

S. J. McKee Archives



Brandon University photograph collection

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions1

Part Of: Brandon University Photograph Collection

Description Level: Collection
GMD: graphic

Date Range: 1900-present

Physical Description: See series level for extent

History / Biographical:

The Brandon University Photograph collection is an artifically created collection. It includes photographs from both Brandon College and Brandon University.

Custodial History:

The custodial history is varied. Some photographs were created by officers of the College and the University, or were produced at the request of the institution. Many, as well, have been donated by former faculty members and students. We have tried to record the custodial history for photographs that have been donated by faculty members and students at the item level.

Scope and Content:

Fonds has been divided into eleven series, including: (1) Convocation, Scholarships and Awards; (2) Campus Buildings; (3) Library Activities and Archives; (4) Faculties and Schools; (5) Student Activities; (6) Administrative and Support Units; (7) Sports; (8) Portraits; (9) Oversize; (10) Special Events; and (11) Documents, Diplomas and Certificates.

Name Access: S.J. Mckee Archives

Subject Access: photographs

Accruals: Further accruals expected.

Repro Restriction: Copyright provisions apply as per the current Copyright Act.

Storage Range: Photograph storage drawers and oversize storage

Arrangement:

This collection is currently being re-numbered and re-housed. As a result there are two different arrangements.

Brandon College Building and Clark Hall

http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions8273

Part Of: BUPC 2 Campus buildings

Description Level: Sub-series

Series Number: 2.2
GMD: graphic

Date Range: c.1909 - 1996; predominant 1960s - 1996



Physical Description: 116 photographs

History / Biographical:

BRANDON COLLEGE BUILDING

The construction of the Brandon College Building, also known as the Original Building, was primarily financed by Mr. and Mrs. William Davies, a Toronto based Baptist meat packer, and his sister Mrs. Emily Davies, also of Toronto, who pledged \$5,000 a year for five years to the new Baptist College. Four city blocks between 18th and 20th streets were purchased for the College campus and the tender of Messrs. T.M. Harrington of Winnipeg was accepted in the spring of 1900; Mr. Hugh McCowan of Winnipeg appointed as architect. Mrs. Davies laid the cornerstone for the Brandon College Building on July 13, 1900.

The Brandon College Building was conceived as a substantial five story brick structure with a stone basement. The Tyndall Manitoba quarries, located thrity miles northeast of Winnipeg, supplied the stone and presented the College with the stone steps at the main entrance. The basement contained the dining room, kitchen, laundry, furnace room, a science laboratory, and maids' rooms. The first floor housed the reception room, office, library, four classrooms and the teachers' cloak rooms. The second floor had five classrooms, a reading room, five rooms for resident students and a resident teacher. Teachers' rooms and seventeen rooms for students comprised the third floor; and additional thirteen rooms for residents took up the fourth floor. The residence was to house 70 men. The total cost of the building and furnishings was \$44,000. The Brandon College Building was ready for occupancy by October 1, 1901.

CLARK HALL

The cornerstone of Clark Hall was laid by Mrs. A.P. McDiarmid, wife of the Principal of Brandon College, on May 24, 1906. The residence was officially opened on Thanksgiving Day, October 18, of the same year. The construction of the building grew our of a demand for a ladies' college. A canvass made in Eastern Canada had resulted in subscriptions totaling \$10,000. When Dr. McDiarmid reported the results of the canvass to the Chairman of the Board, Dr. C.W. Clark of Winnipeg, Clark proposed that he and his wife be allowed to provided the balance of the funds, some \$30,000. While presenting the building at the opening ceremony, Clark stated that the reason for his donation was his belief in the power of cultured womanhood - he believed "that refined and Christian mothers were the strength of a nation and that he wished to see in Brandon a chool of learning for women in which every Christian virtue and grace might be illustrated."

Clark Hall was built immediately north of the Brandon College Building and was connected to it by classrooms and the iron door with its door bell, which was rung by gentlemen before being admitted. It is a five story brick building, with fittings of imported Georgia pine. In the basement was the gymnasium, studios and maids' rooms. On the main floor was a spacious reception room furnished by the Honorable A.C. Rutherford, the Premier of Alberta and the Lady Principal's suite, furnished by Mrs. N. Wolverston, wife of the treaurer of the College Board. Music studios and the offices of the resident matron were also on the main floor. The second and third floors were dormitories. The fourth floor was meant to be art studios, but due to registration demands, it was divided into students' rooms. The residence was designed to house fifty students and seven teachers. Piano practice areas were also designated on the west side of the building and on the groundlevel half way between the basement and the first floor.

BRANDON COLLEGE BUILDING AND CLARK HALL RESTORATION PROJECT

By the early 1990s, it was clear that major reconstruction work on the Brandon College Building and Clark Hall was necessary if the buildings were to remain in use. The alternative was to demolish both buildings and construct a new central administrative structure for the

campus. Because of the historic character of the two original campus buildings, the decision was taken to mount a complete restoration of the structures that involved a complete removal of everything except for the surrounding brick fascade and the construction of new buildings within the old external walls. This project was financed by the Provincial government of Manitoba, who granted the University approximatley 10 million dollars. The Chief Architect for the restoration was George Cibinal. Work began in 1996 and was completed by the fall of 1997. In addition to the restoration of the Brandon College Building and Clark Hall, a new entrance was built on the west side of the buildings, as well as an addition to Clark Hall, which included a skywalk connecting it to the A.E. McKenzie Building.

Scope and Content:

Sub-series consists of photographs of the Brandon College Building and Clark Hall.

Notes: History/Bio information was taken from Brandon College: A History,

1899-1967 by C.G. Stone and F. Joan Garnett (Brandon, Manitoba: Brandon University, 1969), chapters 2 and 3. Tom Mitchell provided

history/bio information on the restoration project.

Images





Lawrence Stuckey photograph collection - Brandon history http://archives.brandonu.ca/en/permalink/descriptions9030

Part Of: RG 11 Lawrence Stuckey fonds

Creator: Many of the images presented were captured by Mr. Stuckey himself.

However being a well known and accomplished photographer and amateur historian, he also bought, sold and traded negatives with other collectors. Therefore the viewer is reminded that many images, although part of his collection, were created and/or provided for Mr. Stuckey by other collectors. In addition, it is believed that some images contained within his collection were created by photographing a pre-existing negative or print. We have attempted to note the authorship of all images

when possible.

Description Level: Sub-series

Series Number: 3.1

Accession Number: 1-2002 GMD: graphic

History / Biographical:

For history/bio information see the collection level description of the Lawrence Stuckey collection.

Custodial History:

For custodial history see the collection level description of the Lawrence Stuckey collection.

Scope and Content:

This sub-series consists of photographic negatives related to the history of Brandon, Manitoba.

All of the images contained within this sub-series were part of Mr. Stuckey's lifelong personal collection of photographic negatives and prints. Images include those related to people, street scapes, buildings, various city departments and so forth.

Notes: All of the images from Mr. Stuckey's collection of negatives and prints

were reproduced and digitized using an Epson scanner and software suite. All attempts have been made to reproduce the images in such a

manner that balances our desire to portray the negatives and

photographs as they originally appear, with the need to create an optimal digital image for viewing. Therefore it is noted that minor alterations to

image size and contrast have occurred.

With few exceptions, all digitizing and database entry of images and descriptions was conducted during the summer of 2009 at Brandon

University by Patrick Elves.

Repro Restriction: The McKee Archives is the copyright holder for the Stuckey materials.

Storage Location: Lawrence Stuckey collection

Arrangement:

Unless otherwise noted, the arrangement of these images was drawn from the original classification scheme used by Mr. Stuckey.

The information specific to each image, for the most part, was gained from Mr. Stuckey's personal notes regarding that particular photograph or similar photograph. Observations or notes contained within square brackets are explanatory or missing materials that have been added by someone other than Mr. Stuckey.

We have attempted to present the information that accompanies each image in the same format as was used by Mr. Stuckey himself.

Subseries 1 - Brandon History

- A. People
- B. Bridges
- C. Streets
- D. Buildings
- E. Business
- F. Fire Dept.
- G. Hospitals
- H. Industries
- I. Streetcars
- J. Utilities
- K. Construction
- L. Transportation (other than rail)
- M. Exhibition
- N. Misc. History
- O. Environs
- P. Railroads