belief in physical fitness led to the development in 1908 of what was to become an annual College Field Day.

In 1908, the Baptist Convention of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories became the Baptist Union of Western Canada. This change reflected a restructuring of the Baptist organization. The Union had a meeting every three years that consisted of delegates sent from Baptist churches throughout western Canada. The Baptist Union Board carried on the affairs of the Union and met semi-annually. Each year the Board created a budget based on the needs of the Union, then allocated funds to Provincial and Conference Boards. These other Boards had the responsibility of financing their local institutions and projects. The Baptist Union was not in direct control over these expenditures. If the budget was not raised, the Union had to incur the provincial deficits. This situation of mounting debts continued for several years.

Principal McDiarmid's title was changed to President McDiarmid in 1910. There is no document explaining this change, but it follows a trend in other colleges and universities during that period when the head of the school was known as the president.

Up until 1910, the College had been loosely affiliated with the University of Manitoba. The Baptists refused to accept the University of Manitoba model of a higher institution, and they continuously sought to get a separate University charter that would give Brandon College degree-granting privileges. It was because of the Baptists firm belief in the separation of church and state that they could not accept the University of Manitoba model, as it would place the College under state control. The college could not secure a charter of its own, so it was decided in 1910 that Brandon College would affiliate with McMaster University.

Brandon College was in debt following the construction of their first two buildings, and it became increasingly clear to the College Board that they could no longer rely solely on funding from the Baptist Union. In order to carry out their financial campaign and increase their administrative efficiency the Board felt it should control the College. In 1911 the Baptist Union was confronted with a proposal from Brandon College stating:

...in our confirmed judgment the work of the College should be under the immediate and unfettered direction of its own Board of Directors and Senate—that its Board of Directors, subject to the expressed general policy of the Baptist Union, control its business administration, and that its Senate should have direction of its education policies and work, viz., the determination of its courses of study, its curricula, its instruction, its examinations, etc.

It appears after this date that Brandon College was much more in control of its curricula and courses of study. However, the school still relied almost completely on the Union for financial support.

World War One began in 1914 and affected Brandon College greatly. Students were very patriotic to England, reflecting the ideals and propaganda of the time in their thoughts and actions. Classes shrunk as men enlisted, and military drilling in front of the College buildings became a commonplace scene. This was due to the fact that in 1915, a Canadian Officers Training Corps unit was established at Brandon College. A Brandon College platoon was organized as part of the Western Universities Battalion, the 196th.

Over thirty Brandon College men were killed during World War One. After the cessation of hostilities in Europe, the students at Brandon College began fundraising to build a memorial gymnasium to honor their classmates who died during the war.

Brandon College began to consider expansion in 1920, when an extension fund campaign was started in an effort to raise money to build a science building. Meanwhile, Dr. Whidden was involved in a continuous effort to maintain the College financially. That year, Mr. William Davies died, and in his will he left \$100 000 dollars to Brandon College, on the condition that people in the west could match the amount dollar for dollar.

Contributions to the College increased substantially with the 1923 arrival of Dr. Sweet, the new College President. He quickly gained the confidence of the Board of Directors, the faculty, the students, the community, and the Baptists. The motto of Brandon College up to this point in time seemed to have been "Speaking the Truth in Love". But with the arrival of Dr. Sweet the motto appears to have been changed to "Education Crowned by Reverence".

After the Stock Market crash in 1929, the financial situation of the College grew even worse. The Great Depression severely limited charitable contributions for both Brandon College and the Baptist Union during the 1930's.

In 1931, the Baptist Union indicated by resolution that Brandon College would be closed at the end of the 1930-1931 school year unless the College could find a way to pay its own maintenance bills. The final announcement from the Baptist Union Board stated:

'RESOLVED that the Board of Brandon College be requested to endeavor to continue the

College in operation until the close of the current College year, and that in view of the inability of the Baptist Union to make provision for adequate financial support, that the College cease to operate at the end of the current College year.'

It was at this time the businessmen of Brandon, through the Brandon Board of Trade, began to get involved in the College situation. An organization called the Brandon College Citizens Campaign submitted a by-law that would raise \$20 000 for the College for at least five years. The by-law had to be accepted by 60% of the ratepayers before it would be instituted. Despite a huge campaign effort, the by-law was rejected, mainly by the large working-class society in the city who did not see the need for higher education and who resented not being hired to do contract work there. After the by-law failed Brandon citizens raised \$20 000 on their own to keep the school open for at least another year.

By 1937, the College was still financially unstable, and although the Western Baptists supported the institution, they could no longer afford to help with the costs. In 1938 the Baptist Union passed a resolution withdrawing completely from any financial responsibility for Brandon College.

#### BRANDON COLLEGE AS A NON-DENOMINATIONAL SCHOOL:

The citizens of Brandon began to look for ways to keep the College open. A delegation of 60 representatives from towns in southwestern Manitoba asked Premier John Bracken and the Minister of Education for assistance to help keep Brandon College open as a Western Manitoba Arts College under the direction of an independent Board and on a non-denominational basis. The Brandon Board of Trade created a Brandon College Committee. Its members looked into ways the College could be saved. A.E. McKenzie was one of the central figures in this fight to save Brandon College.

In July, McKenzie put up an offer of a \$100 000 endowment for Brandon College. Shortly after that he upped the endowment to \$300 000. The provincial government agreed to give the College \$15 000 annually on the condition that the city of Brandon raise that amount as well and the \$300 000 endowment was accepted. In September, McKenzie increased the endowment to \$500 000 dollars, \$100 000 of which would be revenue-bearing at 3%, which would raise \$3000 a year for twenty years. Brandon was disappointed that the provincial government only offered \$15 000, as they had originally asked for quite a bit more. However, they set about on a campaign to raise their share of the funds so that Brandon College could open for the fall term .

In September of 1938, Brandon College reopened under the affiliation of the University of Manitoba. A provisional Board of Directors, consisting of Dr. J.R.C. Evans, Mayor F.H. Young, A.E. McKenzie, N.W. Kerr, K.C., E.M. Warren, H.O. McDiarmid, M.D., A.G. Buckingham, K.C., F.R. Longworth, and R.B. Alexander, was responsible for the administering of the affairs of the college. These men were all prominent Brandon citizens who had been involved in the fight to save Brandon College. They tried to complete the campaign to cover financial obligations and assure permanency of the college. The provincial government said that they would raise their support from \$15 000 to \$22 500 per year if Brandon could pass a by-law guaranteeing support of the college.

On April 17, 1939, Bill 104 received assent as an Act of the Provincial Legislature incorporating Brandon College Incorporated. On June 6, a Brandon Bylaw was passed that approved the levying of one mill on the dollar from taxpayers for the next twenty years to help support Brandon College. This Bylaw assured that Brandon taxpayers would raise \$5000 during the first year that it was levied, and this amount would increase during subsequent years as Brandon grew and prospered. On June 13, the Board of Directors approved recording of the Bill as the Charter of Corporation. The A.E. McKenzie endowment was authorized by Bylaw #5 of the corporation on December 19.

With the outbreak of World War II in 1939 came the resurrection of the C.O.T.C. at Brandon College in 1940. Enrollment went down as young men and women joined the Armed Forces to go overseas. In order to keep the college out of debt, Dr. Evans created the War Emergency Fund in 1941. This fund raised \$15 000 from 1941 to 1946. Scholarships were restarted at the college to help boost enrollment. Many of the scholarships were contingent on the recipient being a resident student in order to help raise residence numbers.

In 1945, the A.E. McKenzie Trust of 1939 was canceled, and 90% of A.E. McKenzie's stockholdings were transferred to the control of the Province of Manitoba. The A.E. McKenzie Foundation was established using the annual declared dividends from the 90% of the stock. This foundation was administered by the Minister of Education of Manitoba, the President of Brandon College, and a third person to be decided on by both parties. The annual grant of \$10 000 from the foundation would be increased by \$4000 if a Social Science Chair was established at the college.

In 1946 that Brandon College hired its first Director of Public Relations. This man was Walter G. Dinsdale, a 1937 Brandon College graduate. A Guidance Committee was created in 1948. It was also during this year that Brandon College became an associate member of the National Conference of Canadian Universities. A Social Science Department was added in 1948, and the Biology Department was reorganized. In 1949 a Department of Political Science was created.

The Board of Directors passed a resolution in 1949 to create a committee to hire a director for a financial campaign. The campaign went poorly. Brandon College, although not in the same position as it had been a decade earlier, was still not secure financially. The citizens of Brandon, having been through the Depression and the war years, did not have much left to give to the College.

In 1951, the Federal Government provided the first of an annual fund of \$8 000 000 to be divided between Canada's universities and colleges based on enrollment figures. During this first year, Brandon College received \$18 000 from the government.

Education was first offered at Brandon College in 1952 with the co-operation of the Department of Education and the University of Manitoba. In 1953, Brandon College became an associate member of the Association of Universities of the British Commonwealth.

The mortgage that had been assumed from the Baptists in 1939 was paid off in 1954. It was also during this year that Brandon College received its first new building since the 1922 Science Building. An "H-Hut" was moved onto the property and placed behind the Science Building. It was redecorated and used for student functions, a library, and a recreation area.

The Board of Directors increased from twenty one to thirty six in 1955. The provincial grant of \$22 500 was raised to \$50 000.

In 1957 the Brandon College Faculty Association was formed. This marked the beginning of the end of the 'family' structure of the college. A salary schedule was created in 1957 for the Arts and Science Departments. In November of 1958, the Expansion Committee of the Board of Directors was authorized to proceed with all aspects of expansion. By 1959, a new Arts and Library building was being planned.

On Thursday, July 23, 1959, Dr. Evans died suddenly while on holiday in Robson, British Columbia. Before he died he had managed to secure funding and plans for the new Arts and Library building and Lecture Theatre. The Manitoba Government granted \$500 000 and the Canada Council \$102 000 towards the building of a new Arts and Library Building and Lecture Theatre.

The new Arts and Library Building and the LRC. Evans Lecture Theatre were officially opened

on January 6, 1961 by Mrs. John G. Diefenbaker (Olive Freeman, Class of 1923). It was also during 1961, that Brandon College welcomed its first overseas student. As well, J.E. Brodie, the former president of Great West Coal made a \$200 000 gift to Brandon College, and gave \$50 000 to the Expansion Fund.

The next several years were full of expansion for Brandon College. The Men's Residence, Dining Hall and Heating Plant were opened in 1962. In 1963, a Women's Residence and the Music Building were opened. A Gymnasium was opened in 1965.

The Board of Directors changed dramatically in the early 1960's, becoming more influenced by the distribution of funds from government sources. Legislation in 1966 revised the Brandon College Act to reduce the number of members on the Board of Directors from thirty-six down to twelve. Seven of these twelve would be appointed by the Lieutenant Governor-in-Council, and three would be appointed by the Brandon College Corporation. One member would be elected by the Alumni Association, and the College President would be a member ex-officio.

#### BRANDON COLLEGE BECOMES BRANDON UNIVERSITY:

1967 was an important year for Brandon College. Not only was a new Education Building opened, but the College ceased to exist. This was because a university charter had been granted to Brandon College. On July 1, 1967, Brandon College became Brandon University. Dr. John E. Robbins was appointed to be its first president. The university would enjoy a certain amount of freedom from the financial hardships it had endured over the past 68 years. As well, the university would no longer have its curriculum dictated to it from other institutions as it had during affiliation with McMaster University and the University of Manitoba.

#### **Custodial History:**

The records have been located in a number of areas around the University including Clark Hall, the old Science building, the A.E. McKenzie building, and "the trailer", which was a very old addition to Clark Hall and has now been removed from campus. The records are now in the S.J. McKee Archives located on the Brandon University campus.

Scope and Content:

The fond consists of minutes, reports, correspondence, invoices, printed material, clippings and photographs. The collection spans from S.J. McKee's personal papers from Rapid City Academy in the 1880's through to the decision to grant university charter to Brandon College in 1967. It is a very interesting source for the history of Western Canada.

Several different themes emerge in the fond. A very central theme concerns Baptist higher education in Western Canada, higher education in general, the development of curriculum in Canada, and the Baptist Western Movement. The development of religious higher education, especially Baptist training, is well-documented.

Areas such as student associations, student life on campus, and women's education are detailed in the collection. There is a very detailed look at the social aspects of college life, especially the difference between the genders in the realm of higher education. These themes can be found in the various Clark Hall scrapbooks and "Saturday Books" written by the lady principal.

An economic theme is prevalent for much of the early history of Brandon College due to various financial restraints that the College and Western Canada faced. These themes are especially noticed in the Bursar and Registrar records.

The administration of the corporation can be followed closely through the minutes and certain correspondence from the Board of Directors. A more in-depth look at the people involved in the running of an institution of higher learning can be found in the various personal papers of the presidents of the College.

There are also several military files, dealing with the creation and operation of a C.O.T.C. regiment on campus during both the First and Second World Wars. The fond also provides a glimpse of how the wars affected daily life on campus and their after-effects on the College.

The fonds also examines the effects that affiliation with other universities can have on curriculum, regulations and other aspects of College life.

Notes: The RG 1 Brandon College fonds description and finding aid were

prepared by Karyn Taylor (nee Riedel) in August 1998.

Name Access: Duff Roblin

Tommy Douglas
Stanley Knowles

Brandon Manitoba

McMaster University
University of Manitoba

Baptist Union of Western Canada

Subject Access: post-secondary education

**Baptist Church** 

universities

co-educational institutions

Access Restriction: See series level for access restrictions.

Repro Restriction: Copyright provisions apply.

Finding Aid: Available

Storage Location: RG 1 Brandon College fonds

Related Material: McKee Archives: RG 6 Brandon University fonds. The Canadian Baptist

Archives at McMaster University contain the following records related to Brandon College: Correspondence (1911-1936); McMaster Chancellor's Correspondence (1895-1926); McMaster Chancellor's Reports; History (1962); Stone & Garnet History (1969); Calendars (1899-1938); Report of Commission 1923 (pamphlet); Fact Concerning 1922 (pamphlet); Jesuit Methods (pamphlet); an incomplete set of the Quill; and exams. They also have The Western Baptist and the Yearbooks of the Baptist Union of Western Canada (1907-1996). (Source: Correspondence between Judith Colwell, Archivist, Canadian Baptist Archives and Thomas H. McLeod. Date: October 8, 1996).

Arrangement:

The fonds is divided into fifteen series and two associated fonds.



# Brandon College beanie

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4569

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: Item
Series Number: 16.2
Item Number: 1
Item Number Range: 1

GMD: multiple media
Date Range: pre-1967
Physical Description: 1 item
Physical Condition: good

Scope and Content:

The beanie measures 17 cm in diameter and is approximately 11 cm tall. It is composed of alternating bands of blue and gold felt. The initials "BC" appear on the front of the beanie.

Notes: Part of BU 16.1 Artifacts - apparel.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts

16.2 Artifacts - apparel

Box 1



# Brandon College beanie

### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4570

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: Item
Series Number: 16.2
Item Number: 2
Item Number Range: 2

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: pre-1967
Physical Description: 1 item
Physical Condition: good

Scope and Content:

The beanie measures 20 cm in diameter and is approximately 8 cm tall. It is composed of alternating bands of blue and gold felt and has a blue felt loop at the peak. The initials "BC" appear on the front of the beanie.

Notes: Part of BU 16.2 Artifacts - apparel.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts

16.2 Artifacts - apparel

Box 1



# Brandon College ring

## http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4573

Part Of: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Description Level: Item
Series Number: 16.2
Item Number: 20
Item Number Range: 20

GMD: multiple media

Date Range: 1963
Physical Description: 1 item
Physical Condition: good

Scope and Content:

The ring is a rectangular gold class ring from 1963, with the Brandon College shield of arms on the top of the ring. The numbers "19" and "63" are engraved on the shoulders of the ring. The ring is in a gray velvet jewellery box from Zeke's Jewellers.

Notes: Part of BU 16.2 Artifacts - apparel.

Storage Location: RG 6 Brandon University fonds

Series16: Brandon University/College artifacts

16.2 Artifacts - apparel

Box 2