

# S. J. McKee Archives



# Lawrence Jones collection

#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions12333

| Part Of:              | RG 6 Brandon University fonds |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Description Level:    | Sub-series                    |
| Series Number:        | MG 3 1.24                     |
| Accession Number:     | 9-2011                        |
| GMD:                  | textual records               |
| Date Range:           | 1957-1959, 1976-1992          |
| Physical Description: | 30 cm                         |
| History /             |                               |

**Biographical:** 

See RG 6 Brandon University fonds, 7.4.1 Dean of Music for biographical information.

#### Custodial History:

The records were collected during the course of Jones' career as a member of the School of Music and as Dean of the School of Music. They remained in his possession until their donation to the McKee Archives on June 29, 2011.

#### Scope and Content:

Collection consists of records created and collected during the course of Lawrence Jones' teaching career in the School of Music and during his tenure as Dean of the School of Music at Brandon University.

Records include: dean's log books; recital programs and related materials; personal documents; academic papers; planning documents; contracts; administration documents; workshop documents; teaching documents; proposals; reviews; evaluations; violin concerto by S.C. Eckhardt-Gramatte, piano score, edited by Lawrence Jones. Topics include: planning for the School of Music; Master's degree program; award winners; the music building expansion; adjudicating; the New Brandon University Trio; and the National Music Festival.

| Name Access:      | Lawrence Jones  |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
|                   | Brandon University Trio   |  |
|                   | Shane Levesque  |  |
|                   | National Music Festival   |  |
|                   | Peggy Sharpe  |  |
|                   | Deidre Irons  |  |
|                   | Kenneth Drake   |  |
|                   | School of Music   |  |
| Subject Access:   | Education   |  |
|                   | music   |  |
|                   | administration  |  |
|                   | performing arts   |  |
|                   | performing artists  |  |
| Storage Location: | MG 3 Brandon University Teaching and Administration 1.24 Lawrence Jones |  |

# Frances Percival (nee Fraser) fonds

#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4227

| Part Of:              | RG 1 Brandon College fonds                                 |
|-----------------------|--|
| Description Level:    | Sub-series   |
| Series Number:        | MG 2 2.6   |
| Accession Number:     | 04-2006  |
| GMD:                  | multiple media   |
| Date Range:           | 1928-1929  |
| Physical Description: | 70 b&w photographs (various sizes)<br>7 mm textual records |
| Physical Condition:   | Good   |
| History /             |  |
|                       |  |

**Biographical:** 

Frances Elizabeth Percival (nee Fraser) attended Brandon College in 1928-1929. She was from Wawanesa, Manitoba and passed away on August 3, 2004 at the age of 93 years.

Custodial History:

The records were donated to the McKee Archives by Joy Lalonde, a realtive of Fran Percival's, in 2005.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of three dance cards from the Brandon Normal School, a photograph album of Brandon College students and activities (many of them identified) and an autographed copy of the 1929 Brandon College Annual Graduation Program.

| Notes:            | Description by Christy Henry.     |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Name Access:      | Fran Fraser                       |
| Subject Access:   | arts students                     |
| Storage Location: | MG 2 Brandon College Students     |
|                   | 2.6 Frances Percival (nee Fraser) |

#### Documents





# McKenzie centennial exhibit

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4334

| Part Of:           | RG 3 A.E. McKenzie Company fonds |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| Description Level: | Sub-series                       |
| Series Number:     | McS 6 6.1                        |
| GMD:               | textual records                  |

Date Range:1896-1996Physical Description:34 cmHistory /siographical:

The program for the McKenzie Centennial Exhibit describes the materials in this sub-series as a "visual collection of artifacts, printed materials and photographs, 1883-1996, celebrating the centennial of A.E. McKenzie Co. Inc."

Created by current employees and based on research by Nancy McLennan, Sandra Head and J. Lasby Lowes, the McKenzie Centennial Exhibit opened on April 25, 1996. It remained open to the public on every Thursday between 2 to 4 p.m. to the end of June, 1996. Some of the furnishings used in the display were contributed by the Daly House Museum. Located in the McKenzie Building, the exhibit was assembled along the corridors of the building. It contained a variety of materials, such as invoices, pay envelopes, blueprints, documents, furniture and photographs from the one hundred years of McKenzie Seeds' history.

Following the close of the exhibit, a smaller permanent installation was to be constructed at the McKenzie Building.

Custodial History:

In the course of preparing the exhibit, Nancy McLennan took documents from the collection, but failed to make a record of where the documents came from. As a result, these materials have been left in the Centennial sub-series. It proved impossible to return them to their original place in the fonds.

See fonds level description of custodial history of A. E. McKenzie Seed Co. Ltd.

Scope and Content:

This sub-series includes the individual descriptions of each exhibit printed on small white envelopes, a guide to the exhibit, a photograph listing for photos used in the various displays and the 1973 Directory of Canadian Chartered Accountants. The sub-series also includes intact files for exhibits 1, 5, 7, 8, 10, 39 and 40, Wholesale Sales Literature, Steele Briggs Seed Co., Scrimping and Spending Big Time, Seed Wagon, Mostly Catalogue Inserts, Letterhead, and For Your Reading Pleasure, respectively.

In addition, a number of booklets made by the creators of the exhibit are also contained within the sub-series. These booklets are primarily a combination of original and reproduced sales literature and catalogues, but also may or may not contain some correspondence, seed packets, clippings and history for McKenzie Seeds, Pike Seeds/Robertson Seeds, Acquisitions (Steele Briggs, Canada Seeds, Brett-Young Seeds), and McFayden/McConnell.

In addition to the above booklets, there are also materials dealing with the catalogues and sales literature of McKenzie Seed Co. suppliers, such as Bodger Seeds, H. Keft from Holland, the Denholm Seed Company, and the Vis Brothers. A number of documents, programs and booklets relating to the seed industry in general, such as the "Black Leaf" Bulletin and a number of documents relating to agriculture in Manitoba are also included.

| Storage Location: | RG 3 A.E. McKenzie Company fonds                                     |  |
|-------------------|--|--|
|                   | McS 6 Miscellaneous  |  |
| Related Material: | Photographs from the Centennial Exhibition of McKenzie Seeds can be  |  |
|                   | found in Series 5 (Photographs), sub-series 5.9 (Centennial Photos). |  |

## Esther Magdalene Moore collection



#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4299

| Part Of:                             | RG 1 Brandon College fonds |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Description Level:                   | Sub-series                 |
| Series Number:                       | MG 1 1.5                   |
| Accession Number:                    | 4-2016                     |
| GMD:                                 | textual records            |
|                                      |                            |
| Date Range:                          | 1911?-1960?                |
| Date Range:<br>Physical Description: |                            |

Biographical:

Esther Moore was born in Norfolk, Nebraska and moved to Canada at age 3. There is a vague reference to her being related to the composer Dvorak in The Quill of 1913. She registered as a music student at Brandon College in 1909. In 1910, Miss Moore received a medal for sight-reading and accompanying in Edmonton. She took her examinations of the Toronto Conservatory of Music in 1910, and her Senior examinations in 1911. She completed her theory work in 1913, as well as finishing the academic requirements. In 1913, Esther Moore became the first graduate of the Music department at Brandon College. After graduation, Miss Moore taught music in Unity, as well as being the choirleader and organist. She returned to her home in Olds, Alberta for a rest from teaching. However, she was not idle for long. She took up teaching again, and she was the organist and choirleader at church. She also began a Glee Club. Between these responsibilities Miss Moore finished a course in the Household Science Department at the Olds Agricultural College. She returned to Brandon College to take postgraduate work, becoming the first Brandon College student to receive her L.T.C.M. in 1916. In 1922 Miss Moore began to teach piano at Brandon College. She received her Bachelor of Music in 1925, and her Master of Music in 1926.

#### Custodial History:

Records were accessioned by the McKee Archives in 1998. Prior custodial history is unknown.

#### Scope and Content:

Esther Moore's records consist of newspaper clippings, recital programmes, concert programmes, and commencement programmes. As well, there are dance cards, invitations, tickets, and the programme for the annual Graduation Banquet for several years. There are Track and Field programmes and a ribbon. There are also Alumni Luncheon programmes for a few years. There is an issue of The Western Baptist from 1926, and the programmes for the installation of Dr. Robbins as President and the opening of the Arts and Library building and the J.R.C. Evans Lecture Theatre in 1960. There is also a letter from William L. Wright, director of the music department at Brandon College.

| Name Access:      | Esther Moore                 |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
|                   | W.L. Wright                  |
|                   | J.R.C. Evans Lecture Theatre |
|                   | John E. Robbins              |
| Subject Access:   | School of Music              |
|                   | rectials                     |
|                   | concerts                     |
|                   | commencement                 |
|                   | graduation banquet           |
|                   | programmes                   |
|                   | arts and library building    |
| Storage Location: | 2016 accessions              |



# Gerald R. Brown

#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4303

| Part Of:              | RG 1 Brandon College fonds  |
|-----------------------|---|
| Description Level:    | Sub-series  |
| Series Number:        | MG 2 2.2  |
| Accession Number:     | 30-1998, 3-1999, 02-2001, 04-2001, 07-2001, 04-2003, 27-2006, 19-<br>2007 |
| GMD:                  | multiple media  |
| Date Range:           | 1938, 1951-1952, 1955-1956, 1990-1991, 1997-2009                          |
| Physical Description: | 87.5 cm (57.5 cm textual records and 29 photographs)                      |
| History /             |   |

Biographical:

Gerald Brown was born and raised in Vista, Manitoba. He attended Islay and Rossburn schools. In 1955, he attended Brandon College to take the one year Teacher Training Course. He was part of the first graduating T.T.C. class at Brandon College. After graduation he taught in Ninga, MB. He also taught in Brandon and C.F.B. Shilo. In 1965, he moved to Winnipeg to pursue a career in school librarianship and information services until he retired in 1992. By the end of his career he had been Chief Librarian for thirteen years. He received a B.A. from Brandon College in 1964, a B.Ed. from the University of Manitoba in 1965, a Master of Library Science from Western Michigan in 1968, and a M. Ed. from the University of Manitoba in 1972. He is also very involved with music. At present Gerald Brown continues to live in Winnpeg, MB.

Custodial History:

Accession 24-2009: Brown compiled these materials from the personal collections of Colin Mailer, Lorne Watson, Norman Kalinski and Gerald Brown. He delivered them to the Archives on November 17, 2009.

Accession 5-2013: Materials collected and written by Gerald R. Brown in the course of preparing for and attending the Islay (Vista) School District No. 733 reunion held in Rossburn, MB on August 4-6, 2006.

#### Scope and Content:

Accession 30-1998 consists of newspaper clippings for Brandon College 1955-56 complied by Gerald Brown for the 41st anniversary of the graduation of the Brandon College Teacher Training Class of 1956; photographs of the TTC of 1956; the Reunion Yearbook for the anniversary of the 1956 TTC class; and a copy of the program for the 1998 production of W.S. Gilbert and Sullivan musical The Yeoman of the Guard.

Accession 3-1999 consists of a compilation of nine seasons of Gilbert & Sullivan Society pictures, programs, and newsletters. Mr. Brown and other graduates of the Brandon School of Music are among the cast members.

Accession 2-2001 consists of copies of the newsletter, Titipu Times, for the Gilbert and Sullivan Society of Winnipeg, Volume 10, 1-4, a 10th Anniversary Program (2000) and a list of ensemble singers 2000/2001.

Accession 4-2001 consists of a scrapbook and programs for the following Gilbert & Sullivan productions: "Patience" (performed April 6-9, 2000 in Winnipeg) and "Pirates of Penzance" (April 5-8, 2001).

Accession 7-2001 consists of 4 colour photographs and a one page summary of the activities of the Reunion TTC 1956 during the May 2001 Convocation.

Accession 4-2003 consists of colour photographs of the 41st Reunion of the Brandon College Teacher Training Course 1955-56 held in May 2001. Included as well is a "Past History Summary" of the Class of 56 Reunions and a copy of Reflecting on Our Past, a publication of the Brandon School Division.

Accession 27-2006 consists of materials collected and written by Gerald R. Brown in the course of preparing for and attending the Islay (Vista) School District No. 733 reunion held in Rossburn, MB on August 4-6, 2006. It includes a copy of "Vista Tales. . . from Islay School District No. 733 in Vista, Manitoba" compiled and edited by Gerald R. Brown (c.2006), a program of events for the reunion, a copy of the reunion worship service program, and 15 postcards entitled "Vista Views," which were sold at the reunion.

Accession 19-2007 includes biographical information on Isabelle Mills, former faculty member of Brandon College (School of Music) and the program for HMS Pinafore, presented by the Gilbert & Sullivan Society of Winnipeg (2003).

Accession 24-2009 (1938-2009, 30 cm textual records) consists of the records of the Brandon Festival of the Arts. Included are: meeting minutes (Executive, Regular and Annual), reports, financial reports, correspondence; programs and syllabi from the Festival; and Festival highlights and similar programs.

Accession 5-2013 (1951-1952, 2006, 5 cm textual records, 3 CDs) consists of hard copies of "Vista Tales. . . from Islay School District No. 733 in Vista, Manitoba Reunion Photo File" and "Vista Tales. . . from Islay School District No. 733 in Vista, Manitoba Alunni & Community Events" compiled and edited by Gerald R. Brown (c.2006). Also includes three CDs containing ditigal versions of all three Vista Tales volumes and a a copy of the 1951-1952 Foxwarren High School yearbook.

Notes: Description by Christy Henry and Tom Mitchell.

| Name Access:   | Gerald Brown  |  |
|--|---|--|
|  | Teacher Training Course   |  |
|  | Vista   |  |
|  | Manitoba  |  |
|  | Islay School District No. 733   |  |
|  | Brandon Festival of the Arts  |  |
| Subject Access:  | class of 1956   |  |
|  | college memorabila  |  |
|  | music   |  |
|  | dance   |  |
|  | speecharts  |  |
| Finding Aid:   | A detailed inventory (prepared by Gerald Brown) for accession 24-2009 is available.   |  |
| Storage Location:  | MG 2 Brandon College Students<br>2.2 Gerald R. Brown  |  |
| Related Material:  | Accession 26-2006 (MacPhail fonds) contains school/teaching materials for a number of Vista, Manitoba residents and one Islay School teacher. |  |
| Arrangement:   |   |  |
| Dates for materials                                      | in accession 24-2009 are as follows:  |  |
| Minutes etc.: 1958-1960, 1967-1992, 2001-2002, 2006-2009 |   |  |

Syllabi and programs: 1938, 1958-1970, 1973-1984, 1986-1990, 1992-1999, 2001, 2003-2005, 2007-2008

Festival hilights and similar programs: 1973-1987



# Bertha Leith (nee Clark) fonds

#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions3613

| Part Of:              | RG 1 Brandon College fonds |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Creator:              | Bertha Clark               |
| Description Level:    | Sub-series                 |
| Series Number:        | MG 2 2.31                  |
| Accession Number:     | 7-2009                     |
| GMD:                  | graphic                    |
| Date Range:           | 1925-1929                  |
| Physical Description: | 24 photographs (b/w)       |
| History /             |                            |

Biographical:

Bertha Miriam Clark was born on Prince Edward Island but attended public and high school in Brandon, MB. She was a member of the Class of 1929 and served as Lady Stick in her final year at Brandon College.

Clark married J. Scott Leith, Brandon College Class of 1928. Scott and Bertha Leith's son James Clark Leith is in the Canadian Who's Who.

#### Custodial History:

Album was sent to Pat Britton, Brandon University Director of Alumni Relations, by Bertha Leith in April 1991. Britton then transferred it to the McKee Archives.

Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of a small accordian style photograph album (7 x  $10.5 \times 3.5 \text{ cm}$ ) created by Bertha Clark during her years at Brandon College. The photographs, which measure 4" x 2.75", depict numerous people and events.

Notes: History/Bio information taken from the 1928-1929 Sickle.

Name Access:

Bertha Clark Ruth Bingham **Professor Richards** Lil Bullman Clark Hall Brandon College Building Jean Hitchings Lloyd Bowler Kay Underwood Scott Leith **Denis Phillpots Donald Ritchie** Harold Cairns Andrew Clark Isabel Hitchings A. Foster Rundle McLachlan Carl Wickland Doris Bingham Doris Dowling Ella Whitmore Meta Mischpeter Vera Ulinder Josh Thompson **Doris Cochrane** Frank Kerr Cyril Richards Thomas Russell Wilkins Flo Turnbull Esther Magoon Hilda Harrison Doris Ireton Mrs. Richards W.L. Wright Annie Evans Wright Miss Hatch Jennie Turnbull Mrs. MacNeill Mrs. C.G. Stone Helen Duncan Constance Lamontagne Marian Bulloch Mabel Craig

| Subject Access:   | Class of 29'                             |
|-------------------|--|
|                   | Sports Day 1925                          |
|                   | English Club                             |
|                   | Graduation                               |
|                   | Lake Percy                               |
|                   | Arts 1929                                |
|                   | CPR depot                                |
|                   | Brandon College boys 1925-1927           |
|                   | al(I)-bums                               |
|                   | "cat-chers"                              |
|                   | Sykes                                    |
|                   | 18th Street Hill                         |
|                   | Class of 1928                            |
|                   | Class of 1929                            |
|                   | Class of 1930                            |
|                   | Class of 1931                            |
|                   | arts faculty outing                      |
| Storage Location: | MG 2 Brandon College Students            |
|                   | 2.31 Bertha Leith (nee Clark)            |
| Related Material: | Edward Lloyd Bowler collection (36-1999) |
|                   |  |



# Ruth and Archie MacLachlan fonds

# http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions10093

| Part Of:              | RG 1 Brandon College fonds   |
|-----------------------|--|
| Description Level:    | Sub-series   |
| Series Number:        | MG 2 2.33  |
| Accession Number:     | 23-2009  |
| GMD:                  | multiple media   |
| Date Range:           | 1930-1934  |
| Physical Description: | 27 cm textual records  |
|                       | 13 b/w photographs   |
| Physical Condition:   | Very good. Some of the letters written in pencil are a little faded. |

#### History / Biographical:

Ruth Alverda Wade was born born July 11, 1912 in Brandon, MB to James and Etta Alverda. She had two younger siblings: sister Gwen and brother Sherry. The Wade family resided at 1837 Princess Avenue, Brandon, MB. Ruth graduated from Brandon College with the Class of 1933.

During her time at Brandon College Ruth met Archie MacLachlan. Archibald James MacLachlan was born in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan in 1907. He had four brothers: Howard, Edgar, Bruce, Curly and Stirling. When Archie was quite young the MacLachlan family moved to Alberta. Archie came to Brandon c. 1930 to attend Brandon College. During the summers of his years at Brandon College Archie held pastoral charges in Alberta. The first two summers were spent in the Peace River Country and the second two in Etzikom in Southern Alberta. This is the period during which the letters in the fonds were written.

Ruth Wade married Archie MacLachlan on September 19, 1934 in Brandon, MB. Following the wedding the couple moved to Hamilton, ON. Archie graduated from McMaster University with his Bachelor of Divinity degree in 1937. During this period their daughter Joann Ruth was born. After his ordination as a Baptist Minister the family moved to North Bay where Archie was minister for four years. The next six years were spent in Vancouver as Archie worked as minister at Fairview Baptist Church in Vancouver. The couple's sons Archibald James and Lachlan Wade were also born during this period.

At the end of the Second World War Archie decided to go back to school. The family travelled to Brandon, where Ruth and the children remained for part of a year while Archie went ahead to Andover Newton to enroll and find a parish that would support him while he went to school. The family was reunited in Penacook, New Hampshire; they lived there for two years while Archie completed his Masters in Sacred Theology. After a brief additional period of study at Harvard University, the MacLachlan family returned to Canada, settling in Toronto while Archie finished his second Masters degree (Psychology) and held positions as interim minister and then assistant minister at York Minster Church. Following the two years in Toronto they moved to Winnipeg.

Eventually Archie left the church ministry and became Chaplain at the Hamilton Psychiatric Hospital. He also continuted to train students in Pastoral Education through the courses he had begun at the Divinity College of McMaster University. He remained at the Hospital until his retirement.

During their married life Ruth was kept busy raising the couple's children and with her work as a minister's wife, particularly her work in the community. She sat on a number of community boards, including positions as President of the Baptist Convention of Ontario and Quebec and a member of the Board of Governors for McMaster University's Divinity School.

Ruth MacLachlan died on October 29, 1983 in Missassauga, ON.

Archie married Kathleen Marie (Green) French (b. January 22, 1908, d. June 1, 1998) on June 20, 1987. Archie MacLachlan died in December 1997.

#### Custodial History:

Records were in the possession of Ruth and Archie MacLachlan until their deaths. At that time the records were inherited by their daughter Joann. Joann MacLachlan donated the records to the McKee Archives on October 24, 2009 at a donation event held as part of Homecoming 2009.

#### Scope and Content:

Fonds consists of approximately 197 letters written by Ruth and Archie to each other during the spring and summers of 1932, 1933 and 1934. The letters were written during the courtship of the couple and contain details not only on about their lives in Brandon and Alberta but also more personal information about their relationship, families and future plans. Because Ruth and Archie were students at Brandon College during this period the letters also often reflect on events and personalities related to the College, as well as their own personal studies.

Fonds also contains a scrapbook compiled by Ruth during her Brandon College years. It includes photographs, newspaper clippings, graduation cards, event programs, place cards and other ephemera. There are also a few miscellaneous documents - McMaster University examination papers, handwritten sheet music, postcards - that appear to have belonged to Archie. Fonds also contains a graduation photograph of Ruth.

| Notes:       | Description by Christy Henry. History/Bio information taken from Joann<br>MacLachlan's book Ruth and Archie: Brandon and Brandon College<br>1932-1934. |
|--------------|--|
| Name Access: | Ruth Wade  |
|              | Ruth MacLachlan  |
|              | Archie MacLachlan  |
|              | Addrene Edwards  |
|              | Dorreene McGuinness  |
|              | Brandon  |
|              | Brandon College  |
|              | Trochu, Alberta  |
|              | Etzikom, Alberta   |
|              | First Baptist Church   |
|              |  |

| Subject Access    | land vehicles   |
|-------------------|---|
| Subject Access:   |   |
|                   | Christianity  |
|                   | city life   |
|                   | rural life  |
|                   | convocations  |
|                   | Correspondence  |
|                   | crime   |
|                   | post-secondary education  |
|                   | mountains   |
|                   | pastoral activities   |
|                   | postal service  |
|                   | parsons   |
|                   | religious officials   |
|                   | Radio Broadcasts  |
|                   | tennis  |
|                   | rail transportation   |
|                   | weather   |
|                   | social events   |
|                   | music   |
|                   | clothing  |
|                   | theology  |
|                   | hobbies   |
|                   | liberal arts  |
|                   | horses  |
|                   | road transportation   |
|                   | travels   |
|                   | touring   |
|                   | depression era  |
| Language Note:    | Some of the letters contain German phrases.   |
| Storage Location: | Textual records: 23-2009  |
|                   |   |
|                   | Photographs: RG 5 photograph storage drawer   |
| Related Material: | Ruth and Archie's daughter Joann edited the letters into a book entitled<br>Ruth and Archie: Brandon and Brandon College 1932-1934. A copy of<br>the book is located in the Rare Book collection of the John E. Robbins<br>Library, Brandon University. |
|                   | William Ridley Sheridan Wade collection (28-2007)   |
| Arrangement:      |   |

The letters are arranged in chronological order with all of Archie's letters to Ruth for a particular year grouped together, followed by Ruth's letters to Archie for that same year. For preservation purposes photographs in the scrapbook have been removed and placed in photograph storage, with their corresponding scrapbook page number noted on the back. Because of the fragile condition of the scrapbook a note has been made concerning the original location of many items that have become detached from their original location in the scrapbook. These items remain with the remnants of the scrapbook in one archival housing. Note that Ruth did not place items on every page so the numbering is not sequential for scrapbook items. Some items were loose at the back of the scrapbook and therefore have no corresponding page number.



# The Manitoba co-operator

#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/specialcollections409

| Other Title Info:     | Formerly The Scoop Shovel                        |
|-----------------------|--|
| Part Of:              | RG 4 Manitoba Pool Elevator fonds                |
| Collection:           | Manitoba Pool Elevator Library Collection        |
| Creator:              | Manitoba Co-operative Conference                 |
| Description Level:    | Sub-series                                       |
| Series Number:        | MPE E 3  |
| GMD:                  | textual records                                  |
| Date Range:           | 1931-1936; 1943-2001                             |
| Publication:          | Winnipeg : Manitoba Co-operative Conference, Itd |
| Physical Description: | 74 v. ; ill.; 5.46 m                             |
|                       |  |

Scope and Content:

During the independent existence of Manitoba Pool Elevators, the Manitoba Co-operator, published by the Manitoba Co-operative Conference Ltd., was the official organ of the cooperative movement in the province. The sub-series consists of issues of The Manitoba Co-operator from 1931-1936 and 1943-2001.

| Notes:             | Description by Jill Sutherland and Christy Henry. |
|--------------------|---|
| Subject Access:    | Agriculture                                       |
|                    | Cooperative Periodicals                           |
|                    | Farm produce Marketing Periodicals                |
| Conservation:      | microfilm, PDF                                    |
| Location Original: | Archives 14-24-2, Box 24 - Manitoba Pool          |
| Location Copy:     | Z drive   |
| Arrangement:       |   |

The Scoop Shovel, Vol. VII No.1-7 is bound with the Manitoba Co-operator, Vol. VII, No. 9-12

# Manitoba: The Province & The People monograph http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions13674

# Other Title Info:Title based on the contents of the subseriesPart Of:Fred McGuinness collectionDescription Level:Sub-seriesSeries Number:McG 5.4Accession Number:1-2015GMD:textual recordsDate Range:c. 1986 - 1987Physical Description:Approximately 30 cm of textual records

### Document Not Available

(Copyright Restrictions)

#### History / Biographical:

These records were produced between 1986 and 1987, the researching and writing period for the book Manitoba: The Province & The People. Published in 1987 by Hurtig Publishers (Edmonton), Manitoba is a 203-page hard cover book, containing 2 maps, and 58 images.

BU faculty members Dr. Kenneth "Ken" Stephen Coates, Assistant Professor of History, and Mr. Fred McGuinness, Lecturer in Journalism, authored the book. Assisting the writers was a research team of three BU history students: Diane Fowler, Rob McGarva, and Bruce Stadfeld. All three students were former research assistants for The Pride of the Land monograph.

The authors cover 117 years of Manitoba social history, starting with the Red River Settlement and the Dominion of Canada expansion in the 1870s, followed by the war years, and the emergence of modern, contemporary Manitoba.

#### Custodial History:

Records were collected and created by McGuinness, Coates, and the research students during the creation of the book, Manitoba: The Province & The People. The materials were donated to the McKee Archives by the Estate of Fred McGuinness circa 2011. The Archives accessioned the records in 2015.

#### Scope and Content:

The subseries consists of textual records, created and collected during the production of the monograph Manitoba: The Province & The People. It includes copies of newspaper articles from newspapers (such as the Brandon Sun, Brandon Daily Sun, Winnipeg Free Press, and Saturday Night), copies of journal articles about the Red River Valley, Government of Manitoba industrial publications, photocopies and a few original photographs used in the publication, and drafts for chapter "brites."

| Notes:            | Information in the history/biography was taken from the "Manitoba: The Province & The People's" acknowledgments section   |
|-------------------|---|
| Accruals:         | Closed  |
| Language Note:    | Fred McGuinness often uses journalistic jargon to label his files. A<br>"brite" refers to a short, amusing story. McGuinness often organized his<br>ideas and research materials by potential brite topic |
| Finding Aid:      | A file level inventory is available   |
| Storage Location: | 2015 accessions   |
| Related Material: | Original copies of the July 10, 1899 and July 12, 1899 editions of the<br>Brandon Daily Sun containing articles about the Hilda Blake trial are<br>available in the oversize drawers in the Reading Room  |
|                   | See McG 1.2 Box 3 File 48 for correspondence pertaining to royalties for this monograph   |

#### Arrangement:

Arrangement was artificially created by the Archives. Files in this subseries have been arranged according to the order in which brites first appear in the book

Original file titles, where available, have been recorded in square brackets after the file title assigned by the Archives

For this subseries, the original photographs have been relocated to the McGuinness collection photograph series (McG 9)

#### Documents





# RG2SF1 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4352

| Part Of:              | RG 2 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba Association fonds |
|-----------------------|--|
| Description Level:    | Sous-fonds   |
| Fonds Number:         | RG2SF1   |
| GMD:                  | multiple media   |
| Date Range:           | 1903-1991  |
| Physical Description: | 3.47 m textual records; 793 graphics                     |
| History /             |  |

Biographical:

The Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba has been an institution almost as long as Brandon has been a city, although under the guise of several different names. The idea of an exhibition came from Charles Whitehead, who was the founder and first president of the fair. Whitehead was one of the earliest and most prominent businessmen in Brandon. The first Brandon fair was organized in October of 1882, by the Brandon Agricultural Society (BAS). The Board of Directors of the BAS offered up two hundred dollars in prize money, but poor weather and a subsequently small turnout of people and exhibits to the downtown location caused the fair to do poorly. Undeterred, the Board of Directors began to make plans for the second fair, in what was to become an annual event. This time, due to generous grants from the city, district, and province, the Board of Directors was able to purchase land just south of the city to hold the fair on and built a Crystal Palace to hold exhibits in. In October 1883, there were seven hundred and thirty entries, and the fair, the first to be held on the new fair grounds, was considered successful.

The Brandon Exhibition was not financially sound however, and by 1888, the Directors knew that major changes had to be made if they wanted to continue the fair. It was decided that October was not the best time to hold an agricultural exhibition because most farmers were in the middle of harvesting and did not have time to leave their farms for an exhibition. A decision was made to move the exhibition to the summer, when most farmers could get away for a few days. In July 1889, the first Brandon summer fair was held. The Directors had managed to revamp the fair in order to appeal to the wider public. The fair was a huge success, with both city and rural people attending.

The Board of Directors formally established the Western Agricultural and Arts Association (WAAA) in 1892 to take over management duties of the fair from the BAS. However, the first meeting of the WAAA was not until 1897. There is no explanation for the five year delay. The WAAA received generous donations from the various governments, and the citizens of Brandon. In 1897, the Board of Directors purchased another 42 acres of land from the city that was located beside the fair grounds. They erected a grandstand and new stables. Prize money was increased, there were special prizes offered for the first time, and special exhibition trains were available to transport fair goers at a reduced rate.

The 1897 fair was the major turning point for the Brandon exhibition. The fair appealed to both urban and rural dwellers. The Board wanted to put Brandon on the map, and accordingly, they brought forward events and entertainment that would do so. The first Traveller's Day, still running strong today, was put on in 1912. The parade associated with it was unlike any Brandon had seen before. Despite the attractions, carnivals and midways that were beginning to dominate the fair, organizers insisted that it was still primarily an agricultural event. The promotion of agriculture was still prominent at the exhibition. As local historians have written, "the exhibition symbolized the accomplishments and potential of the region, and encouraged all agriculturists to strive towards higher standards."

By 1912, all outstanding loans had been paid off, and the Board of Directors could boast an eleven thousand dollar surplus in funds. As well, the physical assets available to the summer fair were expanded dramatically in 1913. In 1913, Brandon was granted the honour of hosting the Dominion Exhibition. From the funding that came in for this prestigious event the Board of Directors was able to build a new grandstand, erect new display buildings, replace the racetrack, and generally expand and improve the fair grounds. Another 80 acres of land was bought from the city for the summer fair. The Brandon Dominion Exhibition was declared open on 15 July 1913 by Manitoba Premier Rodmond Roblin. Although it was a resounding success, the Directors ended up having to pay for parts of it out of their own pockets.

Canada entered World War One in the late summer of 1914. The WAAA reached an agreement with the military that the army could use the fairgrounds during the year if they allowed the WAAA use of the grounds for the fair week. Because of limitations put on the fair because of the war, the Brandon exhibition became more involved with the Western Canada Fair Circuit. This organization enabled the summer fair to join in the exhibitions that worked together to bring events like the midway to their exhibitions.

It was also during this time that moral reform became more prevalent in Canadian society. Due to this growing concern with moral purity and the desire for social reform, the Directors had to find ways to ensure that the summer exhibition did not cross the boundaries of good taste. There was a short-lived protest in 1913 against horseracing, but by 1916, then-president of the fair, R.M. Matheson, cast the tie breaking vote in favour of letting both the horseracing and the betting continue. By 1917, the Board had decided against allowing betting, but the horseracing was allowed to continue.

After the war ended, financial stress on the part of the winter fair brought forward a proposal to amalgamate the summer and winter fairs. The provincial government stated that they were interested in supporting an amalgamation, and the two fair boards resolved to consider the option. In spring of 1920, the winter fair backed out the deal because they felt they would lose out to the WAAA in the deal. Not to be deterred, the WAAA applied for incorporation with the provincial government. On 3 April 1920, the WAAA was incorporated as the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba (PEM). In 1920, the official title of the summer fair was changed from the Inter-Provincial Exhibition to the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba.

After incorporation the Board of Directors was increased to a membership of twenty. The provincial exhibition continued to increase and change with the times. The directors tried to make each fair interesting and stimulating for the people of Brandon and the surrounding

areas. A Manitoba Government Building was opened in 1927, by Premier John Bracken, and an Automobile Building opened in 1927. By 1929, the Provincial Exhibition was one of the leading summer exhibitions in Western Canada. Unfortunately, 1929 was also the beginning of a decade-long Depression throughout Canada and the United States. The exhibition continued though, although at a less grandiose level. The exhibition was the site of some work relief programs throughout the thirties, but the grants were generally small.

It was also during the 1930s that people began wanting a change in the management of the Board. For many years, almost since the inception of the fair, the Board had been run by the same group of men who took turns in the various positions. In 1933, there were several men brought forward to run against the Directors at the annual general meeting. A total of forty four nominations went up for the twenty positions. After the dust had settled, seven new faces took seats around the Directors table.

During World War Two, the Provincial Exhibition managed to continue. The Board made an agreement with the military that while their buildings could be used by the military during the war, the fair would be able to take control of the buildings for fair week. While the fair remained open, its exhibits were hampered by the war. In 1942, for example, the Wartime Prices and Trades Board declared that farm machinery could not be exhibited for the duration. This was one of the fair's bigger draws, and its absence was felt greatly. As another concession to the war, the livestock show had to be reduced from five days to three, although this decision was met by protest from many of the directors. Despite these impediments, the entries into the agricultural exhibits continued to increase. Horse racing, long a bone of contention among members of the Board was almost eliminated in 1942, but a compromise was made and the Directors allowed one day of racing at the 1943 fair.

After the war, the prize money increased by up to twenty-five percent in an effort to increase the number of exhibitors. Many new events were added to the fair roster, including an annual 4-H show and farm camps for children. A Trade Show was added in 1952 and became a large success. The fair always enjoyed support from the City of Brandon, although there were the occasional tensions between the two. In 1955 the Board approved a proposal by R.A. Hodges to sponsor a Dream Home contest. While the attraction was a big success, the Directors evidently did not receive the cut of the proceeds that Hodges had promised them. The fair Board ended up fifty-five hundred dollars in debt.

In 1958 an attempt was made to break the all male hold on the directorate. While no women were elected to the Board itself, a Women's Advisory Committee was created to provide input into fair activities. The original committee was made up of Mrs. D. Elviss, Mrs. D. Graham, Mrs. G. McRae, and Mrs. F. Heeney.

It was also during this time that the Board began to face more direct competition from Winnipeg. The Red River Exhibition had been operating for several years, and its Board of Directors wanted their exhibition to be admitted into the Western Canadian Association of Exhibition. This would not have been particularly good for the Brandon Provincial Exhibition. Partly due to the Brandon Board's vigorous protests, Winnipeg was only granted an associate membership.

By the end of 1958, the Brandon fair was once again facing financial difficulties. The Provincial Exhibition was at its peak at the end of the 1950s. By 1961 the fair recorded a net loss of sixty-five hundred dollars. Because of financial problems, the fair Board had to mortgage its property for \$50 000. As well, the Royal American Shows left Brandon for Winnipeg in 1966, leaving the Directors scrambling to find another midway. It took several years and several different companies before the Directors settled on the Conklin Brothers Shows. To make matters worse, the grandstand was condemned in 1974, leaving the fair without a place to hold its grandstand show. This show was replaced by the Western Canada Rodeo Circuit, in an attempt to regain patrons.

By 1966 both the summer and winter fair Boards had decided that one facility could be used to house both the summer and winter fairs. Both financially and practically, it became an increasingly good idea to merge the two fairs together. In 1969, the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba and the Manitoba Winter Fair were amalgamated to become the Manitoba Exhibition Association. Ground was broken a few years later on the summer fair grounds, and by 1972, the Keystone Centre was open for business. The official opening was at the 1973 Winter Fair. From then on, the Provincial Exhibition, Royal Manitoba Winter Fair and, later, AgEx, were housed in the same building, and run by the same board of directors.

#### Custodial History:

These files were housed with the WAAA, the PEM, and the MEA until c1986 when they were transferred to the S.J. McKee Archives at Brandon University.

#### Scope and Content:

The sous-fonds consists of textual records and photographs from the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba. The textual records include prize lists, programs, minutes, financial, contracts, by laws, administrative files, original results, news releases, scrapbooks and tickets. The photographs include animal shows and events, dignitaries, entertainment, attractions, ceremonies, buildings and other events.

It has been divided into eleven series, including: (1) Documents; (2) Minutes; (3) Financial reocrds; (4) Administrative files; (5) Prize lists and programs; (6) News releases; (7) Original results; (8) Tickets; (9) Photographs; (10) Scrapbooks; and (11) Miscellaneous.

Storage Location:

RG 2 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba Association fonds RG2SF1 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba



## RG2SF2 Manitoba winter fair

#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4364

| Part Of:              | RG 2 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba Association fonds |
|-----------------------|--|
| Description Level:    | Sous-fonds   |
| Fonds Number:         | RG2SF2   |
| GMD:                  | multiple media   |
| Date Range:           | 1908-1992  |
| Physical Description: | 2.65 m textual records<br>780 graphics                   |

History /

Biographical:

The first attempts to hold a winter agricultural fair in Brandon happened in 1884, when a show was held in the buildings owned by A. Harrison and Company. However, this did not become an annual event. There were also several unsuccessful attempts to establish annual Stallion Sales in the late spring by horsemen in the area. In 1904, J.D. McGregor petitioned Brandon City Council for a winter fair. The petition was accepted by the city, and in 1906 Brandon's first winter fair was held. It was a big success, and the Board of Directors looked forward to it becoming an annual event. The summer fair, which had been in operation since 1882 welcomed this new exhibition. The Board of the summer fair felt that a winter fair would be complementary to the summer exhibition. Although the two fairs were not amalgamated, they did share a secretary-treasurer and several Board members.

In 1907, the Cattle Breeders Association decided to make the Brandon Winter Fair the site of its annual stock sale. With this support, it was felt that the winter fair would become an annual event. A joint stock company was created in 1907 entitled the Brandon Winter Fair and

Livestock Association (BWFLA), to be used primarily as a land-holding company. Land was purchased at Tenth Street and McTavish Avenue in order to erect a winter fair building.

The following year, the Provincial Winter Fair and Fat Stock Association was created to manage the winter fair. The name was soon changed to the Manitoba Winter Fair and Fat Stock Association (MWFFSA). Unlike the summer fair, the winter fair was solely an agricultural event. The Board felt no need to please the citizens with carnivals and midways. The winter fair was "by and for the farmers...[and]...the primary functions of the Brandon Winter Fair were to educate the agricultural community and to honour the community's accomplishments."

Additional land was bought on Eleventh Street and Victoria Avenue to build a new winter fair building. The building opened in 1913. By this time, the Brandon Winter Fair was one of the best livestock and agricultural exhibitions in the province.

When the First World War broke out, the winter fair buildings were requisitioned by the military for troop accommodation and eventually as a detention centre for Ukrainian internees and other "enemy aliens." Unlike the summer fair, which was allowed to use their buildings during fair week, the winter fair buildings were not released for the exhibition. This led to the cancellation of both the 1915 and 1916 winter fairs.

By 1917 the winter fair was allowed to open again, but by this time both the BWFLA and the MWFFSA were experiencing financial difficulties. It was at this time that the proposal first went out regarding an amalgamation of the summer and winter fairs. The provincial government approved of the idea of an amalgamation, and both fair Boards considered the proposal. However, in early 1920 the winter fair Board pulled out of the discussions, as it felt that the winter fair would lose out to the WAAA. The winter fair Board decided to struggle on independently.

Financial problems heightened Board concerns that the winter fair was not exciting enough to keep the public interest. To add to the financial concerns of the winter fair board, in the fall of 1920, the old winter fair pavilion caught fire and burned. Forty six horses were killed and the fair Board had to cancel the 1921 winter fair. When the new winter fair building opened in 1922, it was greeted with enthusiasm. The Directors, in an attempt to ease the increasing financial burden they were feeling, tried to keep the buildings open year round for other events.

In 1929, the Depression began in Canada. While the winter fair continued to run, its buildings were once again requisitioned by the government, this time to house men looking for work. The winter fair Directors were conscious of the problems that the citizens of Brandon were facing, and they offered free admission to those on relief. The fair received grants from the government to provide work relief programs, but these were often small or canceled. The Board members may have resorted to helping to pay for the fair out of their own pockets.

Despite financial problems, the winter fair managed to survive the Depression. Unfortunately, as Brandon recovered from the Depression of the 1930s, the Second World War broke out. For the third time in as many decades, the government requisitioned the winter fair buildings. This time, however, instead of canceling the fair as in previous years, the winter fair went on as scheduled, although it was held on the summer fair grounds.

By 1945, the directors were at a loss financially. They decided that the best course of action in order to keep the fair going was to turn over the buildings to the City of Brandon. By the fall of 1946 the BWFLA had ceased operations.

While the Manitoba Winter Fair and the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba were still not amalgamated, they continued to share the same secretary-manager and several Board members. After the cessation of the war, the Directors knew they had to become more appealing to the wider public. There were promotional events held and more entertainment was offered to attract the public. These additions led to dessention among Board members, as some wanted the fair to remain purely agricultural. The appeal for the greater good of the fair, even if it did include some non-agricultural attractions, eventually won out.

The fair was still to be plagued with difficulties though. In 1952 the fair had to be canceled because of an outbreak of hoof and mouth disease. Despite setbacks such as this, the Board persevered. The following year a 4-H seed show was created and sponsored by the provincial agronomist, P.F. Ford. A carcass class was added in 1957. Soon the fair was successful and stable and rapidly outgrew its facilities.

It was decided by 1966 that the winter fair and the summer fair should be housed in one building. In 1969, the respective Boards went one step further and decided to become one organization. The Manitoba Winter Fair and the Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba amalgamated in 1969 to become the Manitoba Exhibition Association. In 1970, the year of Manitoba's Centennial, it was decided that an organization in the province would receive the designation "Royal" by Queen Elizabeth II. After much consideration by the province, the Manitoba Winter Fair was chosen, and in 1970 it became known as the Royal Manitoba Winter Fair. In 1972 the construction of a common facility was completed, and the 1973 winter fair was the occasion of the official opening of the Keystone Centre. The winter fair continues in this facility and under this designation to this day.

Custodial History:

The records were housed at the MWFFSA, the MWF and the MEA until c1986 when they were transferred to the S.J. McKee Archives at Brandon University.

Scope and Content:

The sous-fonds consists of textual records and photographs pertaining to the Winter Fair. The textual records include prize lists, programs, minutes, financial, administrative files, original results, news releases, scrapbooks, and tickets. The photographs include animal shows and events, dignitaries, entertainment, ceremonies, buildings, and other events.

The sous-fonds has been divided into eleven series, including: (1) Documents; (2) Minutes; (3) Financial records; (4) Administrative files; (5) Prize lists and programs; (6) News releases; (7) Original results; (8) Tickets; (9) Photographs; (10) Scrapbooks; and (11) Miscellaneous

Storage Location: RG 2 Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba Association fonds



## George F. MacDowell collection

#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4049

| Part Of:              | RG 6 Brandon University fonds             |
|-----------------------|---|
| Description Level:    | Sub-series                                |
| Series Number:        | MG 3 1.12                                 |
| Accession Number:     | 9-2002                                    |
| GMD:                  | textual records                           |
| Data Panga:           |   |
| Date Range:           | 1941-1987, predominant 1960-1982          |
| Physical Description: | 1941-1987, predominant 1960-1982<br>8.1 m |

#### History / Biographical:

George F. MacDowell was born in 1913, in Prince Edward Island. He studied at Dalhousie University from 1930 to 1933, but did not complete a degree. During WWII, MacDowell served in Canada and Europe as a member of the Royal Canadian Signals Corps. After the war, he returned to Dalhousie University, graduating with a B.A. in 1947. Subsequently, he graduated with a Masters Degree in Economics from Clark University in Worcester, Massachusetts. George McDowell taught at both Mount Allison University and the University of Alberta before coming to Brandon in 1957 to teach at Brandon College. He remained as a professor in the Economic Department until his retirement in 1979.

MacDowell's work was published in the Canadian Journal of Economics and Political Science. In 1971, McClelland & Stewart published his account of the Brandon Packers strike of 1960 titled "The Brandon Packer's Strike: A Tragedy of Errors." In Brandon, MacDowell maintained a relationship with the local Association of Fire Fighters, aiding them with collective bargaining procedures. He also served as Chairman for the MacKenzie Seeds Board, and was a member of the Manitoba Development Corporation Board.

MacDowell never married and had no known children. He passed away on February 26th, 1986.

#### Custodial History:

This collection was in the possesion of George MacDowell until his death. It was then held by the Brandon University Department of Economics until 1997, at which time it was transferred to the McKee Archives at Brandon University.

#### Scope and Content:

Notes:

The bulk of this fonds falls into five main categories:

1. Records dealing with the Brandon Packers Strike of 1960 and the subsequent legal actions against the owners, including all 2215 pages of the Brandon Packers Strike Commission;

2. Records dealing with the Commission of Inquiry into The Pas Forestry and Industrial Complex, including the complete transcript of the inquiry measuring approximately 5m. This Commission dealt with the conduct of Churchill Forest Industries, a company owned by a Swiss financial firm, which, in the 1960's, was given approximately 93 million dollars by the Roblin Provincial Government to develop The Pas Forestry and Industrial Complex. Churchill Forest Industries and its parent company subsequently came under suspicion of fraud and accused of fradulently transfering The Pas Forestry funds into other foreign business interests;

3. Records dealing with business loans awarded by the Manitoba Development Corporation during the 1970's and 1980's to businesses primarily within Manitoba;

4. Records dealing with McKenzie Seeds, and McKenzie Steele-Briggs Seeds during the early 1980's when George MacDowell was a board member of McKenzie Seeds;

5. Records dealing with Professor MacDowell's career as a Professor at Brandon University, including records relating to his courses and to administrative activities.

To a lesser extent, this collection includes records dealing with the University of Saskatchewan College of Commerce, the publication the "Manitoba New Democrat," issues associated with politics, labor and union in the prairie provinces from the 1960's to the 1980's, articles from various economic periodicals including "Economica" and "Public Finance," a variety of government reports from 1941 to 1981, and records dealing with George MacDowells' relationship with the Brandon Firefighters Association.

File level inventory available. Description written by Mike White (2002).

| Name Access:        | Errol Black   |
|---------------------|---|
|                     | Brandon University  |
|                     | University of Saskatchewan College of Commerce  |
|                     | Manitoba New Democrat   |
|                     | Manitoba Development Corporation  |
|                     | Brandon Backers Strike Commission   |
|                     | Bank Act  |
|                     | A.E. McKenzie Steele Briggs Seeds   |
|                     | Brandon Firefighters Association.   |
| Subject Access:     | economics   |
|                     | trade unions  |
|                     | economics curriculum  |
|                     | public service unions   |
|                     | prairie politics  |
|                     | Edward Schreyer government  |
|                     | labour  |
|                     | Manitoba business loans   |
|                     | government economic reports   |
| Access Restriction: | Collection includes financial data on many Manitoba businesses. Consult the archivist for access.   |
| Repro Restriction:  | Researchers are responsible for observing Canadian copyright restrictions.  |
| Storage Location:   | MG 3 Brandon University Teaching and Administration 1.12 George F. MacDowell  |
| Related Material:   | Related material regarding George MacDowell's involvment with the A.E. McKenzie Company can be found in RG 3 McS A.E. McKenzie Company fonds. |

Document Not Available

(Copyright Restrictions)

# Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba history: Pride of the land monograph

# http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions13671

| Other Title Info:     | Title based on the contents of the subseries |
|-----------------------|--|
| Part Of:              | Fred McGuinness collection                   |
| Description Level:    | Sub-series                                   |
| Series Number:        | McG 5.1                                      |
| Accession Number:     | [formerly 6-2008]                            |
| GMD:                  | textual records                              |
| Date Range:           | c. 1984 - 1985                               |
| Physical Description: | Approximately 1 m of textual records         |
|                       | 4  |

1 map

#### History / Biographical:

These records were produced between 1984 and 1985, the researching and writing period for the book The Pride of the Land: An Affectionate History of Brandon's Agricultural Exhibition. Published in 1985 by Peguis Books (Winnipeg), Pride of the Land is a 222-page soft cover book, containing hundreds of pictures, and 50,000 words of text.

BU faculty members Dr. Kenneth "Ken" Stephen Coates, Assistant Professor of History, and Mr. Fred McGuinness, Lecturer in Journalism, authored the book. Assisting the writers was a research team of four BU history students, which were referred to as "The Pride Team": Diane Fowler, Rob McGarva, Bruce Stafeld, and Byron Williams.

The Pride Team was tasked with collecting and synthesizing exhibition documents and other materials in city, provincial, and federal records spanning 100 years. Many local newspapers and committee minutes were consulted.

The authors cover 103 years of Brandon Fair history, starting with the first fair in 1882 followed by the development of other agricultural fairs and exhibitions in Brandon, specifically The Royal Manitoba Winter Fair, The Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba, and the Ag-Ex livestock show.

#### Custodial History:

Records were collected and created by McGuinness, Coates, and The Pride Research Team during the process of the creation of the book, The Pride of the Land: An Affectionate History of Brandon's Agricultural Exhibition. The materials were donated to the SJ McKee Archives by the authors circa 1988. The Archives accessioned the records in 2008.

#### Scope and Content:

The subseries consists of textual records, created and collected during the production of the monograph Pride of the Land. It includes research cards created by the research team, copies of newspaper articles from very early editions of Brandon newspapers (such as the Brandon Sun, Brandon Daily Sun, Western Sun, and The Independent), copies of fair/organizational minutes, photocopies of photographs used in the publication, and chapter drafts. Of particular interest are the detailed summaries of Provincial Exhibition minutes that were specifically produced for each book chapter.

| Notes:            | Information in the history/biography was taken from a Brandon University press release dated June 1985, about the Pride of the Land Project (see file 64)               |
|-------------------|---|
|                   | Description Note: The original accession number is noted on the front of each file folder. The circled number indicates the original file order in the 6-2008 accession |
| Accruals:         | Closed  |
| Language Note:    | Fred McGuinness often uses journalistic jargon to label his files. A "brite" refers to a short, amusing story   |
|                   | Pride of the Land acronyms:   |
|                   | PEM = Provincial Exhibition Association of Manitoba   |
|                   | RCMP = Royal Canadian Mounted Police  |
|                   | WAAA = Western Agricultural & Arts Association  |
| Finding Aid:      | A file level inventory is available   |
| Storage Location: | 2015 accessions   |
| Related Material: | Provincial Exhibition Association of Manitoba fonds   |

Arrangement:

Arrangement was artificially created by the Archives. Subseries has been arranged according to book chapter. McGuinness often organized his ideas and research materials by potential brite topic

#### Documents

| Document Not<br>Available |
|---------------------------|
| Available                 |
| (Copyright                |
| Restrictions)             |
|                           |
| McG 5_1 Pride of the      |
| Land inventory.pdf        |
| Read PDF                  |
| 🛓 Download PDF            |

Document Not Available

> (Copyright Restrictions)

# The Keystone Province: An Illustrated History of Manitoba Enterprise monograph

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions13675

| Other Title Info:     | Title based on the contents of the subseries |
|-----------------------|--|
| Part Of:              | Fred McGuinness collection                   |
| Description Level:    | Sub-series                                   |
| Series Number:        | McG 5.5                                      |
| Accession Number:     | 1-2015                                       |
| GMD:                  | textual records                              |
| Date Range:           | c. 1986 - 1987                               |
| Physical Description: | Approximately 6 cm of textual records        |

#### History / Biographical:

These records appear to have been produced between 1986 and 1987, the researching and writing period for another monograph, Manitoba: The Province & The People. Published in 1988 by Windsor Publications (Burlington, Ontario), The Keystone Province: An Illustrated History of Manitoba Enterprise is a 184-page hard cover book, containing 250 black-and-white illustrations and 40 colour photographs.

The authors cover 378 years of Manitoba entrepreneurial history, starting with the Aboriginal Peoples and the early fur trade, ensuing Red River settlement, followed by the war years, and emerging Manitoba economies. The final chapter of the book contains select profiles of Manitoba businesses, many of which were acknowledged as financial contributors to the project.

BU faculty members Dr. Kenneth "Ken" Stephen Coates, Assistant Professor of History, and Mr. Fred McGuinness, Lecturer in Journalism, authored the book. Dr. Coates accepted a position as an assistant professor of Canadian History at the University of Victoria during the book's production. BU Professor of History, Dr. William R. Morrison, was credited as the picture researcher for the publication. Free-lance writer Roger Newman was responsible for preparing the Manitoba business biographies in the final chapter. The book was produced in co-operation with the Manitoba Chamber of Commerce.

#### Custodial History:

Records were collected and created by McGuinness and Coates during the creation of the monographs Manitoba: The Province & The People and The Keystone Province: An Illustrated History of Manitoba Enterprise. The materials were donated to the SJ McKee Archives by the Estate of Fred McGuinness circa 2011. The Archives accessioned the records in 2015.

#### Scope and Content:

The subseries consist of textual records, created and collected during the production of the monographs Manitoba: The Province & The People and The Keystone Province: An Illustrated History of Manitoba Enterprise. It includes journal articles, book chapters, Government of Manitoba industry publications, a few original photographs used in the publication, and drafts for chapter "brites."

| Notes:            | Information in the history/biography was taken from the The Keystone<br>Province: An Illustrated History of Manitoba Enterprise dust jacket and<br>patrons section of the book   |
|-------------------|--|
|                   | In the file level inventory, square brackets at end of file names reference<br>the original location of the file in the unprocessed Fred McGuinness<br>collection. The original location is also noted on the front of each file<br>folder |
| Accruals:         | Closed   |
| Language Note:    | Fred McGuinness often uses journalistic jargon to label his files. A<br>"brite" refers to a short, amusing story. McGuinness often<br>organized his ideas and research materials by potential brite topic                                  |
| Finding Aid:      | A file level inventory is available  |
| Storage Location: | 2015 accessions  |
| Arrangement:      |  |

Arrangement was artificially created by the Archives. Files in this subseries have been arranged according to the order in which brites first appear in the book

#### Documents

| Document Not           |
|------------------------|
| Available              |
|                        |
| (Copyright             |
| Restrictions)          |
|                        |
| McG 5_5 Keystone       |
| Province MB Enterprise |
| inventory.pdf          |
| Read PDF               |
| La Download PDF        |



# MPE D 2 Royal Commission on Manitoba Pool Elevators

fonds

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions11306

| Part Of:              | RG 4 Manitoba Pool Elevator |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Description Level:    | Sub-series                  |
| Series Number:        | MPE D.2                     |
| GMD:                  | textual records             |
| Date Range:           | 1931                        |
| Physical Description: | 33cm                        |
| History /             |                             |

**Biographical:** 

A commission to inquire into the formation and operation of the Manitoba Pool up until 1931. Charges were brought against the Pool by J.R. Murray, then Assistant General Manager of UGG. The four charges were, briefly: (1) producers had been mislead into forming elevator associations, (2) members are bound by contract to the association, (3) financial statements sent out to associations are inaccurate, (4) Pool members are not getting as good a deal as they would on the free market.

The first two charges were deemed provable by the commission, while the last two were not. It was noted by the commissioner that no pool members had come forward with complaints.

See also fonds level description of RG 4 for history/bio of MPE

Scope and Content:

.This sub-series contains volumes 1 - 25 of the Royal Commission on Manitoba Pool Elevators.

| Notes:            | Description by Jillian Sutherland (2010)   |
|-------------------|--|
| Name Access:      | Royal Commission on Manitoba Pool Elevators  |
|                   | United Grain Growers   |
| Subject Access:   | Commissions  |
| Storage Location: | RG 4 Manitoba Pool Elevator fonds<br>Series D: Commissions, Committees and Inquiries |



# T.R. Wilkins collection

#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4298

| Part Of:              | RG 1 Brandon College fonds |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Description Level:    | Sub-series                 |
| Series Number:        | MG 1 1.4                   |
| Accession Number:     | 3-2016                     |
| GMD:                  | textual records            |
| Date Range:           | 1911?-1940                 |
| Physical Description: | 7 cm                       |

#### History / Biographical:

Thomas Russell Wilkins was born in Toronto in 1891. He received his B.A. from McMaster University in 1912, and became the Science Master at Woodstock College the following year. In 1916, he and his wife Olive moved to Chicago, where Wilkins was an instructor of Physics at the University of Chicago. The next year he served as a master signal electrician in the U.S. Signal Corps. During World War I, Wilkins completed pioneer research for the United States Navy, which led to the development of pulse sonar devices in the 1920s. He had also been researching the possibilities of a wireless telephone.

Wilkins and his wife moved to Brandon in 1918, where he took up the position of Professor of Physics. During his time at Brandon College, Wilkins introduced the latest technology to classrooms, designed the original Science Building, and along with the Brandon Citizen's Committee, seucured building funds for the Citizen's Science Building.

Receiving his Ph.D. from the University of Chicago in 1921, Wilkins resigned from Brandon College in 1925 to pursue postgraduate study at Cambridge University. In 1926, he began research at the University of Rochester, where he also took up the position of Professor of Physics. From 1930 to 1938, he acted as the Director of the Institute of Optics.

Widely known for his work in the fields of cosmic rays and atomic disintegration, in April 1939, Wilkins announced the perfection of a camera that was able to record the "footprints" of invisible atoms after they collide. In October 1939, he received a medal from the Royal Photographic Society of Great Britain recognizing his work regarding the use of photographic emulsions in the study of radium. The following year, Wilkins perfected a camera that could determine the energy levels inside the nuclei of stable chemical elements. He received a grant from Sigma Xi, the National Society for the Promotion of Scientific Research, in November of 1940.

Wilkins married twice. The first marriage, to Olive Anges Cross took place on June 17, 1913. Olive Wilkins died suddenly on May 13, 1937, at the age of 45. Wilkins married Susan Gwendolyn Whidden, the daughter of former Brandon College president Dr. H.P. Whidden, in 1938.

Thomas Russell Wilkins died suddenly of a heart attack on December 10, 1940, on his way back to his laboratory after a faculty meeting. He was 49 years old.

#### Custodial History:

Records were accessioned by the McKee Archives in 1998. Prior custodial history is unknown.

#### Scope and Content:

Notes:

T. Russell Wilkins' reocrds contain correspondence between himself and Mrs. Wilkins and Dr. Whidden concerning their employment with Brandon College. There are letters between the two men regarding the building of the Science Building in 1920. There is also a copy of the Canadian Baptist. Besides programmes and a picture, there is also correspondence between various people. Dr. Wilkins kept the papers he had written for various classes at McMaster University in the years 1911 and 1912. There is a "toast to the ladies" that he delivered at a banquet of some sort, that gives an interesting view on how Wilkins, and possibly other men of his time, viewed women. There are numerous newspapers clippings, and several pages taken from journals such as Popular Mechanics, Popular Electricity and others. Dr. Wilkins was at the top of his field of study. He was an extremely bright man who managed to create some very useful tools of science. His papers are interesting and informative to read.

History/Bio information taken from Campus News May 1990

| Name Access:      | Olive Wilkins          |
|-------------------|------------------------|
|                   | Thomas Wilkins         |
|                   | H.P. Whidden           |
| Subject Access:   | science building       |
|                   | science                |
|                   | scientific development |
| Storage Location: | 2016 accessions        |



# Carole Paintin-Dence collection

#### http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4068

| Part Of:              | RG 1 Brandon College fonds       |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Description Level:    | Sub-series                       |
| Series Number:        | MG 2 2.12                        |
| Accession Number:     | 8-1997                           |
| GMD:                  | multiple media                   |
| Date Range:           | 1900-1964; predominant 1948-1964 |
| Physical Description: | 85 cm textual records            |
|                       | 21 color slides                  |

History /

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Biographical:
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Carole Paintin-Dence was raised in Souris, Manitoba and attended Brandon College in the early 1960s. While at Brandon College she was active in the Glee Club, I.R.C. and French Clubs. She was also Quill reporter for the Music Department.

Scope and Content:

Collection consists of a small collection of Brandon College memorabilia and slides. The memorabilia includes programs from various Brandon College Student Association events, Alumni News, and a copy of "The New Brandon College School of Music" by Peggy Sharpe. The slide images include: the opening of the Music Building 1963 (3) - Sir Ernest MacMillan, Lady MacMillan and Lorne Watson; raising the class flag 1964 (2); the JRC Evans Lecture Theatre 1964 (1); Brandon College Original Building 1964 (1); Freshie Parade 1962 (1) - glee club float and 1963 (3) - "wedding of Jack & Jill"; French Immersion class Summer 1964 (4) - Mme Ragot, Neil Forsyth, Henri Francq; party for John 1963 (2) - Ken May, Morlene Sparrow, John Sushelnitsky, Norma Walmsley, Poppy Cumming, Chris Cassels, Pat Brake, Eleanor Riesberry; W.U.S. parties (4) - Joan Garnett, Norma Walmsley, Claude Paintin, Brian Foster, Rae Westcott, Clark Brownlee, Nina Kosakawiecz, Berth Paintin

Collection also includes school texts and pedagogical guides - forty-seven in total - dealing with reading, spelling, social studies and particularly music.

| Notes:            | Description by Christy Henry.                              |
|-------------------|--|
| Name Access:      | World University Service                                   |
| Subject Access:   | freshie week   |
|                   | building openings  |
|                   | class flags  |
|                   | convocations   |
| Storage Location: | MG 2 Brandon College Students<br>2.12 Carole Paintin-Dence |
| Related Material: | Paul Panton fonds  |



# Albert Edward McKenzie

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions4301

| Part Of:           | RG 1 Brandon College fonds |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| Description Level: | Sub-series                 |
| Series Number:     | MG 1 1.7                   |

GMD:

multiple media 1940?-1960? Physical Description: 39 cm textual records

4 photographs

History / Biographical:

Date Range:

A.E. McKenzie was born in Wilcox Lake, York County, Ontario in 1870 to F.B. and Maria (Carley) McKenzie. His family came to Manitoba in 1883. He was educated in Brandon, Manitoba and graduated from the Collegiate Institute at age 21. In 1897 he founded the Brandon Seed House. McKenzie was present at the cornerstone-laying ceremony of Brandon College on Juy 13, 1900. From that moment on, he was very involved in the College, first as an interested businessman, and later as a member of its Board of Directors. In 1902, McKenzie married Laura Bell in Port Arthur. They had two daughters, Marjorie Bell and Kathleen. In 1906 the Brandon Seed House was incorporated and from then on was known as the "A.E. McKenzie Co. Ltd .. "

McKenzie became a member of the Brandon College Endowment Committee in 1918. The following year he was on the Finance Committee. By 1925, McKenzie was a member of the Board of Directors. In 1928, he was part of a syndicate that advised the Baptist Union that they were developing an endowment plan to provide continuing financial support to the College and talked the Union into providing \$10 000 towards the accumulated deficit.

In 1931, McKenzie organized the Brandon Board of Trade to help save Brandon College when the Baptists said they could no longer afford to keep the College. After the By-law failed, he helped to organize the Brandon Citizen's Campaign to raise enough money so that the College could open the following year.

When the Baptists withdrew support in 1938, McKenzie was one of the central figures on the Brandon Board of Trade that decided to save the College from closure. A representative delegation from Southwestern Manitoba of over 60 men descended upon Premier Bracken's office to try and convince him to help the College. On June 12, 1938 McKenzie said he would set up a \$100 000 endowment to Brandon College. He subsequently raised this amount to \$300 000. On August 1, 1938 the Board of Trade launched a campaign to raise \$15 000 to match what the government was prepared to offer the College. McKenzie was asked to provide Brandon College with \$3000 personally. In September of 1938, McKenzie upped his endowment once more to \$500 000. The fund raising worked however, and the chater establishing Brandon College Incorporated was assented to on April 17, 1939. On June 6, 1939 a by-law was again presented to the citizens of Brandon, and fortunately it passed.

In 1941, McKenzie received an honorary L.L.D. from the University of Manitoba. The A.E. McKenzie Foundation was created in 1945 by the provincial government, who had assumed 90% of the A.E. McKenzie Co. Ltd. stock.

On September 25, 1964 McKenzie died at the age of 94. He never retired, but worked full time until two weeks before his death. The funeral was held in the J.R.C. Evans Lecture Theatre. The Arts and Library Building at Brandon College was completed in 1960, and is known as the A.E. McKenzie building, in honour of the man who contributed so much time, effort and financial help to the College during a crucial period in its history.

**Custodial History:** 

Records were accessioned by the McKee Archives in 1998. Prior custodial history is unknown.

#### Scope and Content:

A.E. McKenizie's records in the Brandon College fonds are very useful from an administrative point of view. Because McKenzie was so involved in Brandon College from the very beginning until his death in 1964, it is easy to understand how the College Administration arrived at decisions. There is correspondence between McKenzie and various regarding College and Board of Director business. There are Brandon College financial statements and letters regarding the A.E. McKenzie Foundation. The records contain newspaper clippings, pamphlets and lists of names of members of various Brandon organizations. As well, McKenzie has letters regarding Building Expansion in the 1940's and minutes of Board of Director meetings. There are also several photographs. One photograph is the 1919 graduation picture of Zoe Hough. Another is tentatively identified as Frances Wolverton, also of the Class of 1919. There are two more photographs of unidentified young women.

| Name Access:      | A.E. McKenzie                                    |
|-------------------|--|
|                   | A.E. McKenzie Foundation                         |
|                   | Brandon College                                  |
|                   | Zoe Hough  |
|                   | Frances Wolverton                                |
| Subject Access:   | Class of 1919                                    |
|                   | administration                                   |
|                   | board of directors                               |
|                   | building expansion                               |
| Storage Location: | MG 1 Brandon College Teaching and Administration |
|                   | 1.7 Albert Edward McKenzie                       |
| Related Material: | RG 3 A.E. McKenzie Seeds Co. Ltd. fonds          |